



UCC File: 23163

FUNCTIONAL SERVICING REPORT

524 & 528 QUAKER ROAD

CITY OF WELLAND

September 2025

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Functional Servicing Report (FSR) is to address the municipal servicing requirements for the proposed mixed use residential/commercial condominium development located at 524 & 528 Quaker Road in the City of Welland. The subject lands are situated in the western portion of the Northwest Welland Secondary Plan (NWWSP) Area in the City of Welland, on the north side of Quaker Road, west of Regional Road 54 (Rice Road), and east of Line Avenue.

The development area is approximately 0.51 hectares and will consist of a single 7 storey mixed use commercial/residential building. The subject lands will be developed to include associated asphalt driveway/parking lot area, concrete curb, catch basins, storm sewers, sanitary service, and water service.

The objectives of this report are as follows:

1. Identify domestic and fire protection water servicing needs for the site;
2. Identify sanitary servicing needs for the site; and,
3. Identify stormwater management needs for the site.

As part of the Northwest Welland Secondary Plan (NWWSP), a Conceptual Municipal Servicing Design Report was prepared by Associated Engineering on behalf of the City of Welland. This design report assessed the existing municipal infrastructure (water, sanitary, and storm) to service the Secondary Plan Area, and provided a conceptual framework to identify the locations where new or upgraded infrastructure will be required to support future development. The updated report (June 2024) has been included in Appendix F.



WATER SERVICING

There is an existing 300mm diameter Municipal watermain located on Quaker Road. It is proposed to connect a single water service from the existing 300mm diameter watermain on Quaker Road, and extend the service to the proposed building to provide both domestic water supply and fire protection.

The exact size and location of the proposed water service will be determined as part of the Detailed Engineering Design.

The Conceptual Municipal Servicing Design Report assessed the City of Welland watermain model to determine the required watermain sizes to provide adequate domestic water supply and fire protection to a minimum fire flow of 133L/s within the Secondary Plan area.

The estimated peak domestic and commercial water demands have been summarized in Table 1 for the proposed 68 condominium units (136 persons), using an average residential flow rate of 270 L/capita/day. Domestic peaking factors for the maximum daily and maximum hourly demands were taken from Table 3-1 of the Ministry of the Environment Design Guidelines for Drinking Water Systems. It is assumed that the commercial flow is at a rate of 28,000 L/ha/day per Section 3.4.3 of the MECP Guidelines. Commercial peaking factors for the maximum daily and maximum hourly demands were assumed to be 1.5 and 2.0 respectively. All peak demands will be confirmed as part of the Detailed Engineering Design.



Table 1. Estimated Peak Water Demand	
Estimated Peak Domestic Water Demand	
Average Domestic Demand <i>270 L/cap/day; 136 persons</i>	0.43 L/s
Maximum Day Domestic Peaking Factor	2.75
Maximum Day Domestic Demand	1.18 L/s
Peak Hour Domestic Peaking Factor	4.13
Peak Hour Domestic Demand	1.78 L/s
Estimated Peak Commercial Water Demand	
Average Commercial Demand <i>28,000 L/ha/day; 0.51ha</i>	0.17 L/s
Maximum Day Commercial Peaking Factor	1.5
Maximum Day Commercial Demand	0.26 L/s
Peak Hour Commercial Peaking Factor	2.0
Peak Hour Commercial Demand	0.34 L/s
Estimated Peak Total Water Demand	
Total Maximum Day Demand	1.44 L/s
Total Peak Hour Demand	2.12 L/s

There are municipal fire hydrants located in front of 518 Quaker Road and 544 Quaker Road, on the South Side of Quaker Road. I required, a private fire hydrant can be installed within the subject lands to provide fire protection for the proposed mixed use building in accordance with Ontario Building Code Requirements.

As assessed in the Conceptual Municipal Servicing Design Report, the existing 300mm diameter watermain on Quaker Road will ultimately support a minimum fire flow of 133 L/s. Therefore, as fire flow requirements are dependent on the detailed building design, and the building design is determined in accordance with the available flows for fire fighting in the existing system, there is expected to be adequate capacity for domestic water supply and fire protection.



SANITARY SERVICING

There is presently a 300mm diameter Municipal sanitary sewer flowing easterly on Quaker Road, which connects to the Regional 750mm diameter sanitary trunk sewer which flows easterly on Quaker Road, and ultimately outlets to the Towpath Sanitary Pumping Station (SPS). Future sanitary flows from the subject lands will be conveyed to the existing municipal sewer on Quaker Road via a single private sanitary service. The location of the proposed sanitary service will be determined as part of the Detailed Engineering Design

A total sanitary drainage area of 0.51 hectares and an approximate population of 136 persons has been allocated for the subject lands. A commercial sanitary flow of 28,000 L/ha/day has been assumed in accordance with the domestic water demand. The future peak sanitary flow from the subject lands is calculated to be 1.89L/s as shown in the detailed sanitary flow calculations provided in Appendix A.

As part of the City of Welland's Conceptual Municipal Servicing Design Report, the existing sanitary flows within the 300mm diameter Municipal sanitary sewer were evaluated in addition to the future development within the properties on the south side of Quaker Road, west of Rice Road. The external flow within the existing 300mm diameter sanitary sewer is 44.70 L/s, per the calculations provided in Appendix B of the Design Report. Therefore, the total proposed flow in the 300mm diameter sewer is 46.74 L/s including the subject lands, which is 60.8% of the 76.80 L/s full flow capacity as shown in the detailed sanitary flow calculations provided in Appendix B of this report.

Additionally, the external upstream flows within the 750mm diameter Regional trunk sewer is 176.80 L/s (97.70 L/s from the Regional 600mm diameter trunk on Rice Road, and 79.10 L/s from the recently constructed 600mm diameter Regional sanitary sewer on Quaker Road, west of Rice Road). Therefore, the total combined flow at the Regional trunk sewer is 223.54 L/s including the subject lands, which occupies 41.0% of the 544.75 L/s full flow capacity as shown in the detailed sanitary flow calculations provided in Appendix A of this report.

Therefore, the receiving Municipal and Regional sanitary sewer system is expected to have adequate capacity to receive the future sanitary flows from the subject lands.



STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

As part of the development of the NWWSP, both Quaker Road and Regional Road 54 (Rice Road) are to be reconstructed to a full urban cross section, including curb and gutter, catch basins, and municipal storm sewers which convey future stormwater flows to the Towpath Drain, approximately 260m north of the intersection of Quaker Road and Rice Road. Upper Canada Consultants has been retained by the City of Welland to prepare the 30% design of Quaker Road and the future storm sewers to the outlet into the Towpath Drain.

The future storm sewers will be designed to receive 5 year stormwater flows from the properties on the north side of Quaker Road at an existing runoff coefficient of 0.40, which will include the subject lands. Therefore, future 5 year stormwater flows from the subject lands are limited to the allocated runoff coefficient of 0.40.

Quantity Controls

It is proposed to develop the 0.51 hectare site as a mixed-use condominium development, which will include a new proposed mixed-use building and associated parking lot/driveway area.

In accordance with the City of Welland Design Standards, a runoff coefficient of 0.80 is applicable to this site, which indicates a significant increase in impervious area compares to the allocated runoff coefficient of 0.40. Therefore, stormwater quantity controls are required for the site.

5 Year Storm Event

Modified Rational Method calculations have been prepared to estimate the allocated and future peak 5 year design storm flows from the subject lands and are included in Appendix B. During the 5 year event, the subject lands generate a peak flow of 51.3 L/s at the allocated runoff coefficient of 0.40. The peak flow rate is increased to 102.7 L/s for the runoff coefficient of 0.80 at post-development conditions.

As shown in the Modified Rational Method Calculations (Appendix B), a minimum of 23.0 m³ of on-site stormwater storage is required to control future stormwater flows to 51.3 L/s. The proposed internal storm sewers will serve as underground stormwater storage in addition to a control orifice to limit future peak stormwater flows from the site.

Approximately 80 m of 600 mm diameter storm sewer can be constructed internally to provide 23.0 m³ of stormwater storage. Preliminary calculations indicate that a 175mm diameter orifice located at the site outlet can limit future peak flows to 49.0 L/s with an overall storage depth of 0.66 m in the system as shown in Appendix B.

Therefore, adequate stormwater storage can be provided on-site to control future 5 year design storm flows to allowable levels.

Detailed stage-storage calculations will be provided as part of the Detailed Engineering Design in addition to the size and location of the storm sewer connection to the future Rice Road storm sewers.

LEGEND

A0
0.00
0.00

DRAINAGE AREA NUMBER

DRAINAGE AREA IN HECTARES

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT



DRAINAGE AREA BOUNDARY



FUTURE MUNICIPAL STORM SEWER

FUTURE STORM SEWER
OUTLETING TO TOWPATH DRAIN



469 RICE ROAD

FUTURE STORM SEWER

534
QUAKER
ROAD

528
QUAKER
ROAD

524
QUAKER
ROAD

518
QUAKER
ROAD

506 QUAKER ROAD

A1
0.51
0.80

FUTURE STORM SEWER

QUAKER ROAD

427 RICE ROAD

FUTURE
STORM SEWER

FUTURE STORM
CONNECTION FOR
SUBJECT LANDS SIZE
AND LOCATION TO BE
DETERMINED AT
DETAILED
ENGINEERING
DESIGN



**UPPER CANADA
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L2W 1A3

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506 QUAKER ROAD
CITY OF WELLAND
FUTURE STORMWATER
DRAINAGE AREAS

DATE	2025-08-14
SCALE	1:1000 m
REF No.	2180
DWG No.	FIGURE 1



100 Year Storm Event

Site major overload flows (in excess of the 5 year event) will be conveyed overland to the road allowances of Quaker Road and Rice Road, then outlet to the Towpath Drain, which remains unchanged from present conditions.

As part of the Stormwater Management Implementation Plan that UCC prepared for the NWWSP, the overall existing stormwater drainage areas were assessed for the Towpath Drain as shown in the Existing Stormwater Drainage Area Plan provided in Appendix C. The existing stormwater drainage areas upstream of the subject lands, west of Rice Road, which outlet to the Towpath Drain (Areas A1 to A4) was calculated to be 89.41 hectares, with an overall runoff coefficient of 0.38 (26% Impervious), for a total existing A*R value of 33.98.

Assuming the subject lands conveyed future 100 year flows entirely uncontrolled, the overall A*R would increase from 33.98 to 34.20, or 0.6%. The resulting change in A*R would not change the overall runoff coefficient of 0.38 for the areas west of Rice Road and will have an even lesser impact on the areas further downstream of Rice Road as the overall drainage area increases (Areas A6 to A8).

Therefore, there will be negligible impact to the future peak 100 year flows as a result of the proposed development and additional quantity controls for the 100 year design storm event are not considered necessary.

Quality Controls

To improve stormwater quality levels for this site, a stormwater oil/grit separator (OGS) is proposed. The OGS will be located within a maintenance hole located upstream of the site outlet to the future Rice Road storm sewers.

As per the City of Welland requirements, oil/grit separators are required to provide a minimum average of 80% Total Suspended Solids (TSS) Removal (Enhanced protection). The contributing drainage area from the proposed development and adjacent lands to the proposed oil/grit separator is 0.51 hectares. The Hydroworks modelling software has indicated that an HD5 will provide 80.1% TSS overall removal and capture 99.0% of the stormwater flows. Therefore, A Hydroworks HD5 is proposed for the site development. The modelling output file has been provided in Appendix D.



MAINTENANCE OF STORMWATER MANAGEMENT FACILITY

HD5 Oil/Grit Separator

The function of the proposed stormwater quality protection facility, a stormwater oil/grit separator, will require maintenance on an annual basis. The following is a summary of the maintenance activities required.

Regular inspections of the stormwater Maintenance Hole (MH) oil/grit interceptor will indicate whether maintenance is required or not. They should be made after every significant storm during the first two years of operation to ensure that it is functioning properly. This will translate into an average of six inspections per year.

Points of regular inspections are as follows:

- a) Is there sediment in the separator sump? The level of sediment can be measured from the surface without entry into the oil/grit separator via a dipstick tube equipped with a ball valve (Sludge Judge) or with a graduated pole with a flat plate attached to the bottom.
- b) Is there oil in the separator sump? This can be checked from the surface by inserting a dipstick in the 150mm vent tube. The presence of oil is usually indicated by an oily sheen, frothing or unusual colouring. The separator should be cleaned in the event of a major spill contamination.
- c) Is there debris or trash at the inlet weir and drop pipe? This can be observed from the surface without entry into the separator. Clogging at the inlet drop pipe will cause stormwater to bypass the sedimentation section and continue downstream without treatment.
- d) Completion of the Inspection Report (a sample report is included in Appendix E for reference purposes). These reports will provide details about the operation and maintenance requirements for this type of stormwater quality device. After an evaluation period (usually 2 years) this information will be used to maximize efficiency and minimize the costs of operation and maintenance for the maintenance hole oil/grit separator.

Typically, stormwater MH oil/grit separators are cleaned out using vacuum pumping. No entry into the unit is required for maintenance. Cleaning should occur annually or whenever the accumulation reaches sediment storage specified by the manufacturer and after any major spills have occurred. Oil levels greater than 2.5 centimeters should be removed immediately by a licensed waste management firm.



Generally, the sediment removed from the separator will not be contaminated to the point that it would be classified as hazardous waste. However, the sediment should be tested to determine the disposal options. The Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks publishes sediment disposal guidelines which should be consulted for up-to-date information pertaining to the exact parameters and acceptable levels for the various disposal options. The preferred option is an off-site disposal, arranged by a licensed waste management firm.

The future owners of a Hydroworks facility are provided with an Owner's Manual upon installation, which explains the function, maintenance requirements and procedures for the facility with extensive use. It is recommended to follow the manufacturers instructions to allow the oil/grit separator to perform as intended.

CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Therefore, based on the above comments and design calculations provided for this site, the following summarizes the servicing for this site:

1. The existing municipal watermain system is expected to have adequate capacity to provide both domestic and fire protection water supply for the subject lands.
2. The receiving 300mm diameter municipal sanitary sewer and 750mm diameter Regional trunk sewer are expected to have adequate capacity to service the subject lands.
3. Stormwater quantity controls up to and including the 5 year design storm event can be provided with on-site storm sewer storage and a 175mm diameter orifice.
4. 100 year quantity controls are not considered necessary.
5. A Hydroworks HD5 Oil/Grit Separator can provide MECP Enhanced stormwater quality improvements (80% TSS Removal) for the subject lands.

Based on the above and the accompanying calculations, there exists adequate municipal infrastructure for this development. We trust the above comments and enclosed calculations are satisfactory for approval. If you have any questions or require additional information, please do not hesitate to contact our office.

Respectfully Submitted,
Prepared By:

Taia Mussari, B.Eng.



Reviewed By:

Brendan Kapteyn, P.Eng.
September 25, 2025



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APPENDICES



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APPENDIX A

Sanitary Sewer Calculations

UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS
30 HANNOVER DRIVE, UNIT 3
ST.CATHARINES, ON, L2W 1A3

DESIGN FLOWS

SEWER DESIGN

RESIDENTIAL: 255 LITRES/PERSON/DAY (AVERAGE DAILY FLOW)

PIPE ROUGHNESS: 0.013 FOR MANNING'S EQUATION

INFILTRATION RATE: 0.286 LITRES/HECTARE (MECP EXTRANEIOUS FLOW ALLOWANCE)

PIPE SIZES: 1.016 IMPERIAL EQUIVALENT FACTOR

POPULATION / DENSITY: 2.0 PERSONS / UNIT (APARTEMENT BUILDINGS)

PERCENT FULL: TOTAL PEAK FLOW / CAPACITY

COMMERCIAL: 28000 LITRES/HECTARE/DAY (AVERAGE COMMERCIAL DAILY FLOW)

MUNICIPALITY: CITY OF WELLAND

PROJECT : 506 QUAKER ROAD

PROJECT NO: 2180

SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET

LOCATION			AREA				ACCUMULATED PEAK FLOW								
Description	From M.H	To M.H.	Increment (hectares)	Accumulated (hectares)	Population Increment	Total Population Served (P)	Peaking Factor (PF)	Flow (L/s)	Infiltration Flow L/s	Total Peak Flow (L/s)	Pipe Diameter (mm)	Pipe Slope (%)	Full Flow Velocity (m/s)	Full Flow Capacity (L/s)	Percent Full
A1 - Commercial Flows	SITE	EX MH	0.51	0.51	136	136	1.50	0.21	0.15	0.36					
A1 - Residential Flows	SITE	EX MH		0.51		136	4.20	1.69	0.15	2.04	200	0.40	0.7	21.64	9.4%
EX Flows from Hurricane SPS/Rice Road (North of Quaker) per Appendix B of City of Welland Northwest Welland Secondary Plan Municipal Servicing Conceptual Design Report															
External Quaker Road Flows (West of Rice)						136	4.20	1.69	0.00	44.70					
Total Flow in Municipal 300mm dia. Sewer on Quaker Road										46.74	300	0.58	1.1	76.83	60.8%
External Flows from Hurricane SPS/Rice Road (North of Quaker)										97.70					
External Flows feom West of Quaker and Rice (From Line Ave)										79.10					
Combined flow at Regional 750mm dia.										223.54	750	0.22	1.2	544.75	41.0%



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APPENDIX B

Modified Rational Method (MRM) Calculations Preliminary Stage Storage Calculations

STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET

PROJECT: 524/528 QUAKER ROAD, CITY OF WELLAND

LOCATION	TIME OF FLOW	STORMWATER ANALYSIS
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[illegible]

DESIGN BY: UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS

30 HANNOVER DRIVE, UNIT 3

ST. CATHARINES, ON L2W 1A3

DESIGN BY: T. MUSSARI, B.ENG.

DATE: JUNE 2025

RAINFALL PARAMETERS:

a = 830.00 mm/hr

Time to Upper End = 10 min.

b = 7.30 minutes

City of Welland - 5 Year IDF Curve

c = 0.78

Modified Rational Method (MRM) Required Storage Volume

Project: 524/528 QUAKER ROAD, CITY OF WELLAND
 Project No: 23163
 Date: AUGUST 2025
 Design By: T. MUSSARI, B.ENG.
 Description: STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

Storm Event: **City of Welland - 5 Year IDF Curve**

a = 830.00 mm/hr
 b = 7.30 minutes
 c = 0.78

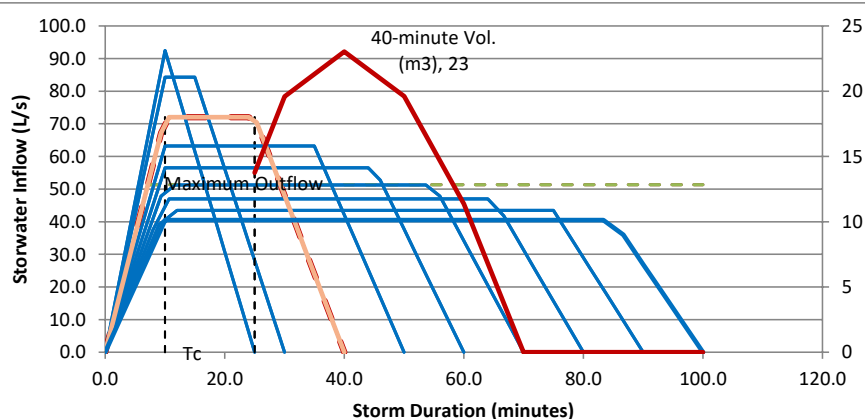
Critical Storm Duration: 40.00 minutes Tail Multiplier (x1-11.5)
 Tc From Design: 10.00 minutes
 Storm Tail Time: 25.00 minutes

Accumulated Area x R (Ha): 0.408 <-- Area x Runoff Coefficient (Sewer Design Sheet)
 Peak Rainfall Intensity: 63.56 mm/hr
 Peak Inflow at Tc: 72.03 L/s
 Maximum Release Rate: 51.34 <-- Outlet Full Flow Capacity (Design Sheet)
 Time When Outlet Exceeded: 7.13

Time (min)	Intensity (mm/hr)	Inflow (L/s)	Outflow (L/s)	Interval Volume (m3)	Total Required Volume (m3)
0.0	0.00	0.00	51.34	-3.1	0.0
1.3	8.47	9.60	51.34	-3.3	0.0
2.7	16.95	19.21	51.34	-2.6	0.0
4.0	25.42	28.81	51.34	-1.8	0.0
5.3	33.90	38.42	51.34	-1.0	0.0
6.7	42.37	48.02	51.34	-0.3	0.0
8.0	50.85	57.63	51.34	0.5	0.5
9.3	59.32	67.23	51.34	1.3	1.8
10.7	63.56	72.03	51.34	1.7	3.4
12.0	63.56	72.03	51.34	1.7	5.1
13.3	63.56	72.03	51.34	1.7	6.7
14.7	63.56	72.03	51.34	1.7	8.4
16.0	63.56	72.03	51.34	1.7	10.1
17.3	63.56	72.03	51.34	1.7	11.7
18.7	63.56	72.03	51.34	1.7	13.4
20.0	63.56	72.03	51.34	1.7	15.0
21.3	63.56	72.03	51.34	1.7	16.7
22.7	63.56	72.03	51.34	1.7	18.3
24.0	63.56	72.03	51.34	1.7	20.0
25.3	62.15	70.43	51.34	1.5	21.5
26.7	56.50	64.03	51.34	1.0	22.5
28.0	50.85	57.63	51.34	0.5	23.0
29.3	45.20	51.22	51.34	0.0	23.0
30.7	39.55	44.82	51.34	-0.5	22.5
32.0	33.90	38.42	51.34	-1.0	21.5
33.3	28.25	32.02	51.34	-1.5	19.9
34.7	22.60	25.61	51.34	-2.1	17.9
36.0	16.95	19.21	51.34	-2.6	15.3
37.3	11.30	12.81	51.34	-3.1	12.2
38.7	5.65	6.40	51.34	-3.6	8.6
40.0	0.00	0.00	51.34	-4.1	4.5

Variable Storm Duration Storage Requirements

Duration	Max Storage	Duration	Max Storage	Duration	Max Storage
25 Min	13.8 m3	50 Min	19.6 m3	80 Min	0.0 m3
30 Min	19.6 m3	60 Min	11.4 m3	90 Min	0.0 m3
40 Min	23.0 m3	70 Min	0.0 m3	100 Min	0.0 m3



Underground Superpipe Stage Storage/Discharge Curve

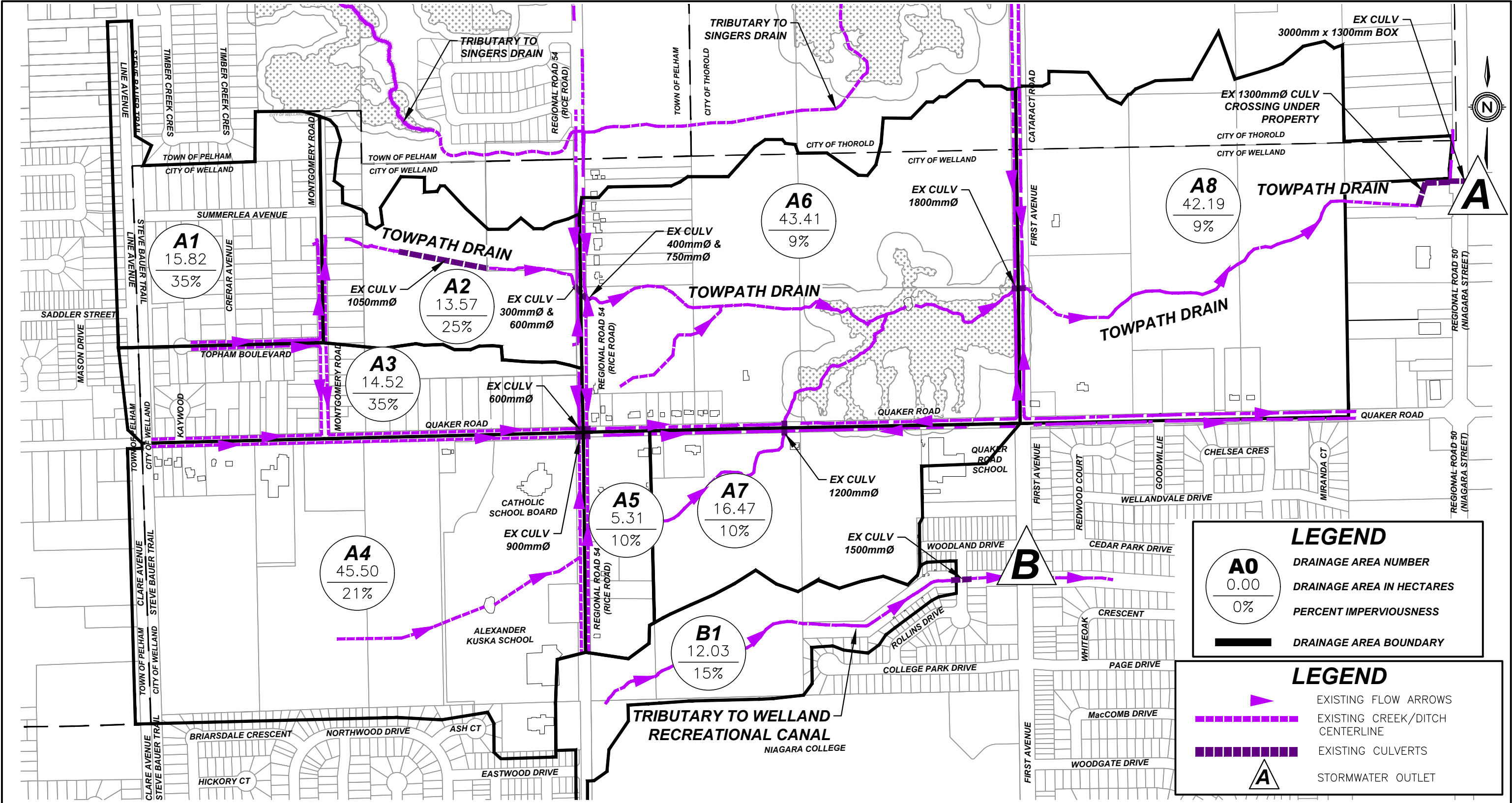
Project	524/528 QUAKER ROAD, WELLAND		
Project No.	23163		
Date:	AUGUST 2025		
Storage		Orifice	
PIPE DIAMETER (m)		Dia (m) = 0.175	
		Cd = 0.63	
PIPE LENGTH (m):		Invert (m) = 0.00	
Elevation (m)	600mm Pipe (m ³)		Orifice (m ³ /s)
2.00	23.3		0.092
1.86	23.3		0.089
1.71	23.3		0.085
1.57	23.3		0.081
1.43	23.3		0.077
1.29	23.3		0.073
1.14	23.3		0.068
1.00	23.3		0.063
0.86	23.3		0.058
0.66	5 YR	23.3	0.049
0.57	22.7		0.045
0.43	17.5		0.037
0.29	10.7		0.028
0.14	4.2		0.011
0.00	-		0.000



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APPENDIX B

Northwest Welland Stormwater Management Implementation Plan - Figure 2



**NORTHWEST WELLAND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT
IMPLEMENTATION PLAN**
CITY OF WELLAND
EXISTING STORM DRAINAGE AREA PLAN

DATE	2022-10-12
SCALE	1:7000
REF No.	21243
DWG No.	FIGURE 2



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APPENDIX D

Hydroworks OGS Output Files



UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS

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Hydroworks HD4 Output

```
*****
*      Storm Water Management Sizing Model      *
*      Hydroworks, LLC                          *
*      Version 4.4                              *
*
*      Continuous Simulation Program             *
*      Based on SWMM 4.4H                       *
*      Hydroworks, LLC                         *
*      Graham Bryant                           *
*      2003 - 2021                             *
*****
```

Developed by

```
*****
*      Hydroworks, LLC                          *
*      Metcalf & Eddy, Inc.                     *
*      University of Florida                    *
*      Water Resources Engineers, Inc.          *
*      (Now Camp Dresser & McKee, Inc.)         *
*      Modified SWMM 4.4                       *
*****
```

Distributed and Maintained by

```
*****
*
*      Hydroworks, LLC                          *
*      888-290-7900                            *
*      www.hydroworks.com                     *
*
*****
```

```
*****
*      If any problems occur executing this    *
*      model, contact Mr. Graham Bryant at     *
*      Hydroworks, LLC by phone at 888-290-7900 *
*      or by e-mail: support@hydroworks.com    *
*****
```

```
*****
*      This model is based on EPA SWMM 4.4     *
*      "Nature is full of infinite causes which *
*      have never occurred in experience" da Vinci *
*****
```

```
*****
*      Entry made to the Rain Block             *
*      Created by the University of Florida - 1988 *
*      Updated by Oregon State University, March 2000 *
*****
```

524/528 QUAKER ROAD
CITY OF WELLAND

HydroDome Simulation

```
#####
# Precipitation Block Input Commands #
#####
```

```
Station Name..... St. Catharines A
Station Location..... Ontario
Station, ISTA..... 7287
Beginning date, IYBEG (Yr/Mo/Dy)..... 1971/ 1/ 1
Ending date, IYEND (Yr/Mo/Dy)..... 2005/12/31
Minimum interevent time, MIT..... 1
Number of ranked storms, NPTS..... 10
NWS format, IFORM (See text)..... 1
Print storm summary, ISUM (0-No 1-Yes) 0
Print all rainfall, IYEAR (0-No 1-Yes) 0
Save storm event data on NSCRAT(1).... 0
(IFILE =0 -Do not save, =1 -Save data)
IDECID 0 - Create interface file
1 - Create file and analyze
2 - Synoptic analysis..... 2
Plotting position parameter, A..... 0.40
Storm event statistics, NOSTAT..... 1100
KODEA (from optional group B0)..... 2
= 0, Do not include NCDC cumulative values.
= 1, Average NCDC cumulative values.
= 2, Use NCDC cumulative value as inst. rain.
KODEPR (from optional group B0)..... 0
Print NCDC special codes in event summary:
= 0, only on days with events.
= 1, on all days with codes present.
Codes: A = accumulated value, I = incomplete value,
M = missing value, O = other code present
```

```
*****
* Precipitation output created using the Rain block *
* Number of precipitation stations... 1 *
*****
```



```
*****
*           C H A N N E L   A N D   P I P E   D A T A           *
*****
```



UPPER CANADA CONSULTANTS

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Input equen umber	NAMEG: Channel ID #	Drains to NGTO:	Channel Type	Width (m)	Length (m)	Invert Slope (m/m)	L Side Slope (m/m)	R Side Slope (m/m)	Intial Depth (m)	Max Depth (m)	Mann- ings "N"	Full Flow (cms)
1	201	200	Dummy	0.0	0.0	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0	0.0	0.0000	0.00E+00

* SUBCATCHMENT DATA *

NOTE. SEE LATER TABLE FOR OPTIONAL SUBCATCHMENT PARAMETERS

SUBCATCH- MENT NO.	CHANNEL OR INLET	WIDTH (M)	AREA (HA)	PERCENT IMPERV.	SLOPE (M/M)	RESISTANCE IMPERV.	FACTOR PERV.	DEPRES. IMPERV.	STORAGE(MM) PERV.	INFILTRATION RATE (MM/HR) MAXIMUM MINIMUM	DECAY RATE (1/SEC)	GAGE NO.	MAXIMUM VOLUME (MM)
1	300	200	71.41	0.51	86.00	0.0200	0.015	0.250	0.510	5.080	63.50 10.16	0.00055	1 101.60000

TOTAL NUMBER OF SUBCATCHMENTS... 1
TOTAL TRIBUTARY AREA (HECTARES)... 0.51
IMPERVIOUS AREA (HECTARES)..... 0.44
PERVIOUS AREA (HECTARES)..... 0.07
TOTAL WIDTH (METERS)..... 71.41
PERCENT IMPERVIOUSNESS..... 86.00

* UPSTREAM STORAGE DATA *

Storage (m3)	Flow (m3/s)
0.	0.000
23.	0.049

* GROUNDWATER INPUT DATA *

SUB- CATCH NUMBER	CHANNEL OR INLET	===== ELEVATIONS =====	===== FLOW CONSTANTS =====
		GROUND BOTTOM STAGE BC TW A1 B1 A2 B2 A3	
		(M) (M) (M) (M) (M) (MM/HR-M^B1) (MM/HR-M^B2) (MM/HR-M^2)	
0	602	3.05 0.00 0.00 0.61 0.61	3.484E-04 2.600 0.000E+00 1.000 0.00E+00

* GROUNDWATER INPUT DATA (CONTINUED) *

SOIL PROPERTIES

SUBCAT. NO.	PEROSITY	SATURATED HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVIITY (mm/hr)	WILTING POINT	FIELD CAPACITY	INITIAL MOISTURE	MAX. DEEP PERCOLATION (mm/hr)	PERCOLATION PARAMETERS HCO PCO	ET PARAMETERS DEPTH FRACTION OF ET OF ET TO UPPER ZONE
0	.4000	127.000	.1500	.3000	.3000	5.080E-02	10.00 4.57	4.27 0.350

* Arrangement of Subcatchments and Channel/Pipes *

* See second subcatchment output table for connectivity *
* of subcatchment to subcatchment flows. *

Channel
or Pipe
201 No Tributary Channel/Pipes
No Tributary Subareas....

INLET
200 Tributary Channel/Pipes... 201
Tributary Subareas..... 300

* Hydrographs will be stored for the following 1 INLETS *

200

Quality Simulation #

General Quality Control Data Groups #
#####

Description	Variable	Value
-----	-----	-----
Number of quality constituents.....	NQS.....	1
Number of land uses.....	JLAND.....	1
Standard catchbasin volume.....	CBVOL.....	1.22 cubic meters
Erosion is not simulated.....	IROS.....	0
DRY DAYS PRIOR TO START OF STORM...	DRYDAY.....	3.00 DAYS
DRY DAYS REQUIRED TO RECHARGE CATCHBASIN CONCENTRATION TO INITIAL VALUES.....	DRYBSN.....	5.00 DAYS



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DUST AND DIRT
STREET SWEEPING EFFICIENCY..... REFFDD..... 0.300

DAY OF YEAR ON WHICH STREET
SWEEPING BEGINS..... KLNBN..... 120

DAY OF YEAR ON WHICH STREET
SWEEPING ENDS..... KLNEND..... 270

Land use data on data group J2 #
#####

AND USE LNAME)	BUILDUP EQUATION TYPE (METHOD)	FUNCTIONAL DEPENDENCE OF BUILDUP PARAMETER(JACGUT)	LIMITING BUILDUP QUANTITY (DDLIM)	BUILDUP POWER (DDPOW)	BUILDUP COEFF. (DDFACT)	CLEANING INTERVAL IN DAYS (CLFREQ)	AVAIL. FACTOR FRACTION (AVSWP)	DAYS SINCE LAST SWEEPING (DSLCL)
Urban De	EXPONENTIAL(1)	AREA(1)	2.802E+01	0.500	67.250	30.000	0.300	30.000

Constituent data on data group J3 #
#####

Constituent units.....
Type of units.....
KALC.....
Type of buildup calc.....
KWASH.....
Type of washoff calc.....
KACGUT.....
Dependence of buildup...
LINKUP.....
Linkage to snowmelt.....
Buildup param 1 (QFACT1)..
Buildup param 2 (QFACT2)..
Buildup param 3 (QFACT3)..
Buildup param 4 (QFACT4)..
Buildup param 5 (QFACT5)..
Washoff power (WASHPO)...
Washoff coef. (RCOEF)....
Init catchb conc (CBFACT)
Precip. conc. (CONCRN)...
Street sweep effc (REFF)
Remove fraction (REMOVE)..
1st order QDECAY, 1/day..
Land use number.....

Total Su

mg/l

0
2
EXPONENTIAL(2)
0
POWER EXPONEN.(0)
1
AREA(1)
0
NO SNOW LINKAGE
28.020
0.500
67.250
0.000
0.000
1.100
0.086
100.000
0.000
0.300
0.000
0.000
1

* Constant Groundwater Quality Concentration(s) *

Total Susp has a concentration of.. 0.0000 mg/l

* REMOVAL FRACTIONS FOR SELECTED CHANNEL/PIPES *
* FROM J7 LINES *

CHANNEL/ CONSTITUENT
PIPE Total Susp

201 0.000

* Subcatchment surface quality on data group L1 *

Land No.	Usage	Land No.	Total Gutter Length Km	Number of Catch- Basins	Input Loading load/ha Total Su
1	300 Urban De	1	0.14	2.00	0.0E+00
Totals (Loads in kg or other)			0.14	2.00	0.0E+00

* DATA GROUP M1 *

TOTAL NUMBER OF PRINTED GUTTERS/INLETS...NPNT.. 1
NUMBER OF TIME STEPS BETWEEN PRINTINGS...INTERV.. 0
STARTING AND STOPPING PRINTOUT DATES..... 0 0

* DATA GROUP M3 *

CHANNEL/INLET PRINT DATA GROUPS..... -200

====> WARNING !! STORAGE UNIT IS FLOODING. EXCESS VOLUME CONVEYED AS DISCHARGE
====> WARNING !! STORAGE UNIT IS FLOODING. EXCESS VOLUME CONVEYED AS DISCHARGE
====> WARNING !! STORAGE UNIT IS FLOODING. EXCESS VOLUME CONVEYED AS DISCHARGE
====> WARNING !! STORAGE UNIT IS FLOODING. EXCESS VOLUME CONVEYED AS DISCHARGE



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* Rainfall from Nat. Weather Serv. file *
* in units of hundredths of an inch *

524/528 QUAKER ROAD
CITY OF WELLAND

Rainfall Station St. Catherines A
State/Province Ontario

Rainfall Depth Summary (mm)

Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Total
1971.	31.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	126.	93.	52.	60.	29.	0.	391.
1972.	0.	0.	0.	47.	65.	100.	39.	115.	63.	90.	1.	0.	521.
1973.	0.	0.	0.	103.	77.	71.	53.	29.	63.	139.	0.	0.	534.
1974.	0.	0.	0.	67.	105.	62.	50.	31.	74.	37.	110.	0.	536.
1975.	0.	0.	0.	0.	0.	94.	78.	76.	73.	56.	59.	6.	442.
1976.	0.	0.	0.	119.	136.	87.	101.	60.	72.	73.	13.	1.	662.
1977.	0.	0.	0.	94.	29.	69.	57.	150.	230.	71.	0.	1.	701.
1978.	0.	0.	0.	72.	43.	72.	43.	86.	156.	95.	0.	0.	567.
1979.	0.	0.	0.	84.	92.	33.	91.	88.	84.	129.	71.	0.	673.
1980.	0.	0.	0.	81.	39.	122.	60.	32.	79.	96.	45.	0.	554.
1981.	0.	0.	0.	91.	71.	106.	122.	61.	123.	91.	84.	0.	749.
1982.	0.	0.	0.	28.	65.	97.	36.	66.	82.	25.	143.	0.	544.
1983.	0.	0.	0.	78.	100.	65.	55.	106.	75.	122.	92.	0.	694.
1984.	0.	0.	0.	31.	113.	136.	19.	51.	144.	24.	44.	0.	562.
1985.	0.	0.	67.	32.	52.	64.	40.	94.	42.	109.	0.	1.	501.
1986.	0.	0.	0.	93.	113.	60.	85.	83.	98.	80.	43.	65.	719.
1987.	0.	2.	11.	77.	42.	80.	122.	97.	99.	71.	94.	34.	730.
1988.	0.	0.	41.	71.	42.	21.	110.	82.	70.	68.	75.	5.	585.
1989.	0.	0.	13.	63.	137.	108.	36.	45.	89.	73.	84.	0.	647.
1990.	0.	2.	38.	99.	124.	44.	68.	95.	56.	112.	96.	0.	735.
1991.	0.	0.	86.	124.	67.	31.	85.	57.	79.	64.	61.	28.	682.
1992.	0.	0.	29.	127.	56.	92.	185.	116.	77.	47.	103.	38.	869.
1993.	3.	0.	7.	83.	56.	86.	32.	61.	71.	92.	80.	38.	610.
1994.	0.	0.	44.	88.	105.	124.	48.	77.	117.	15.	0.	15.	633.
1995.	112.	23.	16.	48.	37.	60.	123.	66.	8.	137.	94.	0.	724.
1998.	0.	0.	0.	0.	51.	54.	64.	29.	9.	0.	1.	0.	207.
1999.	0.	0.	0.	79.	59.	35.	61.	58.	116.	78.	0.	0.	487.
2000.	0.	0.	0.	123.	134.	216.	51.	0.	0.	0.	10.	0.	534.
2001.	0.	0.	0.	56.	88.	45.	25.	30.	81.	129.	0.	0.	454.
2002.	0.	0.	0.	73.	104.	64.	53.	49.	52.	65.	8.	0.	468.
2003.	0.	0.	0.	10.	163.	77.	81.	64.	67.	73.	2.	0.	537.
2004.	0.	0.	0.	131.	126.	99.	115.	40.	88.	17.	0.	0.	616.
2005.	0.	0.	0.	38.	42.	78.	53.	120.	112.	0.	0.	0.	443.

Total Rainfall Depth for Simulation Period 19310. (mm)

Rainfall Intensity Analysis (mm/hr)

(mm/hr)	(#)	(%)	(mm)	(%)
2.50	21481	74.6	6454.	33.4
5.00	3585	12.4	3088.	16.0
7.50	1973	6.8	2886.	14.9
10.00	575	2.0	1233.	6.4
12.50	389	1.4	1070.	5.5
15.00	194	0.7	660.	3.4
17.50	210	0.7	846.	4.4
20.00	66	0.2	306.	1.6
22.50	92	0.3	487.	2.5
25.00	39	0.1	232.	1.2
27.50	37	0.1	246.	1.3
30.00	34	0.1	245.	1.3
32.50	29	0.1	228.	1.2
35.00	5	0.0	42.	0.2
37.50	10	0.0	90.	0.5
40.00	10	0.0	97.	0.5
42.50	12	0.0	124.	0.6
45.00	9	0.0	99.	0.5
47.50	1	0.0	12.	0.1
50.00	3	0.0	37.	0.2
>50.00	49	0.2	829.	4.3

Total # of Intensities 28803

Daily Rainfall Depth Analysis (mm)

(mm)	(#)	(%)	(mm)	(%)
2.50	1077	38.9	1247.	6.5
5.00	507	18.3	1850.	9.6
7.50	326	11.8	2006.	10.4
10.00	226	8.2	1958.	10.1
12.50	150	5.4	1672.	8.7
15.00	111	4.0	1495.	7.7
17.50	100	3.6	1620.	8.4
20.00	67	2.4	1260.	6.5
22.50	45	1.6	958.	5.0
25.00	37	1.3	881.	4.6
27.50	23	0.8	609.	3.2
30.00	20	0.7	575.	3.0
32.50	20	0.7	631.	3.3
35.00	12	0.4	405.	2.1



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37.50	8	0.3	290.	1.5
40.00	9	0.3	350.	1.8
42.50	4	0.1	165.	0.9
45.00	4	0.1	173.	0.9
47.50	2	0.1	91.	0.5
50.00	4	0.1	192.	1.0
>50.00	15	0.5	882.	4.6

Total # Days with Rain 2767

* End of time step DO-loop in Runoff *

Final Date (Mo/Day/Year) = 1/ 1/2006
Total number of time steps = 2056421
Final Julian Date = 2006001
Final time of day = 0. seconds.
Final time of day = 0.00 hours.
Final running time = 306816.0000 hours.
Final running time = 12784.0000 days.

* Extrapolation Summary for Watersheds *
* # Steps ==> Total Number of Extrapolated Steps *
* # Calls ==> Total Number of OVERLND Calls *

Subcatch	# Steps	# Calls	Subcatch	# Steps	# Calls	Subcatch	# Steps	# Calls
300	6221275	1581441						

* Extrapolation Summary for Channel/Pipes *
* # Steps ==> Total Number of Extrapolated Steps *
* # Calls ==> Total Number of GUTNR Calls *

Chan/Pipe	# Steps	# Calls	Chan/Pipe	# Steps	# Calls	Chan/Pipe	# Steps	# Calls
201	0	0						

* Continuity Check for Surface Water *

	cubic meters	Millimeters over Total Basin
Total Precipitation (Rain plus Snow)	98238.	19263.
Total Infiltration	13663.	2679.
Total Evaporation	8614.	1689.
Surface Runoff from Watersheds	76698.	15039.
Total Water remaining in Surface Storage	0.	0.
Infiltration over the Previous Area...	13663.	19136.

Infiltration + Evaporation +		
Surface Runoff + Snow removal +		
Water remaining in Surface Storage +		
Water remaining in Snow Cover.....	98974.	19407.
Total Precipitation + Initial Storage.	98238.	19263.

The error in continuity is calculated as

* Precipitation + Initial Snow Cover *
* - Infiltration - *
*Evaporation - Snow removal - *
*Surface Runoff from Watersheds - *
*Water in Surface Storage - *
*Water remaining in Snow Cover *

* Precipitation + Initial Snow Cover *

Error..... -0.749 Percent

* Continuity Check for Channel/Pipes *

	cubic meters	Millimeters over Total Basin
Initial Channel/Pipe Storage.....	0.	0.
Final Channel/Pipe Storage.....	0.	0.
Surface Runoff from Watersheds.....	76698.	15039.
Baseflow.....	0.	
Groundwater Subsurface Inflow.....	0.	0.
Evaporation Loss from Channels.....	0.	0.
Channel/Pipe/Inlet Outflow.....	76698.	15039.
Initial Storage + Inflow.....	76698.	15039.
Final Storage + Outflow.....	76698.	15039.

* Final Storage + Outflow + Evaporation - *
* Watershed Runoff - Groundwater Inflow - *
* Initial Channel/Pipe Storage *

* Final Storage + Outflow + Evaporation *

Error..... 0.000 Percent



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* Continuity Check for Subsurface Water *

	cubic meters	Millimeters over Subsurface Basin
Total Infiltration	0.	0.
Total Upper Zone ET	0.	0.
Total Lower Zone ET	0.	0.
Total Groundwater flow	0.	0.
Total Deep percolation	0.	0.
Initial Subsurface Storage	4663.	914.
Final Subsurface Storage	4663.	914.
Upper Zone ET over Pervious Area	0.	0.
Lower Zone ET over Pervious Area	0.	0.

* Infiltration + Initial Storage - Final *
* Storage - Upper and Lower Zone ET - *
* Groundwater Flow - Deep Percolation *
* ----- *
* Infiltration + Initial Storage *

Error 0.000 Percent

SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR SUBCATCHMENTS

SUBCATCH- MENT NO.	GUTTER OR INLET NO.	AREA (HA)	PERCENT IMPER.	TOTAL SIMULATED RAINFALL (MM)	PERVIOUS AREA			IMPERVIOUS AREA		TOTAL SUBCATCHMENT AREA		
					TOTAL DEPTH (MM)	TOTAL LOSSES (MM)	PEAK RUNOFF RATE (CMS)	RUNOFF DEPTH (MM)	PEAK RUNOFF RATE (CMS)	RUNOFF DEPTH (MM)	PEAK RUNOFF RATE (CMS)	PEAK UNIT RUNOFF (MM/HR)
300	200	0.51	86.01	9262.47	133.258	*****	0.028	17461.305	0.239	15035.378	0.267	190.232

*** NOTE *** IMPERVIOUS AREA STATISTICS AGGREGATE IMPERVIOUS AREAS WITH AND WITHOUT DEPRESSION STORAGE

SUMMARY STATISTICS FOR CHANNEL/PIPES

CHANNEL NUMBER	FULL FLOW (CMS)	FULL VELOCITY (M/S)	FULL DEPTH (M)	MAXIMUM COMPUTED INFLOW (CMS)	MAXIMUM COMPUTED OUTFLOW (CMS)	MAXIMUM COMPUTED DEPTH (M)	MAXIMUM COMPUTED VELOCITY (M/S)	TIME OF OCCURRENCE DAY HR.	LENGTH OF SURCHARGE (HOUR)	MAXIMUM SURCHARGE VOLUME (CU-M)	RATIO OF MAX. TO FULL FLOW	RATIO OF MAX. DEPTH TO FULL DEPTH
201				0.00				1/ 0/1900	0.00			
200				0.27				8/14/1972	14.25			

TOTAL NUMBER OF CHANNELS/PIPES = 2

*** NOTE *** THE MAXIMUM FLOWS AND DEPTHS ARE CALCULATED AT THE END OF THE TIME INTERVAL

Runoff Quality Summary Page #
If NDIM = 0 Units for: loads mass rates #
METRIC = 1 lb lb/sec #
METRIC = 2 kg kg/sec #
If NDIM = 1 Loads are in units of quantity #
and mass rates are quantity/sec #
If NDIM = 2 loads are in units of concentration #
times volume and mass rates have units#
of concentration times volume/second #

Total Su NDIM = 0
METRIC = 2

Total Su

Inputs

1. INITIAL SURFACE LOAD.....	11.
2. TOTAL SURFACE BUILDUP.....	9696.
3. INITIAL CATCHBASIN LOAD.....	0.
4. TOTAL CATCHBASIN LOAD.....	0.
5. TOTAL CATCHBASIN AND SURFACE BUILDUP (2+4).....	9696.

Remaining Loads

6. LOAD REMAINING ON SURFACE...	4.
7. REMAINING IN CATCHBASINS...	0.
8. REMAINING IN CHANNEL/PIPES..	0.

Removals

9. STREET SWEEPING REMOVAL....	743.
10. NET SURFACE BUILDUP (2-9)...	8953.
11. SURFACE WASHOFF.....	8947.
12. CATCHBASIN WASHOFF.....	0.
13. TOTAL WASHOFF (11+12).....	8947.
14. LOAD FROM OTHER CONSTITUENTS	0.
15. PRECIPITATION LOAD.....	0.
15a. SUM SURFACE LOAD (13+14+15).	8947.
16. TOTAL GROUNDWATER LOAD.....	0.



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16a. TOTAL I/I LOAD..... 0.
17. NET SUBCATCHMENT LOAD
(15a-15b-15c-15d+16+16a).... 8947.
>>Removal in channel/pipes (17a, 17b):
17a.REMOVE BY BMP FRACTION..... 0.
17b.REMOVE BY 1st ORDER DECAY... 0.
18. TOTAL LOAD TO INLETS..... 8947.
19. FLOW WT'D AVE.CONCENTRATION mg/l
(INLET LOAD/TOTAL FLOW)..... 117.

Percentages

20. STREET SWEEPING (9/2)..... 8.
21. SURFACE WASHOFF (11/2)..... 92.
22. NET SURFACE WASHOFF(11/10).. 100.
23. WASHOFF/SUBCAT LOAD(11/17).. 100.
24. SURFACE WASHOFF/INLET LOAD
(11/18)..... 100.
25. CATCHBASIN WASHOFF/
SUBCATCHMENT LOAD (12/17)... 0.
26. CATCHBASIN WASHOFF/
INLET LOAD (12/18)..... 0.
27. OTHER CONSTITUENT LOAD/
SUBCATCHMENT LOAD (14/17)... 0.
28. INSOLUBLE FRACTION/
INLET LOAD (14/18)..... 0.
29. PRECIPITATION/
SUBCATCHMENT LOAD (15/17)... 0.
30. PRECIPITATION/
INLET LOAD (15/18)..... 0.
31. GROUNDWATER LOAD/
SUBCATCHMENT LOAD (16/17)... 0.
32. GROUNDWATER LOAD/
INLET LOAD (16/18)..... 0.
32a.INFILTRATION/INFLOW LOAD/
SUBCATCHMENT LOAD (16a/17).. 0.
32b.INFILTRATION/INFLOW LOAD/
INLET LOAD (16a/18)..... 0.
32c.CH/PIPE BMP FRACTION REMOVAL/
SUBCATCHMENT LOAD (17a/17).. 0.
32d.CH/PIPE 1st ORDER DECAY REMOVAL/
SUBCATCHMENT LOAD (17b/17).. 0.
33. INLET LOAD SUMMATION ERROR
(18+8+6a+17a+17b-17)/17..... 0.

CAUTION. Due to method of quality routing (Users Manual, Appendix IX)
quality routing through channel/pipes is sensitive to the time step.
Large "Inlet Load Summation Errors" may result.
These can be reduced by adjusting the time step(s).
Note: surface accumulation during dry time steps at end of simulation is
not included in totals. Buildup is only performed at beginning of
wet steps or for street cleaning.

* TSS Particle Size Distribution *

Diameter % Specific Settling Velocity Critical Peclet
(um) Gravity (m/s) Number
2. 5.0 2.65 0.000003 0.054484
5. 5.0 2.65 0.000017 0.061150
8. 10.0 2.65 0.000043 0.067744
20. 15.0 2.65 0.000267 0.093400
50. 10.0 2.65 0.001629 0.152500
75. 5.0 2.65 0.003548 0.196250
100. 10.0 2.65 0.006044 0.235000
150. 15.0 2.65 0.012234 0.297500
250. 15.0 2.65 0.026615 0.391296
500. 5.0 2.65 0.060604 0.602917
1000. 5.0 2.65 0.111334 0.928988

* Summary of TSS Removal *
* *

TSS Removal based on Lab Performance Curve

Model #	Low Q Treated (cms)	High Q Treated (cms)	Runoff Treated (%)	TSS Removed (%)
Unavailabl	0.049	0.049	99.0	68.8
HD 4	0.049	0.049	99.0	75.2
HD 5	0.049	0.049	99.0	80.1
HD 6	0.049	0.049	99.0	83.9
HD 7	0.049	0.049	99.0	87.1
HD 8	0.049	0.049	99.0	89.7
HD 10	0.049	0.049	99.0	93.4
HD 12	0.049	0.049	99.0	95.9

* Summary of Annual Flow Treatmnet & TSS Removal *
* *



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HD 5 Year	Flow Vol (m3)	Flow Treated (m3)	TSS In (kg)	TSS Rem (kg)	TSS Out (kg)	TSS Byp (kg)	Flow Treated (%)	TSS Removal (%)
1971.	17333.	16537.	175.	137.	38.	1.	95.4	77.9
1972.	22406.	20697.	230.	185.	45.	8.	92.4	77.7
1973.	22459.	22459.	251.	201.	51.	0.	100.0	79.8
1974.	22797.	22504.	268.	223.	45.	1.	98.7	82.7
1975.	19368.	18983.	228.	180.	48.	1.	98.0	78.6
1976.	28780.	28306.	285.	230.	55.	2.	98.4	80.0
1977.	30843.	30302.	275.	210.	65.	2.	98.2	75.9
1978.	24766.	24766.	265.	208.	57.	0.	100.0	78.4
1979.	29477.	29068.	300.	244.	57.	1.	98.6	80.7
1980.	23817.	23716.	286.	230.	57.	0.	99.6	80.1
1981.	32904.	32771.	317.	258.	58.	0.	99.6	81.5
1982.	23208.	23208.	260.	212.	48.	0.	100.0	81.6
1983.	30532.	30327.	330.	264.	66.	1.	99.3	79.8
1984.	24642.	24642.	255.	202.	53.	0.	100.0	79.4
1985.	21497.	21497.	254.	204.	50.	0.	100.0	80.4
1986.	31331.	31331.	345.	280.	65.	0.	100.0	81.1
1987.	32289.	32020.	345.	279.	66.	1.	99.2	80.8
1988.	25812.	25628.	290.	237.	53.	0.	99.3	81.6
1989.	28493.	28160.	277.	228.	48.	1.	98.8	82.3
1990.	32342.	32274.	354.	294.	60.	1.	99.8	82.8
1991.	30277.	30042.	330.	269.	61.	1.	99.2	81.2
1992.	38557.	38538.	378.	300.	78.	0.	99.9	79.3
1993.	26233.	26233.	330.	273.	56.	0.	100.0	82.9
1994.	27840.	26813.	263.	209.	55.	4.	96.3	78.2
1995.	32481.	32232.	315.	250.	66.	2.	99.2	78.7
1998.	8463.	8463.	127.	100.	27.	0.	100.0	78.9
1999.	20684.	20678.	249.	197.	52.	0.	100.0	79.3
2000.	23826.	23808.	210.	160.	51.	0.	99.9	75.8
2001.	18857.	18857.	203.	169.	34.	0.	100.0	83.3
2002.	19690.	19690.	238.	194.	45.	0.	100.0	81.3
2003.	22383.	22383.	244.	193.	50.	0.	100.0	79.4
2004.	26804.	26804.	247.	194.	52.	0.	100.0	78.8
2005.	19174.	18579.	188.	142.	46.	2.	96.9	74.9

*
* Summary of Toronto Rainfall Intensities *
*

Rainfall Intensity (mm/h)	Flow (L/s)	Percentage %
1.50	1.8	31.5
2.25	2.7	10.9
3.00	3.6	8.1
3.75	4.5	6.1
4.75	5.7	6.5
5.75	6.9	5.2
8.00	9.6	7.8
10.00	12.0	4.5
15.50	18.6	8.0
23.25	27.8	11.4

* Summary of Quantity and Quality Results at *
* Location 200 INFlow in cms. *
* Values are instantaneous at indicated time step *

524/528 QUAKER ROAD
CITY OF WELLAND

Date Mo/Da/Year	Time Hr:Min	Flow cum/s	Total Su mg/l
-----	-----	-----	-----
Flow wtd means....		0.001	117.
Flow wtd std devs..		0.003	119.
Maximum value.....		0.267	1215.
Minimum value.....		0.000	0.
Total loads.....		76395.	8941.

Cub-Met KILOGRAM

==> Runoff simulation ended normally.

==> SWMM 4.4 simulation ended normally.
Always check output file for possible warning messages.

* SWMM 4.4 Simulation Date and Time Summary *

* Starting Date... August 13, 2025 *
* Time... 15:51:14.737 *
* Ending Date... August 13, 2025 *
* Time... 15:51:17.829 *
* Elapsed Time... 0.052 minutes. *
* Elapsed Time... 3.092 seconds. *



**UPPER CANADA
CONSULTANTS**
ENGINEERS / PLANNERS

APPENDIX E

Sample OGS Inspection Report



SAMPLE INSPECTION REPORT

Owner:

Location: 524/528 Quaker Road Welland

Manhole Oil/Grit Separator: HD5

Type of Inspection ☐ Monthly ☐ Annually ☐ Special

Inlet/Outlet Information

	Inlet		Outlet	
Clear of Debris	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
Build Up of Sediment	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No

Action Taken:

Sediment Tank Information

A. Manhole Sump Depth: \pm m from cover rim (to be as-constructed verified)

B. Measurement from Rim
to Sediment Level m

C. Depth of Sediment: m (A - B)

Note: If the measured depth of sediment is greater than **200mm** then sediment removal is required.

Presence of Contaminants

Oil	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	Depth	m
Foam	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No	Depth	m

Action Taken:

Name of Regulatory Agency

Telephone No.:

Transaction No.:

Name of Licensed Waste Management Collector

Telephone No.:

Transaction No.:

Owner Notification ☐ Yes ☐ No
Time:

Other:
Date:

Name of Inspector:

Signed:

Date:



**UPPER CANADA
CONSULTANTS**
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APPENDIX F

**NW Welland Secondary Plan Municipal Servicing Conceptual Design Report
(Associated Engineering, June 2024)**

REPORT

City of Welland

Northwest Welland Secondary Plan
Municipal Servicing
Conceptual Design Report

JUNE 2024

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REVISIONS PAGE

Northwest Welland Secondary Plan
Municipal Servicing
Conceptual Design Report

Client:	Engineer:
Upper Canada Consultants	Associated Engineering (Ont.) Ltd.

Revision/ Issue	Date	Description	Prepared by/ Reviewed by	Client Review
1	2023-11-22	Municipal Servicing Report_v1	AL & BB/ RC & MG	
2	2023-12-18	Municipal Servicing Report_v2	AL & BB/ RC & MG	
3	2024-03-26	Municipal Servicing Report_v3	AL & BB/ RC & MG	
4	2024-06-07	Municipal Servicing Report_v4	AL & BB/ RC & MG	
5	2024-06-24	Municipal Servicing Report_v5	AL & BB/ RC & MG	
	Click or tap to enter a date.			
	Click or tap to enter a date.			

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1 INTRODUCTION

The City of Welland identified the development of the Northwest Secondary Plan as a priority to provide for detailed land use planning policies for a mix of uses, including policies that address infrastructure requirements, and natural and cultural heritage considerations. The Northwest Welland Secondary Plan (NWSP) will guide future growth and development within the study area. This report (previously issued May 2021) reviews background information and provides capacity analysis for existing water, sanitary, and storm sewer servicing in the study area. In addition, an initial assessment was completed for proposed conceptual water, sanitary, and storm servicing. These analyses were used to develop general recommendations for municipal water, sanitary, and storm servicing requirements in the Secondary Area.

1.1 Study Area

The study area (Figure 1-1) includes the land within the urban area boundary of Welland that is bounded by Clare Avenue to the west, Niagara Street to the east, land on the south side of Quaker Road to a depth of approximately 500m to the south and 500m to the north and comprises approximately 190ha. Quaker Road bisects through the Study Area and is identified as an arterial road and all other streets are considered local roads.

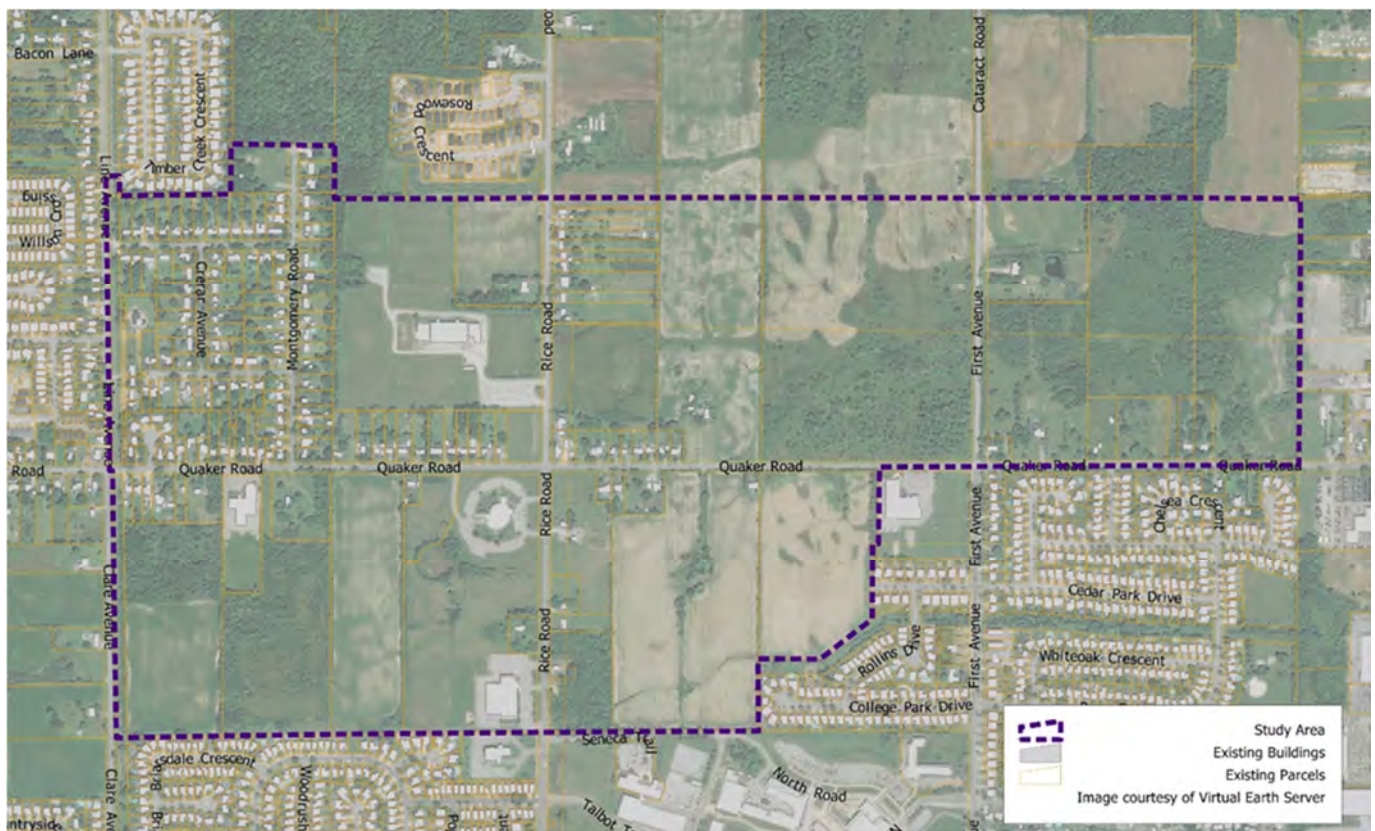


Figure 1-1: Northwest Welland Secondary Plan Study Area

Existing land uses are primarily residential, institutional, agricultural, and open space. Currently, municipal services for water, sanitary and storm exist in parts of the NWSP area, which will be leveraged to accommodate the NWSP area.

1.2 Proposed Secondary Plan

Figure 1-2 shows the proposed NWSP layout provided by Upper Canada Consultants (September 2023). Based on the proposed layout, population and unit numbers for each development block were also provided by Upper Canada Consultants. Projected units and populations are summarized in Table 1-1.

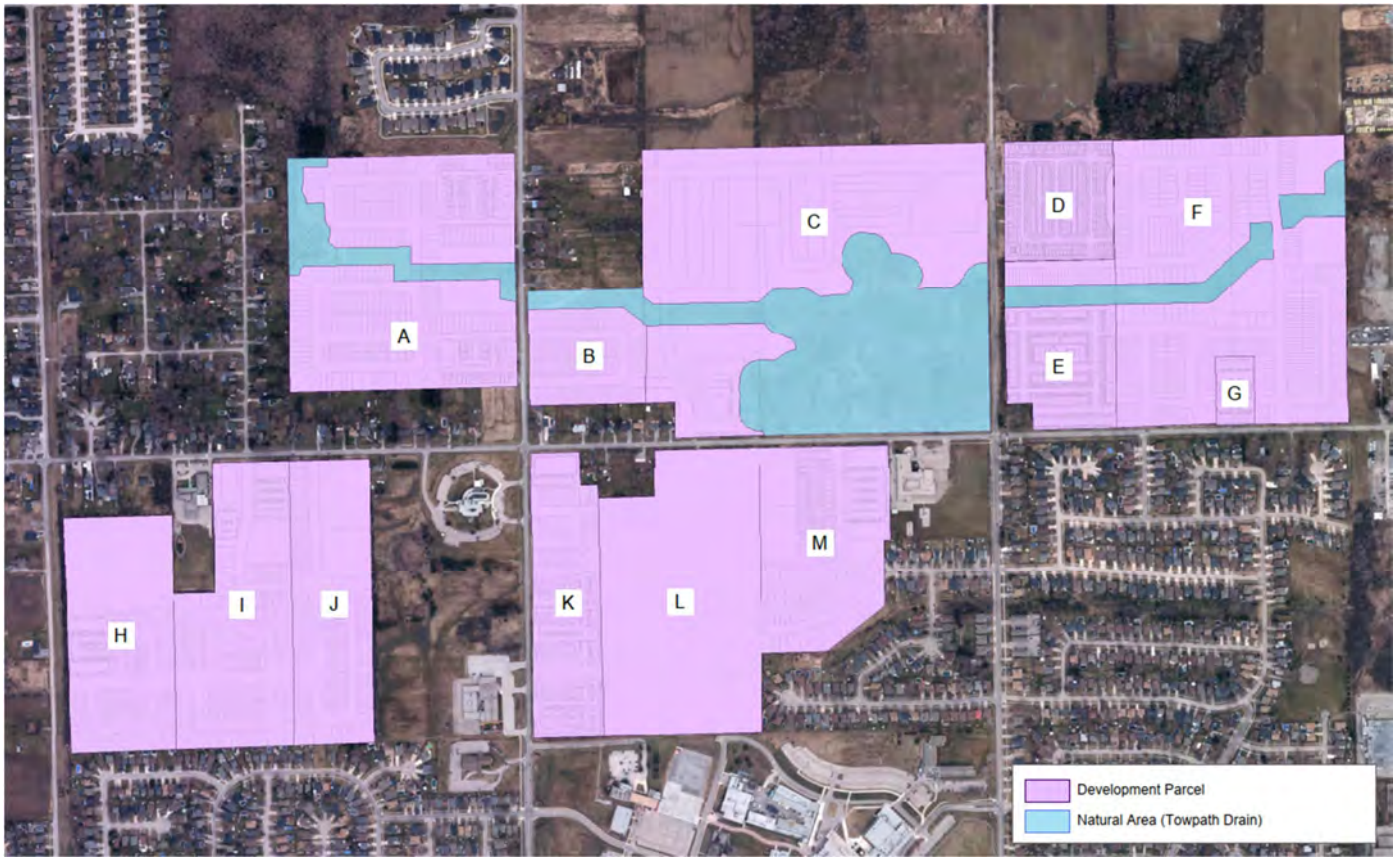


Figure 1-2: NWSP Proposed Population and Unit Plan

Table 1-1: NWSP Population and Unit Numbers

Block Number	Area (ha)	Units	Population (+/-)
A	13.25	386	1,081
B	3.36	114	319
C	18.15	800	2,240
D	4.05	360	1,008
E	4.77	401	1,123
F	17.71	403	1,128
G	0.80	96	269

Block Number	Area (ha)	Units	Population (+/-)
H	8.40	226	633
I	8.79	227	636
J	7.04	162	454
K	5.73	439	1,229
L	13.02	500	1,400
M	7.05	236	661

2 BACKGROUND INFORMATION

2.1 Sources

Table 2-1 provides a list of sources used to aid in completing the analysis of water, wastewater, and stormwater servicing for the NWSP area.

Table 2-1: Water, Sanitary and Storm Data Sources

System	Description	File Type(s)	Author(s)
All	City of Welland Northwest Area Planning and Servicing Study Municipal Class EA	PDF	Earth Tech
All	1m Elevation Contours	SHP	City of Welland
All	City of Welland GIS Data	GIS	City of Welland
All	City of Welland Official Plan	PDF	Dillon Consulting
All	Key Directions Report for the Northwest Welland Secondary Plan Area	PDF	SGL
All	City of Welland Municipal Standards, 2013	PDF	City of Welland
Water/Wastewater	2016 Water and Wastewater Master Servicing Plan Update Hydraulic Model for City of Welland, May 2017	PDF	GM Blue Plan
Water	Welland Water Model (part of the Niagara Region Water Model for the 2017 Niagara Region Master Servicing Plan), 2017	InfoWater	Niagara Region
*Water	City of Welland All Pipe Water Model	InfoWater	City of Welland
Water	Design Guidelines for Drinking-Water Systems, 2008	PDF	MECP
Water	City of Welland Fire Flow Requirements – By Building Zone	PDF	AE

System	Description	File Type(s)	Author(s)
*Wastewater	Welland All Pipe Wastewater Model	InfoSWMM	City of Welland/ Niagara Region
*Wastewater	City of Welland Pollution Prevention Control Plan Update & Wastewater Master Servicing Plan, 2020	PDF	GM Blue Plan
*Wastewater	Niagara Region Water and Wastewater Master Servicing Plan Update, 2021	PDF	GM Blue Plan
*Storm	Northwest Welland Stormwater Management Implementation Plan, 2022	PDF	Upper Canada Consultants

*additional/updated data sources since May 2021 Report

2.2 Data Gaps

Data gaps are presented in Table 2-2, which summarizes missing, relevant information that would provide a clearer picture of the existing and future needs of the systems in future steps of this process (i.e. confirmation of criteria to be used in future design of systems).

Table 2-2: Data Gaps

System	Data Gaps	Justification
All	Detailed topographic survey	To confirm elevations for servicing

3 WATER

Water servicing in the Niagara Region is a two-tiered approach; Niagara Region has jurisdiction over the drinking water supply for homes and businesses throughout the Region and is responsible for treatment, storage, pumping, and trunk water mains. The City of Welland is responsible for the local distribution system.

Currently, the area surrounding the proposed development is pipe fed from the Welland Water Treatment Plant (WTP) to the Shoalt's Drive Reservoir and surrounding area. During periods where the WTP is offline, the area is predominately supplied by gravity from the Shoalt's Reservoir. The Welland system also has an elevated storage tank (Bemis) located in the southern portion of the distribution system.

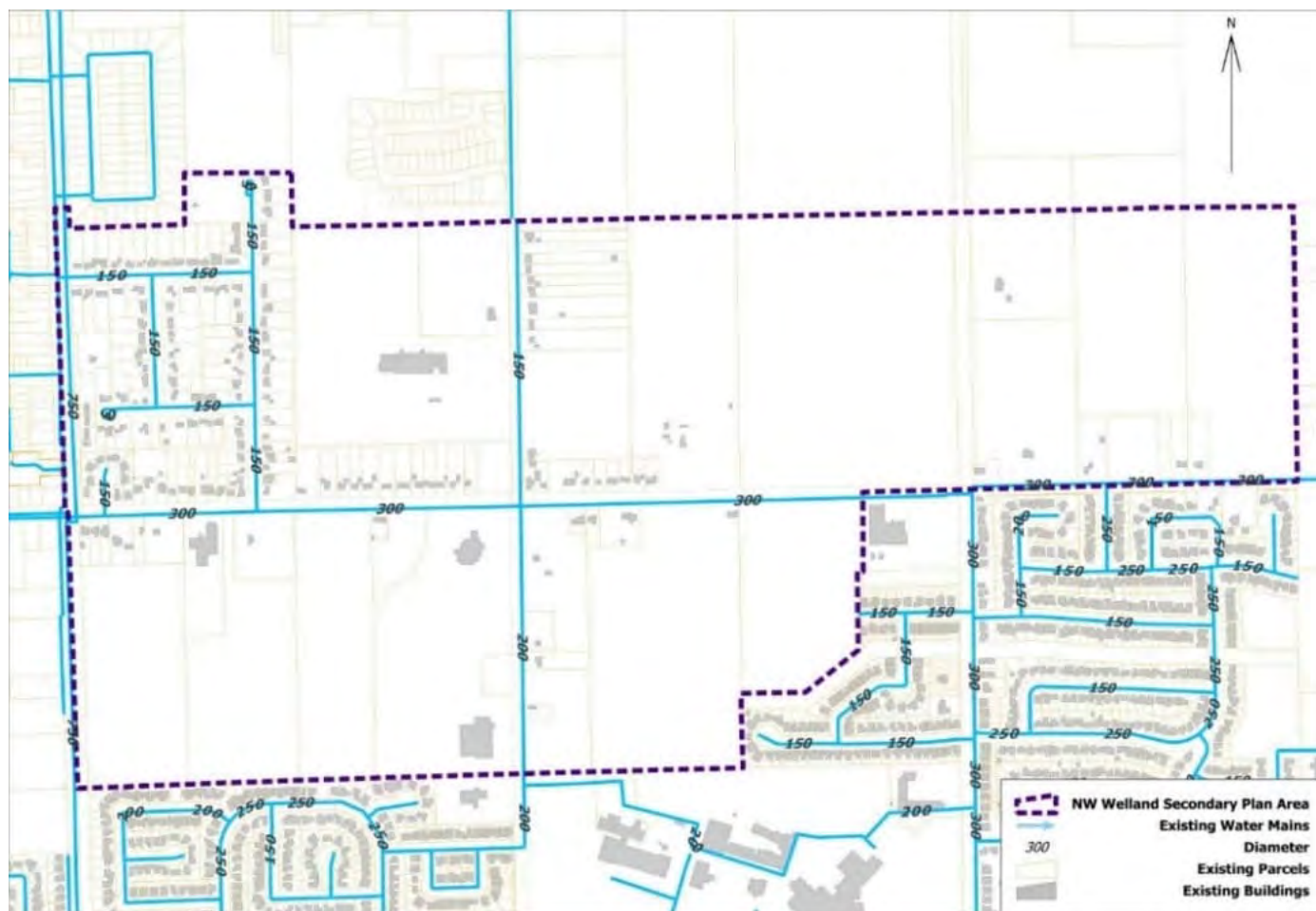


Figure 3-1: Existing Watermains Configuration in Study Area

The existing system configuration within the study area, including existing pipe diameters, is shown in

Figure 3-1. Within this area there is a small existing development east of Line Avenue and north of Quaker Road. This area, which was built in 2002, consists of 150mm PVC watermain connecting to both the 750mm CPP on Line Avenue to the west and the 300mm CI on Quaker Road to the south. In addition, there is a 150mm existing main on Rice Road (north of Quaker Road) which appears to serve few properties. There are also existing properties along Quaker Road, which are serviced off the 300mm main.

3.1 Design Criteria

The design criteria used for the analysis of the water distribution system includes the following:

- Target normal operating pressures:
 - Preferred system pressure between 350 kPa to 550 kPa (50 to 80 psi)
 - Minimum system pressure to be greater than 275 kPa (40 psi)
 - Maximum system pressure to be less than 700 kPa (100 psi)
- Fire flow requirements during MDD with 140 kPa (20 psi) residual system pressure:

- Parks: 67 L/s
- Low Density Residential (Single Family Residential): 67 L/s
- Medium Density Residential (Townhomes): 133 L/s
- Multi-Use: 133 L/s
- Per capita demand: 240 L/cap-day (Based on City design criteria)
- Peaking factors as per the City of Welland Model, as follows:
 - Maximum Day Demand peaking factor: 1.5
 - Peak Hour Demand peaking factor: 1.87 (2.81 x Average Day Demand)
- ADD and MDD demand patterns as per City of Welland Model
- C-Factor for new pipes: 135 (Based on the City design standard)

3.1.1 Water Demands

Table 3-1 summarizes the new demands assigned within the model for the NWSP area. These demands were calculated based on the newly proposed populations/units previously identified in Table 1-1 and design criteria noted in Section 3.1.

Table 3-1: New NWSP Demands

Junction ID	ADD (L/s)	MDD (L/s)	PHD (L/s)
814	0.89	1.33	2.49
951	3.89	5.83	10.93
1700	0.75	1.12	2.10
3952	1.76	2.64	4.94
8338	1.50	2.25	4.22
8622	3.41	5.12	9.59
8623	2.07	3.11	5.83
J-FUT-47	2.80	4.20	7.87
J_NWSP_4	1.26	1.89	3.55
J_NWSP_6	1.50	2.25	4.22
J_NWSP_8	2.07	3.11	5.83
J_NWSP_9	2.07	3.11	5.83
J_NWSP_10	3.12	4.68	8.77
J_NWSP_15	1.84	2.76	5.16
J_NWSP_20	3.13	4.70	8.81
J-FUT-49	1.77	2.65	4.97

Junction ID	ADD (L/s)	MDD (L/s)	PHD (L/s)
Total Demand	33.84	50.77	95.11

3.2 Model Updates and Existing System Conditions

An InfoWater Model (WELLAND_WATER_2023, dated October 23, 2023) provided by the City was used for the analysis. The City's model includes both existing and future Average Day Demand (ADD) and Maximum Day Demand (MDD) extended period simulation scenarios. Model data sets suggest that the existing demand scenarios in the model were last reviewed and updated in 2022. The earlier study completed for this development reviewed and commented on the Niagara Region & City of Welland InfoWater models for their future development growth, providing an insight into the future development areas of the region. It has been assumed that this information still applies despite the time passed since that report.

During the development of this study, City noted that there were two errors in the existing model scenarios that should be rectified and therefore, the analysis was updated with the following changes/corrections.

- The size of the watermain, dead end on Montgomery Road where hydrant was connected, was changed from 50mm to 150mm pipe.
- The connection to the intersection of the Regional trunk main at Line Avenue and Summerlea Avenue was opened in the model.
- Recent discussions with the City indicated that the watermain along Quaker Road from Clare Avenue to Rice Road is currently being replaced with a new 300mm watermain and therefore, this portion of pipe was upsized and a C-factor of 135 was assigned in the model to reflect the upgrade.
- The connection (IW pipe ID – 2377) between the 750mm Region trunk main on Clare Avenue N and the 300mm watermain on Quaker Road was opened in the model.

Other than the above noted model updates, no quality control checks were conducted on the City's model; it was assumed that the model is sufficiently calibrated for the purpose of this analysis and is indicative of the current system.

Figures for this section can be found in Appendix A. Table 3-2 shows the existing and current future pumping schemes from the City's model (on/off settings) at the WTP for both ADD and MDD scenarios. No changes were made to these settings for the development analysis.

Table 3-2: Existing and Future WTP Pump Settings – City's InfoWater Model

Pump	Existing ADD	Existing MDD	Future ADD	Future MDD
Low Flow Pump #1	On at 0:00 Off at 6:00	Off at 0:00	Off at 0:00 On at 11:00	Off at 0:00 On at 20:00 Off at 22:00
Low Flow Pump #2	Off at 0:00	Off at 0:00	Off at 0:00 On at 20:00	Off at 0:00

Pump	Existing ADD	Existing MDD	Future ADD	Future MDD
High Flow Pump #1	Off at 0:00 On at 13:00	On at 0:00 Off at 7:00	On at 0:00	On at 0:00 Off at 2:00 On at 5:00
High Flow Pump #2	Off at 0:00	Off at 0:00 On at 12:00	On at 0:00 Off at 3:00 On at 6:00 Off at 20:00	On at 0:00 Off at 2:00 On at 5:00

3.2.1 Current Hydraulic Conditions

A hydraulic analysis of the existing system was completed to provide a baseline level of service to compare to the future development scenarios.

Figures A-1 and A-2 show the minimum pressure during existing ADD and MDD in the study limits and surrounding area. At certain locations within the study area, pressures are lower than the required minimum pressure of 275 kPa (40 psi). These low-pressure nodes are in proximity to the Shoalt's reservoir and occur during peak periods; simulation time 11am to 12 noon for ADD and 10am to 11am for MDD. The observed minimum pressures in this portion of the study area for ADD and MDD are 239 kPa and 234 kPa respectively and are thought to be due to high ground elevations (maximum of 193m) and fluctuations of the Shoalt's Drive Reservoir head (between 217.5m and 219.0m). As to be expected during higher demands, more low-pressure nodes were observed in the surrounding study area during MDD scenario than ADD. There were also few low-pressure nodes observed in the other future growth areas of the system.

Figure A-3 shows the available fire flow during MDD at a residual pressure of 140 kPa (20 psi). Certain portions of the study area, specifically watermains along the Rice Road and Topham Boulevard have available fire flows less than 67 L/s (the City standard for single family residential). However, the new 300mm watermain upgrade along Quaker Road (from Clare Avenue to Rice Road) improves fire flows along Quaker Road, Montgomery Road and in Summerlea Avenue. The dead ends of the watermains in this portion of the area still indicated low fire flows (< 67 L/s).

The low availability of fire flows is due to both the high ground elevation and the size of the watermains supplying these hydrants.

3.2.2 Future Conditions without NWSP Development

In the existing model from the City, it was observed that the future model scenario included NWSP infrastructure and demands based on the previous study. A total of 48.7 L/s for future ADD and 73.1 L/s for future MDD was allocated in the NWSP region at the model junctions summarized below in Table 3-3.

Table 3-3: Identified Previous NWSP Demands from the City's Model

Junction ID	Future ADD (L/s)	Future MDD (L/s)
3952	1.00	1.07
567	3.15	4.72
812	2.52	3.77
815	3.86	5.79
818	4.01	6.02
8622	1.18	1.77
8623	5.35	8.03
J-FUT-47	10.10	15.16
J-FUT-48	2.14	3.21
J-FUT-49	5.58	8.37
J-FUT-50	6.08	9.12
J-FUT-51	4.03	6.05
Total Demand	49.00	73.08

To prevent “doubling up” on NWSP demands, the previously proposed infrastructure for NWSP has been removed from the future analysis.

Figures A-4 and A-5 show the minimum pressure during future ADD and MDD, without the NWSP development. As these figures show, a significant improvement in pressures was noted in the surrounding study area when compared to the existing scenarios, with only a small number of low-pressure nodes noted. This is due to the change in the pumping procedure at the WTP for the future scenario.

Figures 3-2 and 3-3 below show the hydraulic grade (HG) for Shoalt's and Bemis tanks for the existing and future MDD Scenarios. The pumping operating procedure at the WTP for the existing scenario shuts down the pumps mid-morning, coinciding with periods of higher system demand. During this mid-morning WTP shutdown, both the Shoalt's Drive Reservoir and the Bemis Elevated Tank levels are drawn down; this draw down is sharp and reaches its lowest hydraulic grade level (HG) around noon. However, with the current future pumping scheme at WTP, the HG at Shoalt's and Bemis shows a sustained hydraulic head after 6 am showing improved pressures in the surrounding study area.

The future pumping schemes in the model for ADD and MDD scenarios showed improved pressures surrounding the study area which appeared to resolve most of the low-pressure nodes that were highlighted in existing scenarios. A few low-pressure nodes (250 kPa to 261kPa) still persisted surrounding the study area particularly nodes close to the Shoalt's reservoir.

An attempt was made to assess the future system by changing the current future pumping scheme for MDD scenario by altering the pumping hours at pump H-1 (On at 0:00 and Off at 2:00) which showed improved pressures in the reservoir area but not completely eliminated. As modification of pumping schemes is outside of the scope of this analysis, this would need to be confirmed by the City when adjusting the overall system configuration and settings.

Figure A-6 shows the available fire flow during future MDD prior to the proposed development. Parts of the surrounding study area on the south and east sides showed sufficient fire flows as required for multi-family residential housing (133 L/s) however, the nodes on the Rice Road watermain have less than the design standard of 133 L/s. Most of the Shoalt's reservoir area showed adequate fire flows with the new 300mm watermain upgrade in Quaker Road and by opening the 750mm Region trunk main interconnection in Clare Avenue N with the exception of the dead-end locations.

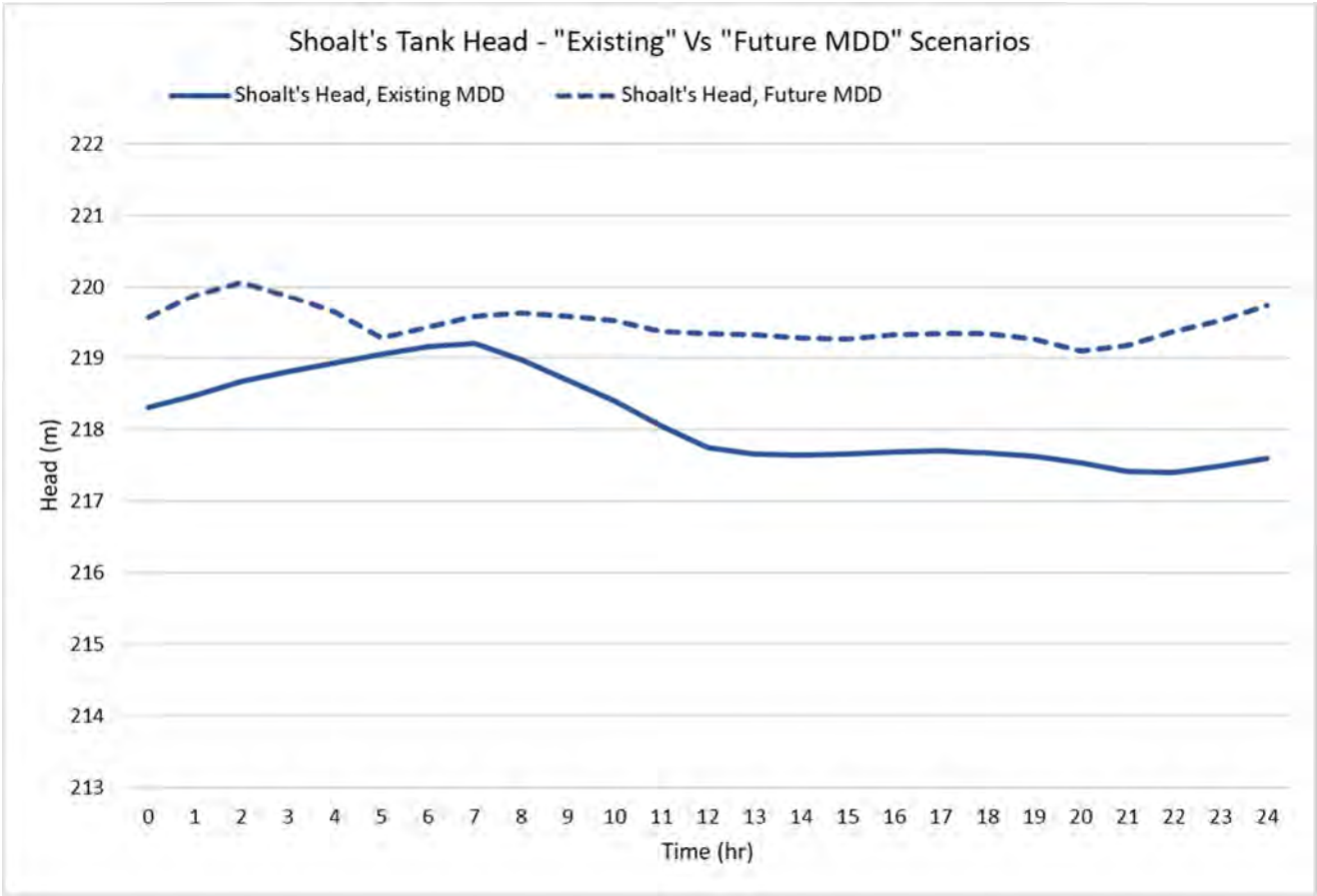


Figure 3-2: Shoalt's Tank Head – Existing and Future MDD Scenarios (without NWSP)

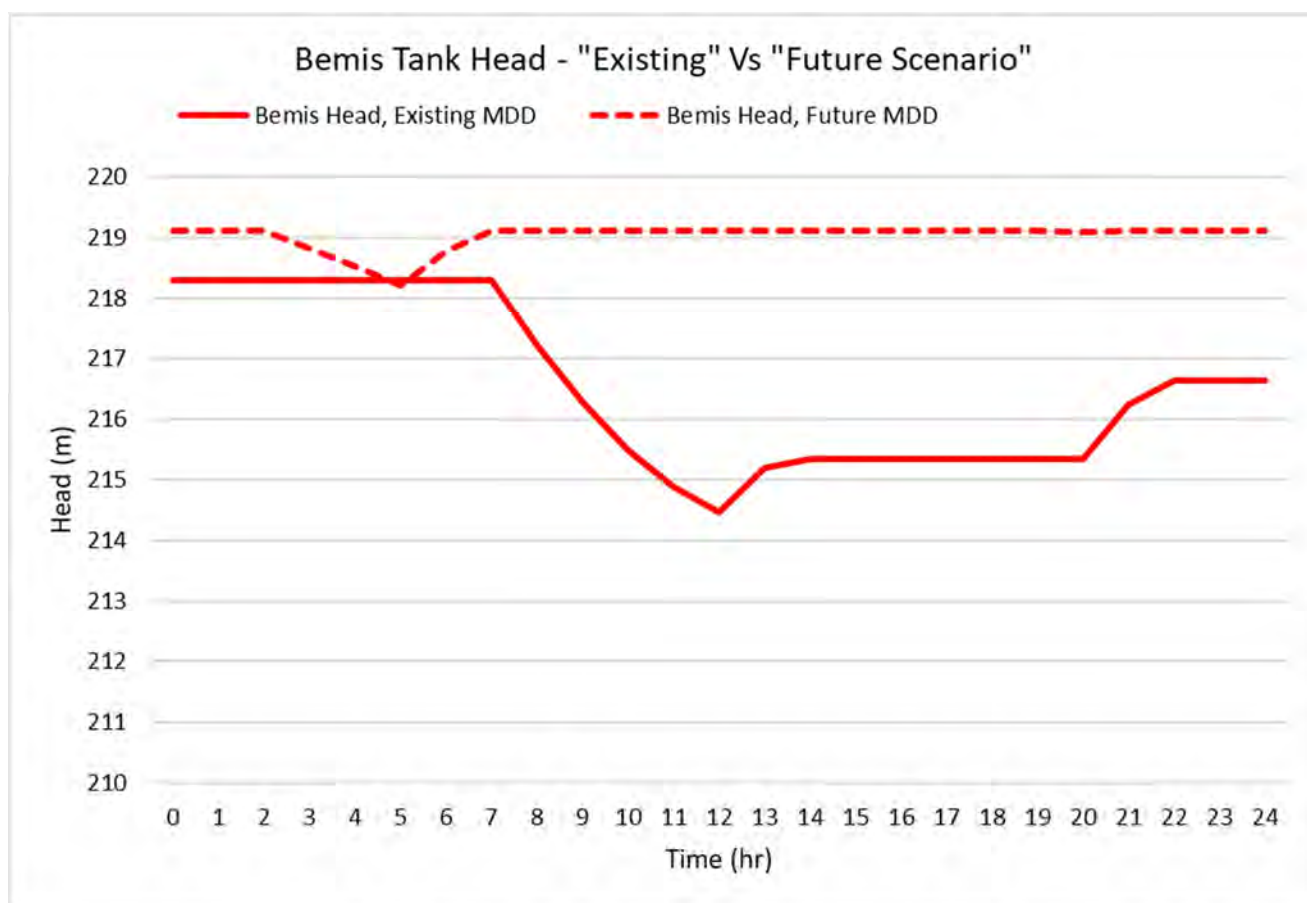


Figure 3-3: Bemis Tank Head – Existing and Future MDD Scenarios (without NWSP)

3.3 Proposed System Requirements

Several pipes and junctions were added to the City of Welland InfoWater model to represent future servicing of the NWSP area. The proposed pipe routing is laid based on the new NWSP site layout as shown in Figure 1-2 in Section 1.0 of this report. As the existing 300mm main on Quaker Road acts as a main supply line for this study area, the proposed mains for NWSP were mainly branched and looped out from this main to service the proposed development. Note that only significant pipes that will connect the NWSP site were included in the model. There will be additional future piping required along local roads upon finalization of the site layout.

Junction elevations for the newly added nodes in the study area were assigned based on the City of Welland 1 m contours. Pipe sizing for the major loops shown in Figure 3-4 was established as part of the hydraulic analysis to achieve the required fire flow of 133 L/s as needed for the medium density residential. New piping is shown in bold red; existing piping in blue.

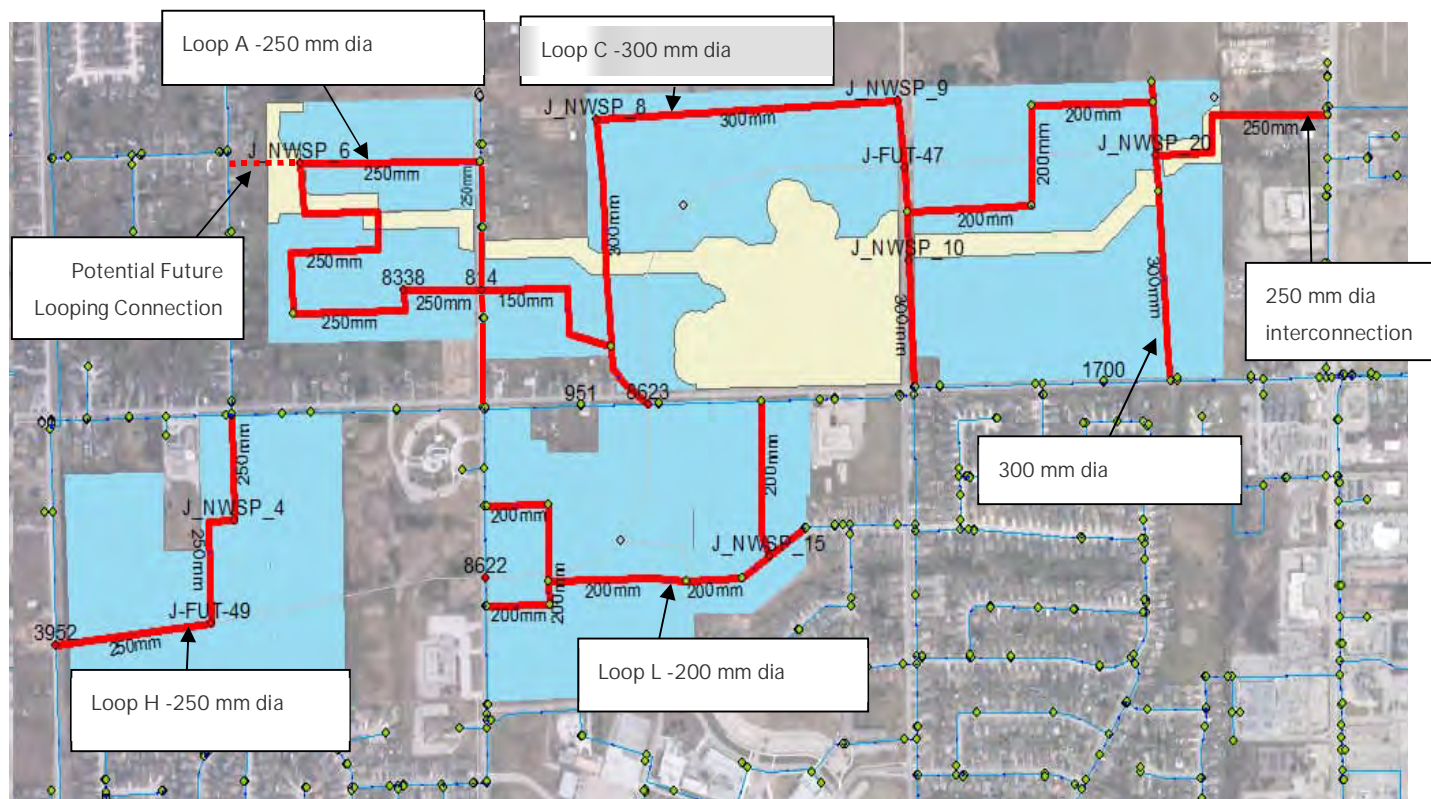


Figure 3-4: Proposed Infrastructure for NWSP Development

3.3.1 Hydraulic Analysis

The development demands for the proposed NWSP development were added to the Futures ADD and MDD scenarios in the model. The hydraulic analysis then was carried out with NWSP future demands to identify the impact of this proposed development on the future system and to confirm the pipe sizing and servicing requirements to support the future NWSP development.

Figures A-7 and A-8 show the minimum available pressures during ADD and MDD EPS, and Figure A-9 shows the available fire flows, with the NWSP area serviced with the proposed watermain sizes identified.

As these figures show, the addition of NWSP area to the future system does not significantly impact the surrounding system pressures, instead the proposed servicing has shown improved pressures over Future ADD and MDD when no NWSP development was added. As with the other modelled scenarios, there are existing low-pressure nodes near Shoalt's Drive Reservoir area, however no exacerbation of low pressures was noted when the NWSP development was added.

Figure A-9 shows most of the NWSP study area meets fire flow requirements of 133 L/s that is required for medium density housing with the following pipe servicing requirements.

The major watermain loops (Loop A, C, H and L) that are proposed to service the future NWSP development are shown in Figure 3-4 above. The pipe routing and sizing was identified based on the current site layout provided by the

developers and to achieve the design fire flow of 133 L/s throughout the study area. Should a change in the NWSP site layout occur in the future, a review of the analysis may be required to re-confirm the pipe sizes and servicing options. Furthermore, additional modelling may be required in the future to assess the extent of the overall system that is required to be constructed to facilitate each development block on a project-by-project basis.

To supply the required fire flow (133 L/s) to the northwest portion of the NWSP, specifically, the development that is planned west of Rice Road, an upgrade of Rice Road watermain and as well as the new water mains installed in this area should be a minimum of 250mm as shown as Loop A. With this upgrade, the fire flows in the area were improved and vary from 138 L/s to 213 L/s. It is also noted that a potential future looping connection between the northwest portion of the NWSP and the existing watermain on Montgomery Road can be considered based on final development details and servicing requirements within the area.

A new 300mm watermain loop, Loop C will be required to supply the C-block of the NWSP planned development. In addition, a new interconnection with 250mm watermain connecting the NWSP development to the watermain in Niagara Street on the eastern side is also made to improve the fire flows in the area.

Two major watermain loops with 200mm and 250mm, Loop L and Loop H respectively will be required for the southern portion of the NWSP, to provide the required fire flow of 133 L/s in this area. Without the Loop L, the development blocks K and M were not able to achieve the design fire flows of 133 L/s.

Overall, the proposed NWSP development shows improved operating pressures except in the low-pressure areas previously identified. Improved fire flows were also noted around the NWSP study area with the proposed pipe servicing, both within and outside the development boundaries.

3.3.2 Storage Requirements Review

A review of the City of Welland's overall storage capacity and existing and future storage requirements was conducted to determine the impact of the NWSP area on future storage needs. As per the MECP Design Guidelines for Drinking Water Systems, storage requirements for a water distribution system are as follows:

- Equalization Storage (A) = 25% of Maximum Day Demand
- Fire Storage (B) = 378 L/s for 6 hours (Based on MECP Equivalent Population Fire Flow Requirement)
- Emergency Storage (C) = 25% of A + B

Table 3-4 summarizes the total available storage identified in the Region Master Plan (as used in the previous report) and the calculated existing and future storage needs for the system based on the City of Welland model demands. As shown, there is sufficient storage in the Welland system to allow for the addition of the NWSP area. The total additional storage required for the addition of the NWSP area is 1.4 ML.

Table 3-4: Available and Required Water Storage

Description	Storage (ML)
Total Available Storage	37.0
Existing Required Storage	19.7
Future Required Storage without NWSP (a)	26.5

Description	Storage (ML)
Future Required Storage with NWSP (b)	27.9
Required Additional Storage for NWSP (b-a)	1.4

4 SANITARY

Sanitary servicing in Niagara Region is based on a two-tiered approach. The Region is responsible for the wastewater treatment plants, trunk sewers, pumping stations and forcemains. The City of Welland is responsible for the local gravity sewer system.

The sanitary sewage from the NWSP area will ultimately be treated at the Welland Wastewater Treatment Plant (WWTP). This WWTP services the City of Welland, Town of Pelham, and the Port Robinson area of the City of Thorold.

The existing sanitary services in the NWSP area includes a regional main down Rice Road, local main in the Montgomery subdivision, and local and regional (trunk) sanitary sewer along Quaker Road. Primary sanitary sewage flows south down Rice Road, and then east down Quaker Road to Towpath Road. Sanitary sewage then flows northeast along Towpath Road to Towpath Sewage Pumping Station (SPS). Towpath SPS receives gravity flow from the regional trunk sanitary sewer along Quaker Road and flows from Hurricane Road SPS (Rice Road). Sewage from Towpath SPS is pumped through a forcemain across the Welland River to a gravity system, which ultimately flows to the Welland WWTP. A schematic of the existing sanitary servicing within the NWSP study area is provided in Figure 4-1.



Figure 4-1: Schematic of Existing Sanitary System in NWSP Study Area

4.1 Design Criteria

Existing and future peak flows conveyed by the trunk sewer on Quaker Road to the Towpath SPS were assumed to be equivalent to the flows represented in the City's all-pipe InfoSWMM model.

Additional flows contributed to the Quaker Road trunk sewer, and ultimately the Towpath SPS, by the NWSP area were calculated using the following design criteria:

- Extraneous flows = 0.286 L/s/ha
- Roughness coefficient = 0.013
- Residential per capita flow rate (for sewage generation) = 275 L/cap/day
- Peaking factor = Calculated based on Harmon formula with values between 2.0 and 4.0

4.2 Existing System Capacity

4.2.1 Trunk Sewer

The available capacity of the existing trunk sewer along Quaker Road from Rice Road to the Towpath SPS was reviewed using the City's all pipe InfoSWMM model.

Currently Line Avenue is the break point in the collection system, with areas west of Line Avenue flowing west and then south, contributing to the Welland WWTP drainage area. However, the Region Master Servicing Plan Update (MSPU) identified a new 600mm diameter connection (WW-SS-002) along Quaker Road from Line Avenue to Rice Road, which would redirect approximately 130L/s of flows from Pelham (north-west of Line Avenue) to the Quaker Road trunk sewer, and ultimately the Towpath SPS. Given this change in flows through the Quaker Road trunk sewer, the available capacity of this sewer was reviewed with this new connection. This completed available capacity assessment, based on the InfoSWMM model outputs, is attached in Appendix B. In general, the Quaker Road trunk sewer has significant available capacity – with future available capacity ranging from 100L/s to 3,194L/s with the new Line Avenue connection.

4.2.2 Towpath SPS and Forcemain

The Region MSPU identified that Towpath SPS has existing and future deficiencies based on existing and design peak wet weather flows. As such, the Region MSPU identified a capital project to upgrade the Towpath SPS during the timeframe of 2022 – 2026 from 118L/s to 600L/s (WW-SPS-037).

The Region MSPU also indicates that the existing Towpath SPS forcemain has current capacity; however, will have a projected capacity deficit for 2051 growth. There is already a constructed 600mm diameter forcemain that can be commissioned in line with Towpath upgrades, as identified in the Region MSPU capital projects during the timeframe of 2032-2036 (WW-FM-022).

4.2.3 Welland WWTP

The Region MSPU identified that the existing Welland WWTP has surplus capacity available to treat existing and future flows at the plant, with the plant reaching 80% capacity around the 2041 time horizon.

4.3 Proposed System Requirements

4.3.1 NWSP Sanitary Drainage Areas and Proposed Collection System

As requested, two sanitary servicing options were prepared and reviewed for feasibility for the NWSP area, including: 1) development blocks on the east and west side of First Avenue are connected to a new city trunk located on First Avenue and 2) development blocks on the east and west side of First Avenue are connected through the development blocks to a new city trunk located on Quaker Road.

Figure 4-2 and Figure 4-3 (also provided in Appendix B as Figure B-1 and B-2, respectively) show the approximate location of future city trunk sanitary gravity sewers within the NWSP area and the location where the city trunks will connect to the existing Region trunk sewer on Quaker Road for each servicing option. Figure 4-2 and Figure 4-3 also show identifying numbers for the individual NWSP drainage areas, which are referenced in the sewer design sheets provided in Appendix B.

The design sheets for the proposed sanitary sewers have been prepared with the new Line Avenue connection included. Note that the inverts and pipe lengths assigned to the existing trunk sewer in the proposed design sheets are from the City's InfoSWMM model. Existing peak flows into the trunk sewer, input at existing manhole locations in the design sheets, are also as per the City's InfoSWMM model. All inverts and pipe lengths of the proposed city trunk sewers have been assigned based on preliminary modeling and the existing ground contours of the area. Note that, it is assumed that any other sanitary sewer required on future local roads servicing the NWSP area, will be 200 mm diameter.

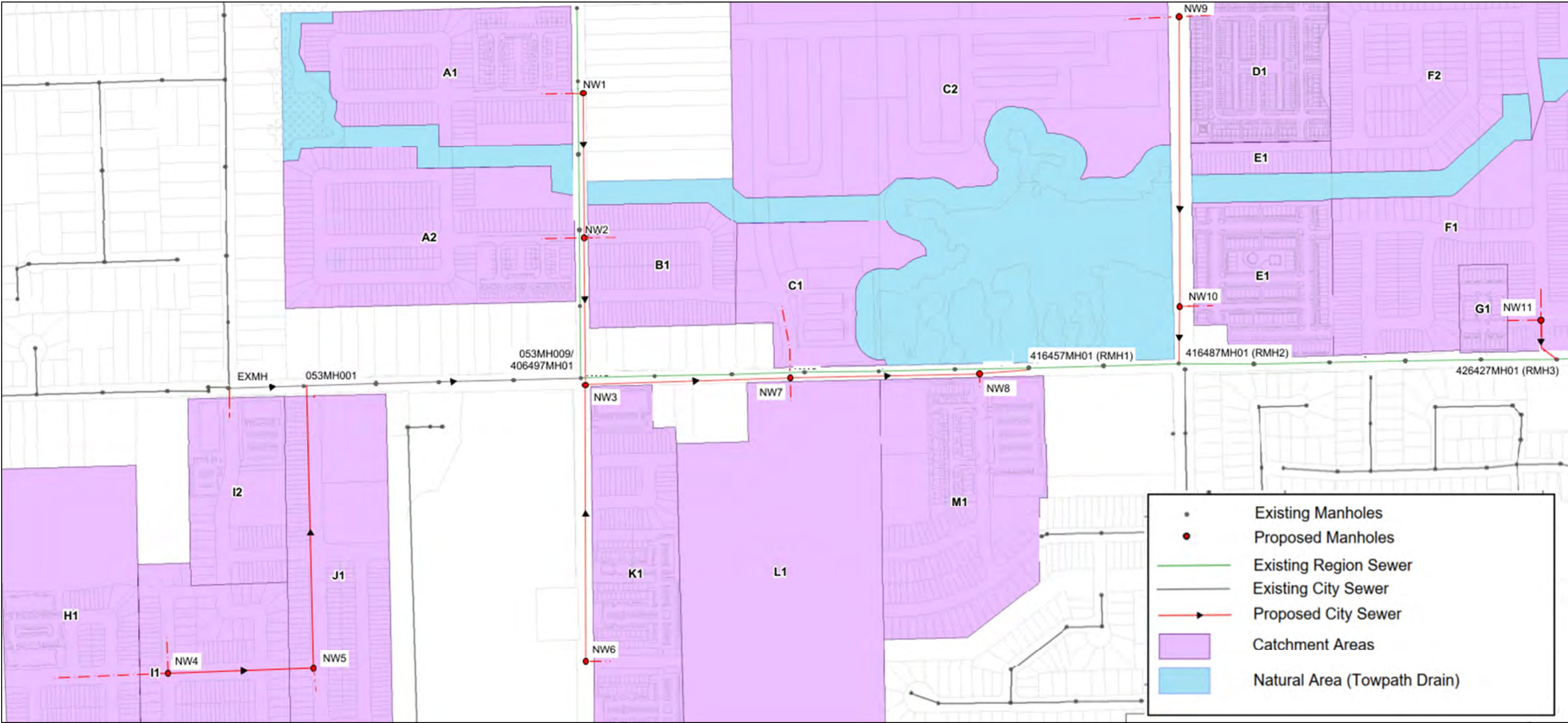


Figure 4-2: Proposed Sanitary System and Drainage Areas – Option 1

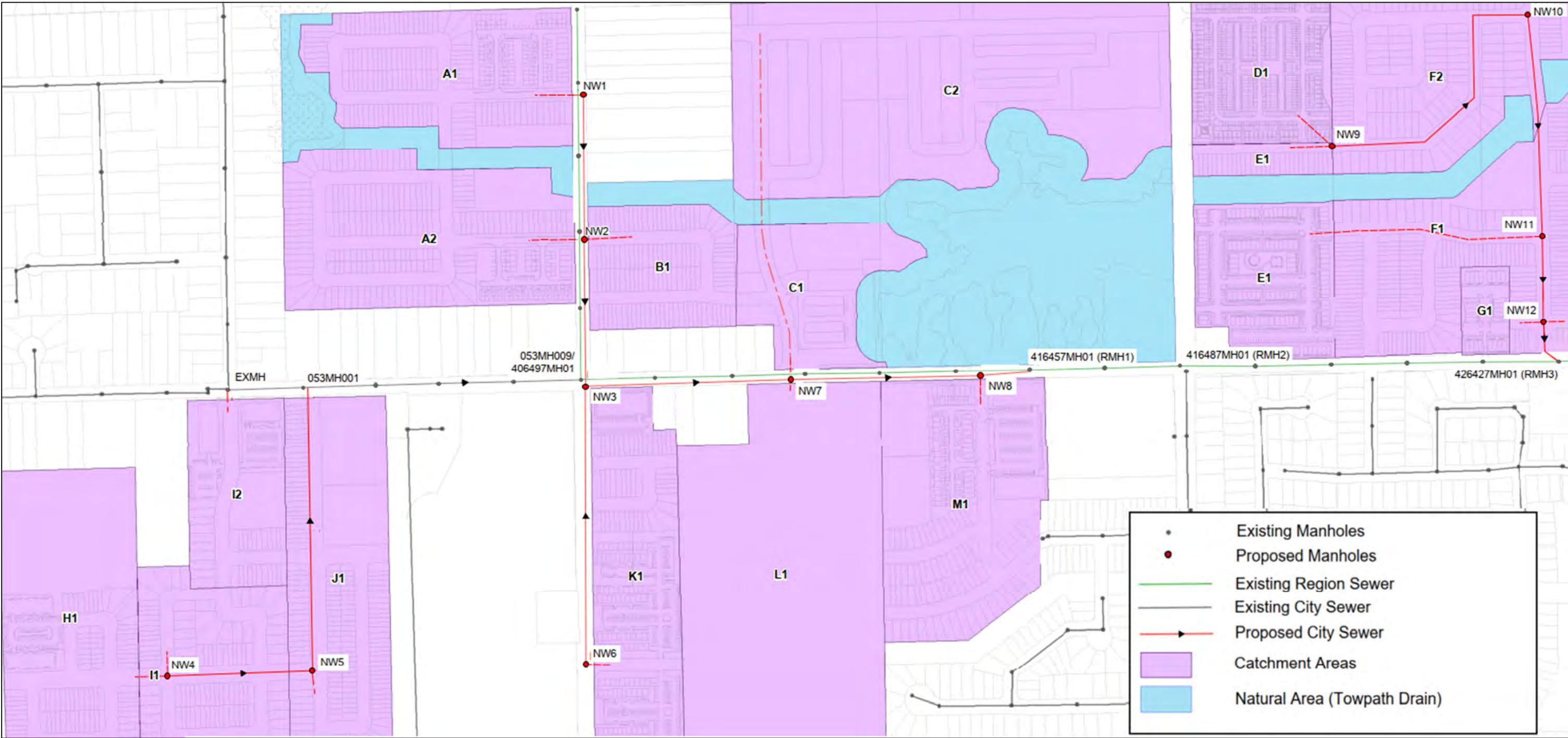


Figure 4-3: Proposed Sanitary System and Drainage Areas – Option 2

For servicing Option 2, the proposed trunk sewer within the quadrant east of First Avenue and north of Quaker Road (from NW10 to NW11) must cross the proposed Towpath Drain. For this preliminary assessment, using the existing ground contours and referencing the Towpath Drain Re-Alignment drawing package (Upper Canada Consultants, 2022) it appears that the proposed trunk sewer will be in direct conflict with the proposed box culvert and new creek bottom, making this servicing option not achievable. Further review and confirmation, based on proposed development details, will be required to determine viability of this servicing option moving forward.

As shown in the appended design sheets, the NWSP drainage area contributes overall an additional 143.3L/s of peak flow to the Quaker Road trunk sewer. Based on the capacity review of the existing trunk sewer on Quaker Road (provided in Appendix B), there are two (2) pipe segments that have an available capacity below 143L/s. The first pipe segment (19001376) is located between Rice Road and RMH1 (as shown on Figures 4-2 and 4-3 above). Since this segment will only receive an additional 27L/s sanitary flow from the NWSP area, this segment is not a concern. The second pipe segment (19001405) is located further downstream on Towpath Road between Grisdale Road and the Towpath Road SPS. Model analysis indicates this segment has 100L/s of available capacity with the Line Avenue trunk sewer connection. Further review and confirmation of available capacity within this segment should be completed prior to full build out of the NWSP area.

Although the phasing of future development within the NWSP area is not currently known, the proposed layout of this area and the associated sanitary design is such that the individual quadrants (defined as: areas west of Rice Road and north of Quaker Road (catchment area A); areas west of Rice Road and south of Quaker Road (catchment areas H, I, J); areas east of Rice Road and south of Quaker Road (catchment areas K, L, M); areas east of Rice Road and north of Quaker Road (catchment areas B, C1); areas east of First Avenue and north of Quaker Road (catchment areas D, E, F, G); and areas west of First Avenue (catchment area C2)) can mostly be developed independently of each other. Several exceptions to this include:

- the proposed city trunk sewer on Quaker Road (from NW3 to RMH1) must be constructed prior to development of catchment area A, catchment area B and catchment area K occurring;
- a portion of the proposed city trunk sewer on Quaker Road (from NW7 to RMH1) must be constructed prior to any development occurring within catchment areas C1 (and C2 for servicing Option 2), L, and M.
- for servicing Option 1, the proposed city trunk sewer on First Avenue (from NW9 to RMH2) must be constructed prior to development within catchment areas C2, D, and E.

The remainder of the city trunk sewers within each development quadrant should be constructed as development occurs in that quadrant starting from the downstream end.

Alternatively, to eliminate duplication of trunk infrastructure along Quaker Road and Rice Road, additional connections can be considered directly to the regional trunk main in order to eliminate the need for a 'local' trunk system. This approach would also eliminate most of the phasing exceptions noted above, as the local trunk would not need to be constructed.

4.3.2 Towpath SPS and Forcemain

The Welland NWSP area will contribute an additional 143.3L/s of peak flow to the Towpath SPS. As previously noted, the Region MSPU identified a planned upgrade to this SPS. The SPS upgrades will be required to address existing and future capacity and will be required to be completed before significant development can occur within the NWSP area.

The Towpath SPS forcemain has sufficient existing and future capacity to accommodate flows from the Welland NWSP area, provided the constructed 600mm diameter forcemain is commissioned prior to 2051 flows and build-out.

4.3.3 Welland WWTP and Downstream System

As previously noted, the Welland WWTP currently has a capacity surplus, and the NWSP area can be added. The Region MSPU did indicate the plant will reach 80% capacity around 2041. The post-2051 flows are expected to exceed the plant capacity; however, the plant can accommodate flows to 2051.

Additionally, the trunk sewer that the Towpath SPS forcemain discharges to has available capacity between the discharge point and the WWTP to accept an increase in flow. The design of the future Towpath SPS upgrade should confirm the capacity of the downstream trunk sewer when determining SPS outflow rates.

5 STORM

The existing NWSP area topography is quite flat and drains in a west to east direction. The land use is mainly pasture/ agricultural land interspersed with country residential homes. The plan area is significantly developed all around the boundary as well as within the plan area itself. The west side of the study area is already developed with country residential homes. There are two (2) major drainage channels that flow through the site – Towpath Drain within the northern portion of the development area and a tributary to Welland Recreational Canal within the southern portion of the development area. These two (2) channels are identified by the Niagara Peninsula Conservation Authority (NPCA) as requiring approval for any development draining to the channels. The existing stormwater drainage paths are shown in Figure 5-1.

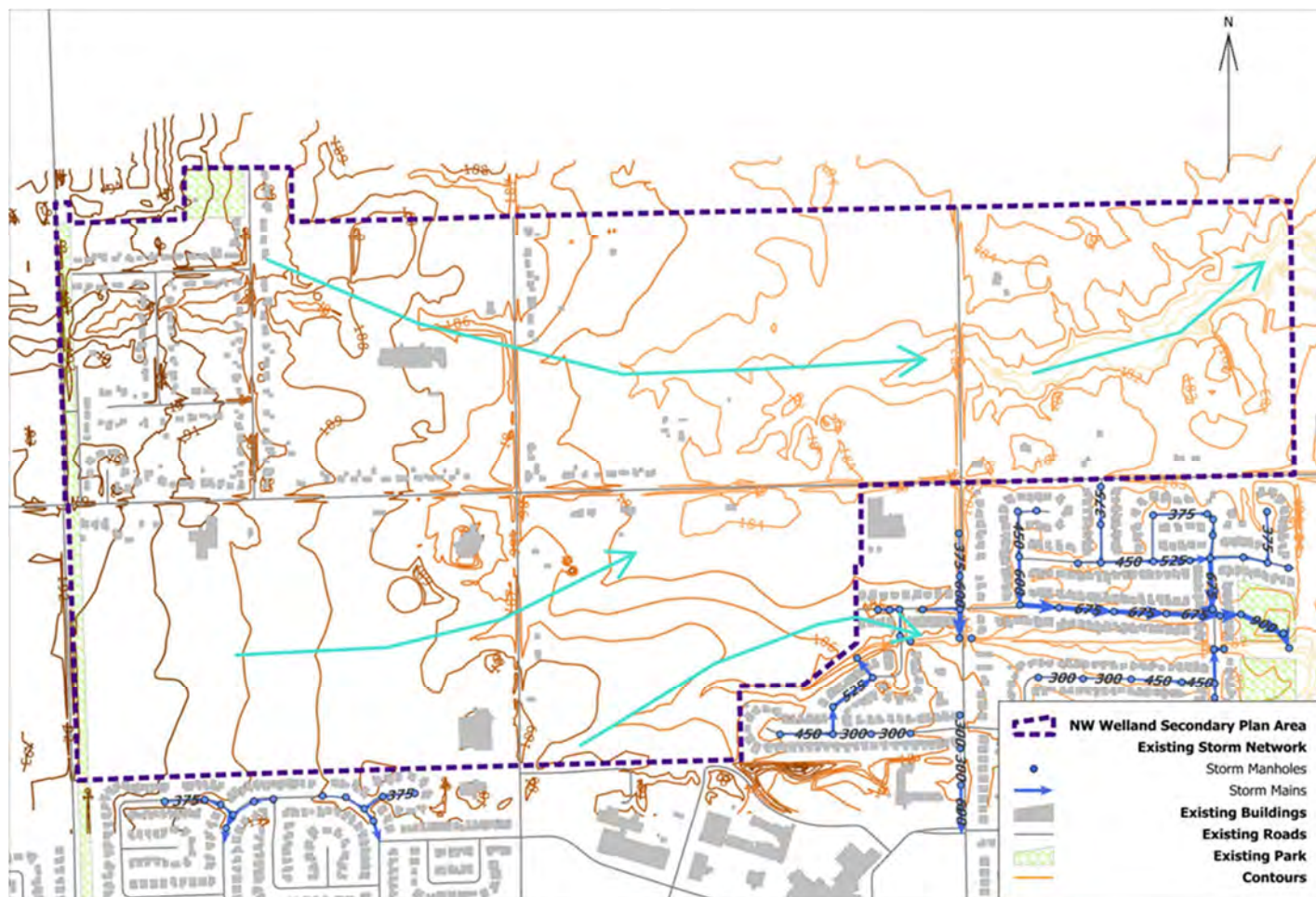


Figure 5-1: Schematic of Existing Stormwater Drainage Path

5.1 Design Criteria

The overall stormwater management plan for the NWSP area was initially developed by Aquafor Beech (2020) and updated and refined by Upper Canada Consultants (2022). The focus of this report is the identification of gravity sewer servicing requirements. The following design criteria were used in identifying these servicing requirements:

- Pipes were sized using the rational method with the City of Welland's 5-Year IDF curve values ($a = 830$, $b = 0.777$, $c = 7.3$)
- Friction factor = 0.013
- Run-off coefficients (as per City of Welland's Design Standards) of:
 - Low Density Residential (i.e.: Single Family) = 0.40
 - Medium Density Residential (i.e.: Semi-Detached) = 0.50
 - High Density Residential (i.e.: Townhouses) = 0.60

5.2 Existing System Capacity

Since the proposed servicing, which is the focus of this report, will not leverage any existing gravity storm sewers in the area, no review of existing system capacity was conducted.

5.3 Proposed System Requirements

5.3.1 Proposed Stormwater Management Pond Locations

The stormwater management plan developed by Upper Canada Consultants identified approximate locations for eight (8) storm ponds, which will outlet to the Towpath Drain (channel north of Quaker Road), while one (1) storm pond will outlet to the tributary to Welland Recreational Canal (channel south of Quaker Road). The intent of the stormwater management plan is that all runoff from the proposed NWSP area will be directed to these storm pond locations through new gravity sewers installed on existing and future roads.

The approximate location of these proposed storm ponds is shown on the Ultimate Stormwater Management Plan figure from the Upper Canada Consultants Stormwater Management Implementation Plan (October 2022), which is included in Appendix C for reference. These pond locations were used to identify approximate outlet locations for the gravity sewers that will be required to service the NWSP area.

5.3.2 Proposed Gravity Sewers

Figure 5-2 (also provided in Appendix C as Figure C-2) shows the approximate location of future trunk storm gravity sewer outlets to the proposed storm ponds within the NWSP area. Figure 5-2 also shows identifying numbers for the individual NWSP drainage areas, which are referenced in the sewer design sheet found in Appendix C. Note, the design sheet was used primarily to identify outlet pipe sizing. Pipe sizes/lengths for the remainder of the future system were also approximated for preliminary costing (see Section 6), with a conservative assumption of a minimum pipe size of 450mm.

Based on the results of the completed sewer design sheet found in Appendix C, Table 5-1 shows the identified required outlet sizes for each approximate pond location.



Figure 5-2: Proposed Storm System and Drainage Areas

Table 5-1: Required Outlet Size

Outlet #	Size (mm)
SWM1	900
SWM2	900
SWM3	1050
SWM4	1200
SWM5	1350
SWM6	750
SWM7	1350
SWM8	1200
SWM9	1200

Note that pipe slopes identified in the design sheet were assigned based on the existing ground contours for the area and the required outlet elevations, with the intent of ensuring suitable cover over all proposed pipes.

6 PRELIMINARY COSTING

Preliminary costing for the conceptual water, sanitary, and stormwater servicing is provided in Table 6-1. Note – neither road works, utilities (including hydro, gas and communications servicing), nor restoration cost (asphalt) for works proposed on existing roads (Rice Road, Quaker Road, and First Avenue) are included in this estimate. A more detailed breakdown of these preliminary cost estimates can be found in Appendix D.

Table 6-1: Preliminary Cost Estimate for Municipal Servicing

Item	Scope of Work	Cost
Water Distribution System	Watermain (150mm to 300mm) including services, valves, and hydrants	\$26,366,775
Sanitary Collection Servicing	Sanitary Sewer (200mm to 450mm), including laterals and structures	\$36,657,195
Storm Collection Servicing	Storm Sewer (450mm to 1350mm), including structures	\$19,136,475
Sub-total	Water/Sanitary/Storm	\$82,160,445
Engineering	10% of Capital	\$8,216,200
Contingency	15% of Capital	\$12,324,200
TOTAL		\$102,700,845

7 CONCLUSIONS

The conclusions from the water, sanitary, and storm servicing capacity assessments are as follows:

Water:

- Proposed pipe servicing for the NWSP development is sized based on the design fire flow criteria of 133 L/s which are provided in Section 3. These include:
 - To supply fire flows for the northwest portion of NWSP development, the existing Rice Road watermain and the new infrastructure west of Rice Road (Loop A), should be a minimum of 250mm in diameter.
 - To supply water and adequate fire flows to the south-west portion of the development, a new 250mm diameter interconnection (Loop-H) is required to connect the existing 750mm regional trunk main on Clare Avenue to the new 300mm main on Quaker Road.
 - Loop C (300mm dia) for block C of NWSP and Loop L (200mm dia) for blocks K, L and M are required to provide the adequate fire flows.
 - A new 250mm watermain interconnection connecting the NWSP development to the Niagara Street Watermain on the east side will also be required to support the required fire flows.
- The addition of the NWSP development to the City's system does not negatively impact the surrounding system, and instead should improve pressures and fire flows in the area.
- The existing system has sufficient storage to support the future NWSP development.
- The proposed development does not negatively impact the existing low-pressure areas identified near Shoalt's Reservoir.

Sanitary:

- The existing trunk along Quaker Road, which conveys flows to the Towpath SPS, has sufficient capacity to accept the additional 143.3 L/s peak flow generated by the NWSP area, with the exception of pipe segment 19001405 on Towpath Road between Grisdale Road and the Towpath Road SPS. Model results indicate this segment has only 100L/s of available capacity.
- The Towpath SPS was identified in the Region MSPU as requiring an upgrade due to both growth north of the study area and the redirection of a portion of the flows from Pelham (north-west of Line Avenue) to the Towpath SPS through the Quaker Road trunk sewer. The timing of the Towpath SPS upgrade is 2022-2026 and will be required to be completed before significant development can occur within the NWSP area.
- The Towpath SPS forcemain has sufficient existing capacity; however, will have a projected capacity deficit for 2051 growth. There is already a constructed 600mm diameter forcemain that will require commissioning in line with Towpath SPS upgrades during the timeframe of 2032-2036 (WW-FM-022).
- The trunk sewer that the Towpath SPS forcemain discharges to has available capacity between the discharge point and the WWTP to accept an increase in flow.
- The WWTP has sufficient capacity to allow for the addition of the NWSP area.
- Future sanitary sewer sizing will range from 200 mm diameter to 450 mm diameter. Sizing to be confirmed during design.
- The phasing of future development within the NWSP area is not currently known; however, the proposed layout of this area is such that the individual quadrants (defined as: areas west of Rice Road and north of Quaker Road; areas west of Rice Road and south of Quaker Road; areas east of Rice Road and south of Quaker Road; areas east of Rice Road and north of Quaker Road; areas east of First Avenue and north of

Quaker Road; and areas west of First Avenue) can mostly be developed independently of each other, with exceptions noted below.

- The proposed city trunk sewer on Quaker Road (from NW3 to RMH1) must be constructed prior to development west of Rice Road, north of Quaker Road, and lands fronting the east side of Rice Road both north and south of Quaker Road.
- A portion of the proposed city trunk sewer on Quaker Road (from NW7 to RMH1) must be constructed prior to any development occurring east of Rice Road and west of First Avenue.
- For servicing Option 1, the proposed city trunk sewer on First Avenue (from NW9 to RMH2) must be constructed prior to development occurring immediately east and west of First Avenue.
- Alternatively, to eliminate duplication of trunk infrastructure along Quaker Road and Rice Road, additional connections can be considered directly to the regional trunk main in order to eliminate the need for a 'local' trunk system and most of the phasing exceptions noted above.

Storm:

- The stormwater management plan developed by Upper Canada Consultants identified approximate locations for nine (9) new storm water ponds to service the NWSP area. Gravity sewers along the existing and future roads will direct runoff to these pond locations. Outlet sizing for the ponds will range from approximately 750 mm diameter to 1350 mm diameter. Sizing to be confirmed during design.

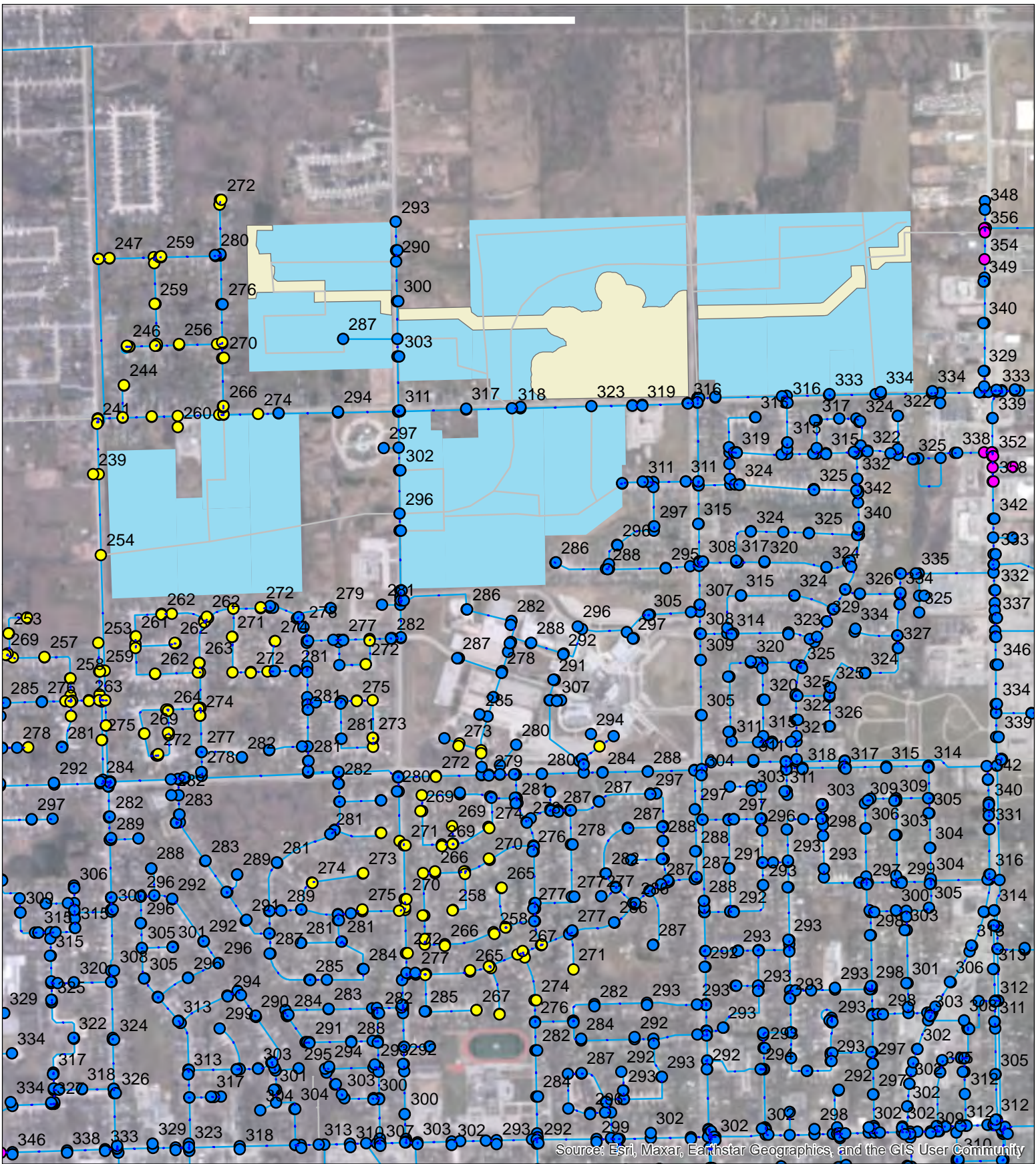
Respectfully Submitted by,



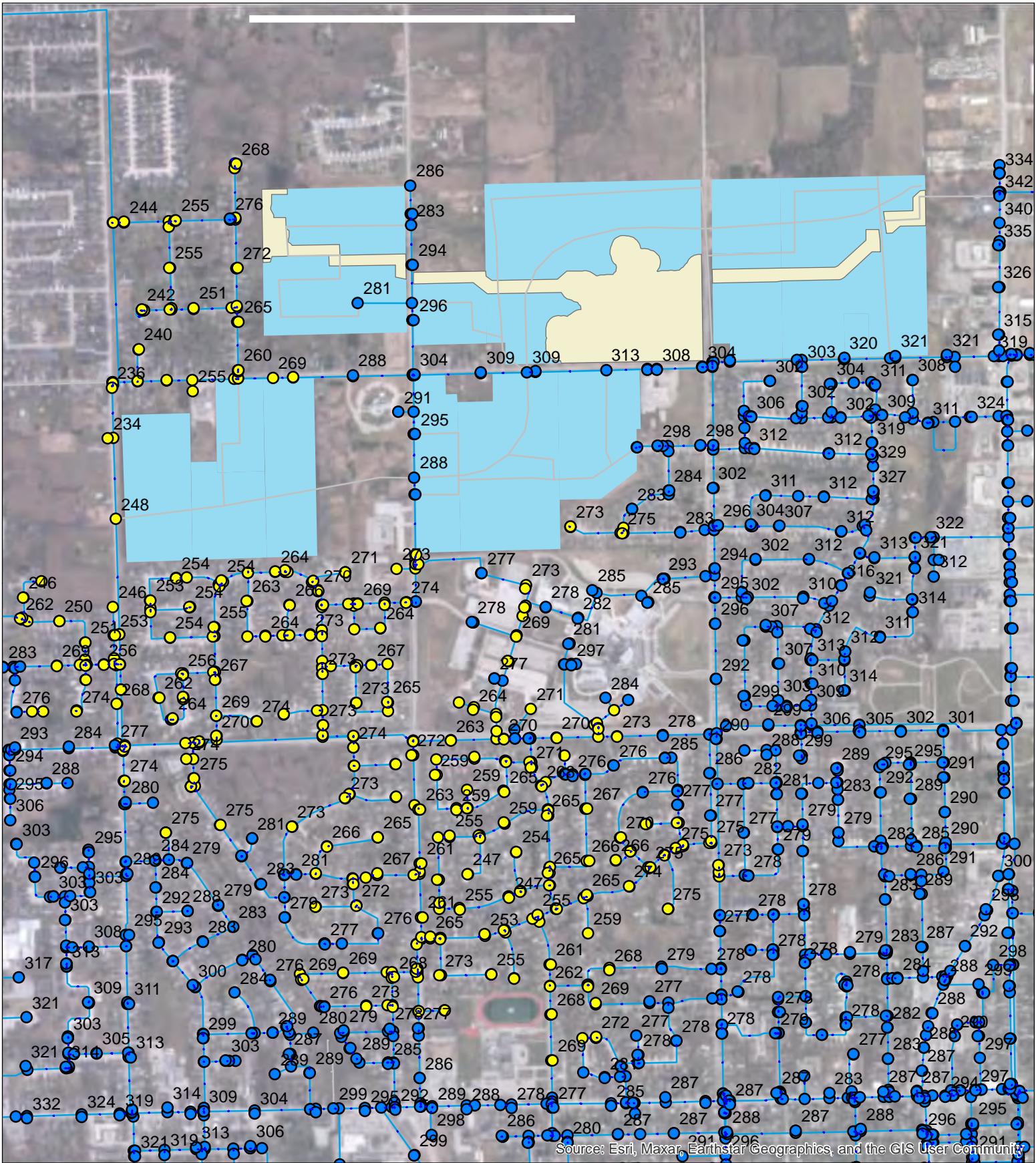
Andrea LaPlante, P.Eng.
Project Manager





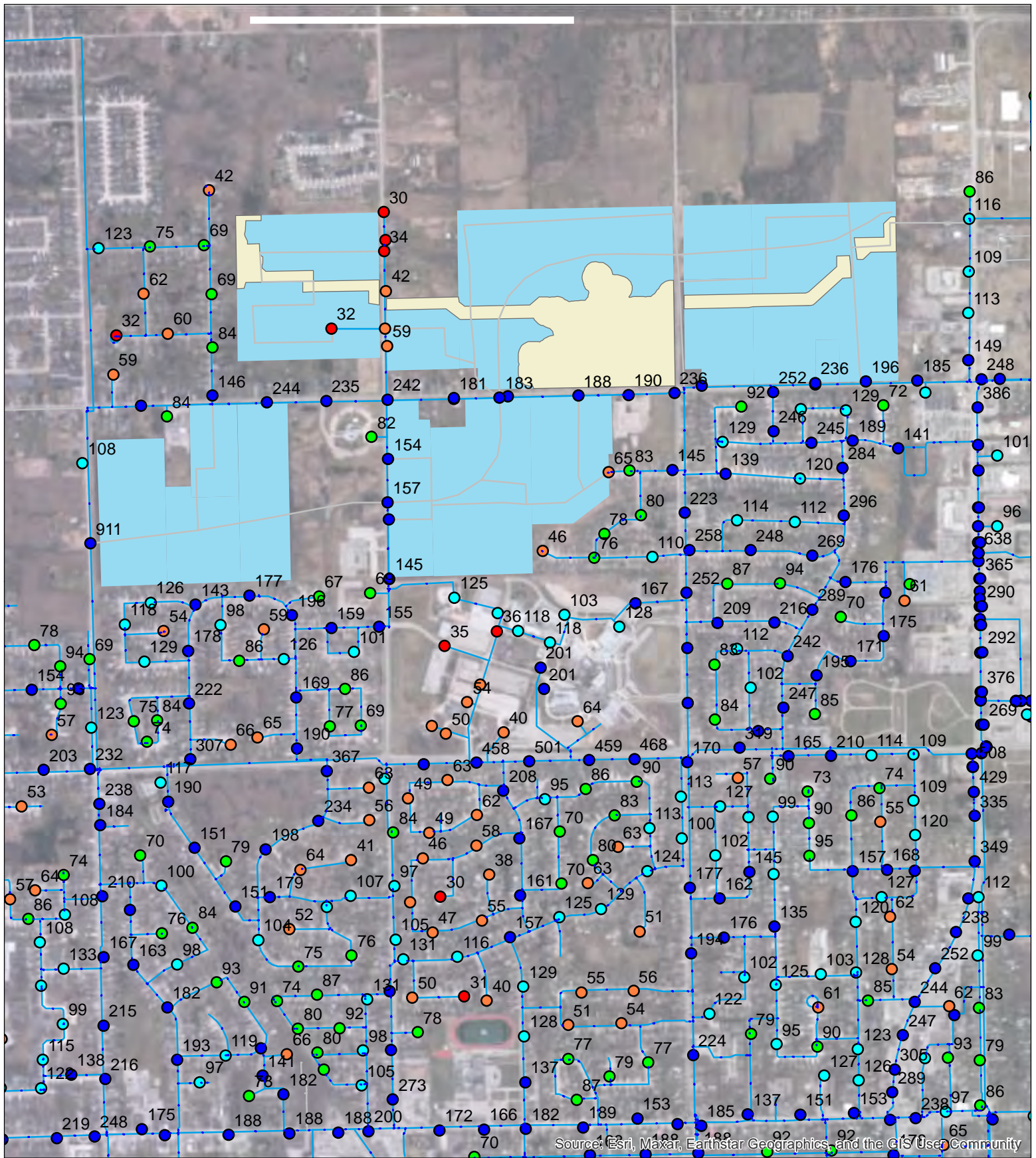
APPENDIX A - WATER



<p>Minimum Pressure (kPa)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> < 140 kPa 140 - 275 kPa 275 - 350 kPa 350 - 550 kPa 550 - 700 kPa > 700 kPa <p>Existing Watermain</p> <p>Proposed Development</p>	<div> </div> <p>Northwest Secondary Palm Municipal Servicing</p> <p>Existing ADD: Minimum Pressures</p> <p>Project No: 2023-5773 Date: March 2024</p> <p>Figure A-1</p>
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<p>Minimum Pressure (kPa)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> < 140 kPa 140 - 275 kPa 275 - 350 kPa 350 - 550 kPa 550 - 700 kPa >700 kPa <p>Existing Watermain</p> <p>Proposed Development</p>	<div>   </div> <p>Northwest Secondary Palm Municipal Servicing</p> <p>Existing MDD: Minimum Pressures</p> <div> <div> Project No: 2023-5773 Date: March 2024 </div> <div> Figure A-2 </div> </div>	
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Available Fire Flows (L/s)

- < 37 L/s
- 37 - 67 L/s
- 67 - 95 L/s
- 95 - 133 L/s
- > 133 L/s



Existing Watermain

Proposed Development



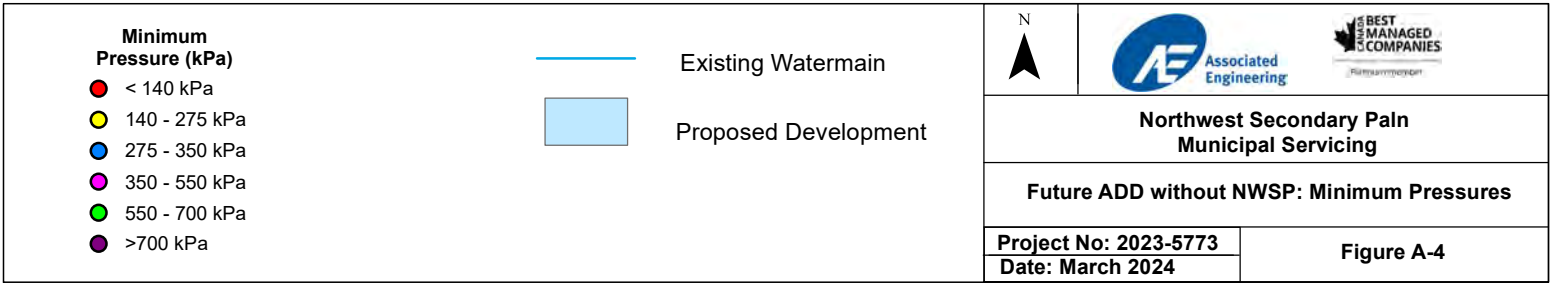
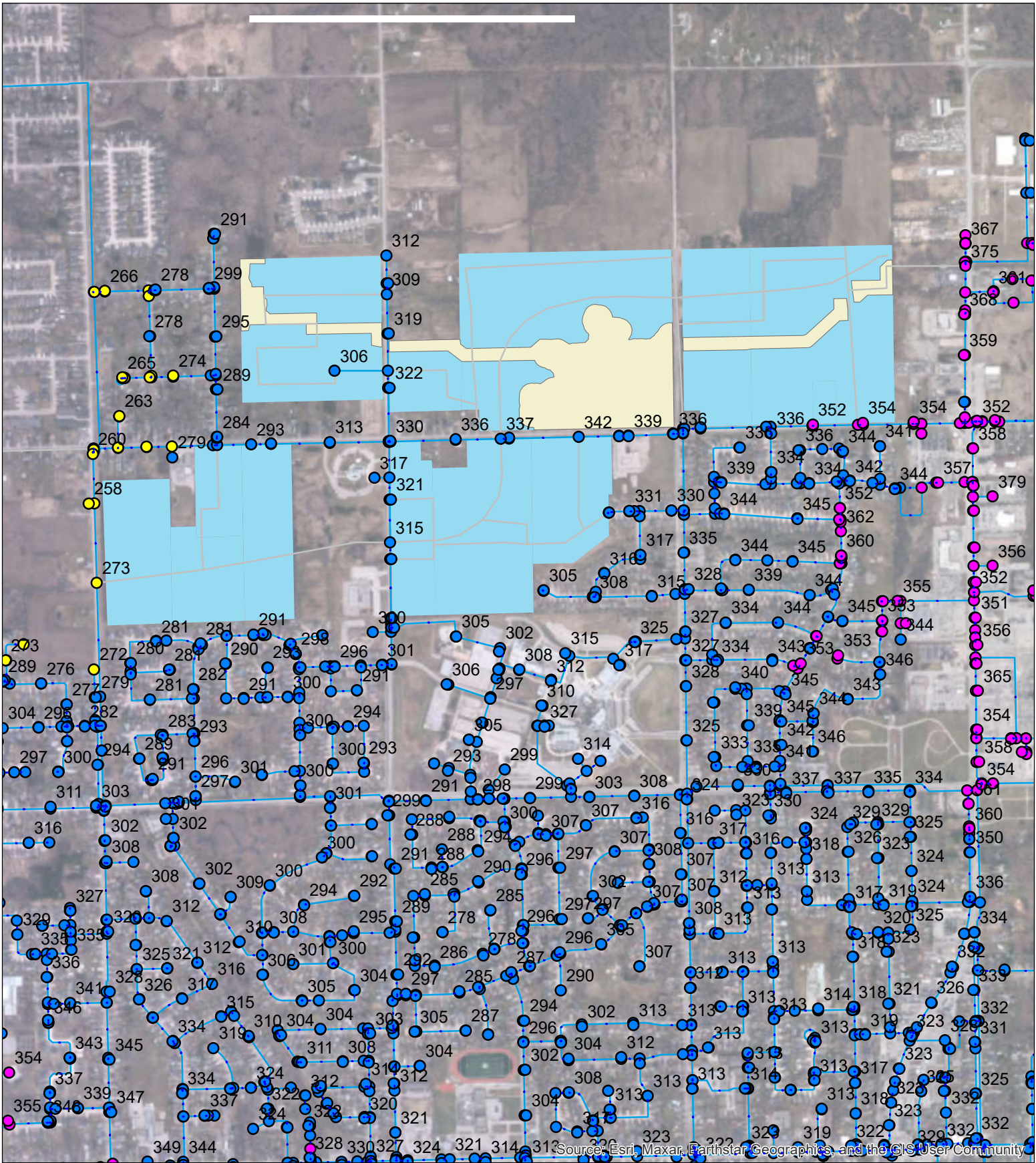
**Northwest Secondary Palm
Municipal Servicing**

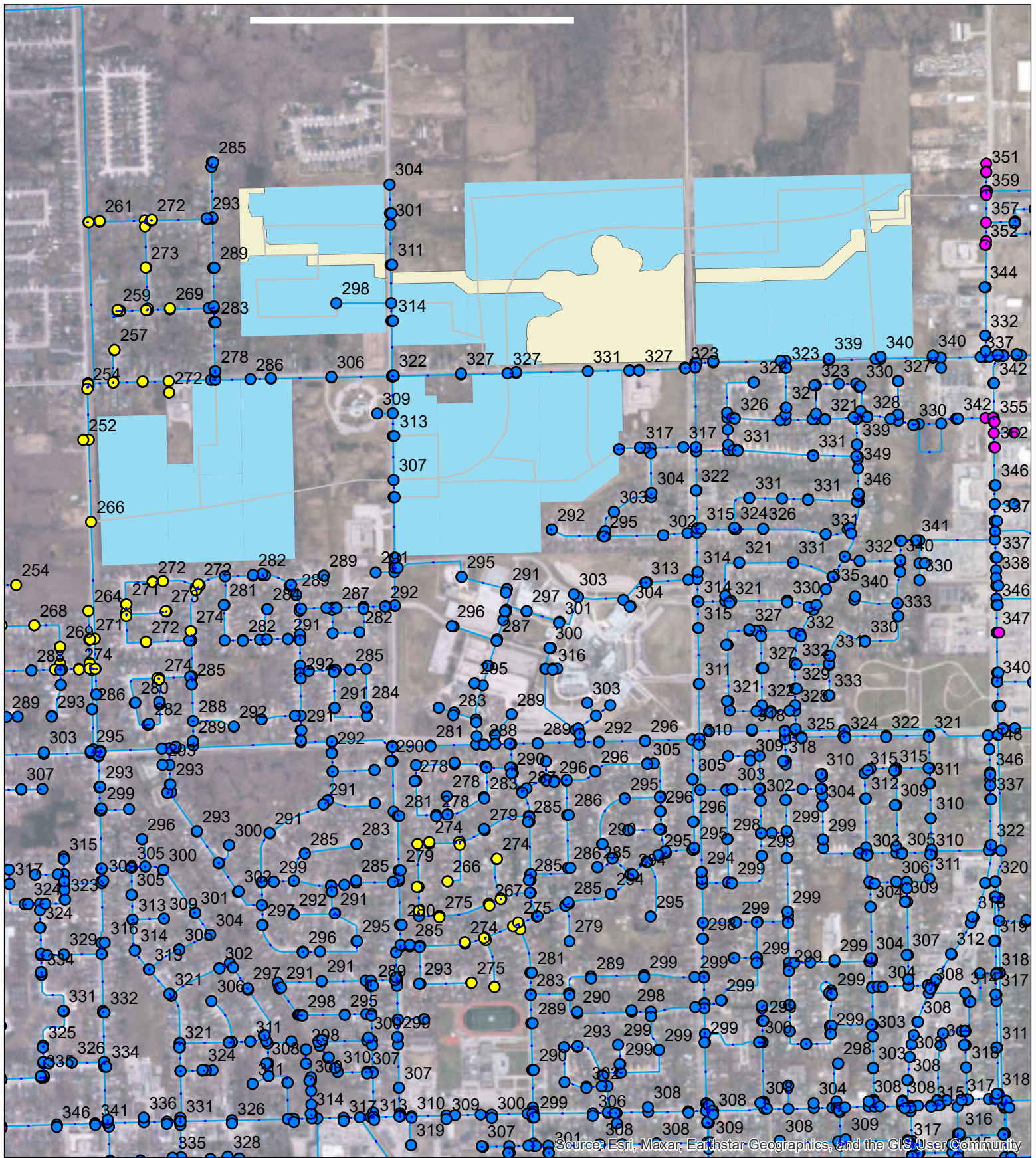
Existing MDD+FF: Available Fire Flows (L/s)

Project No: 2023-5773

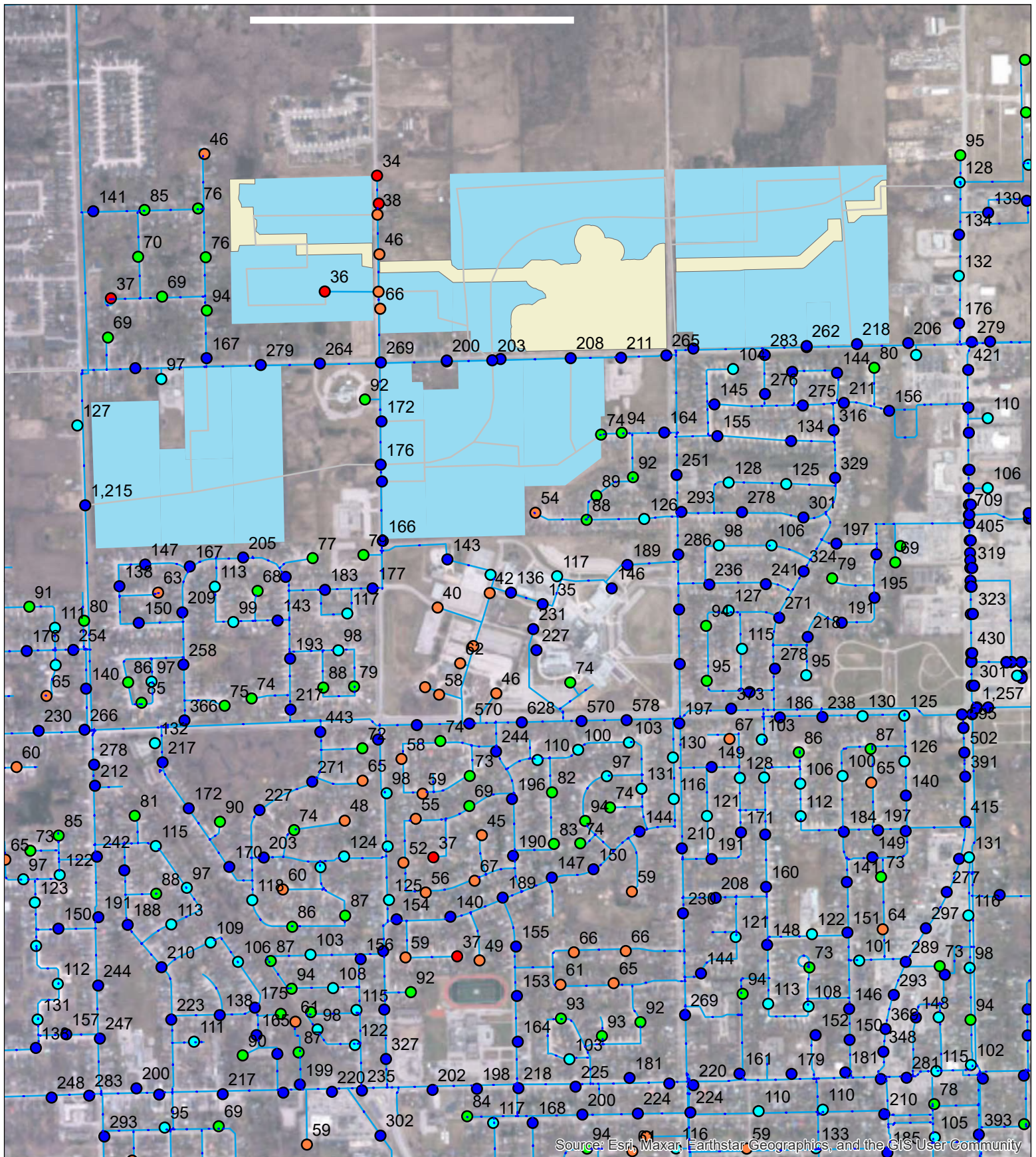
Date: March 2024

Figure A-3






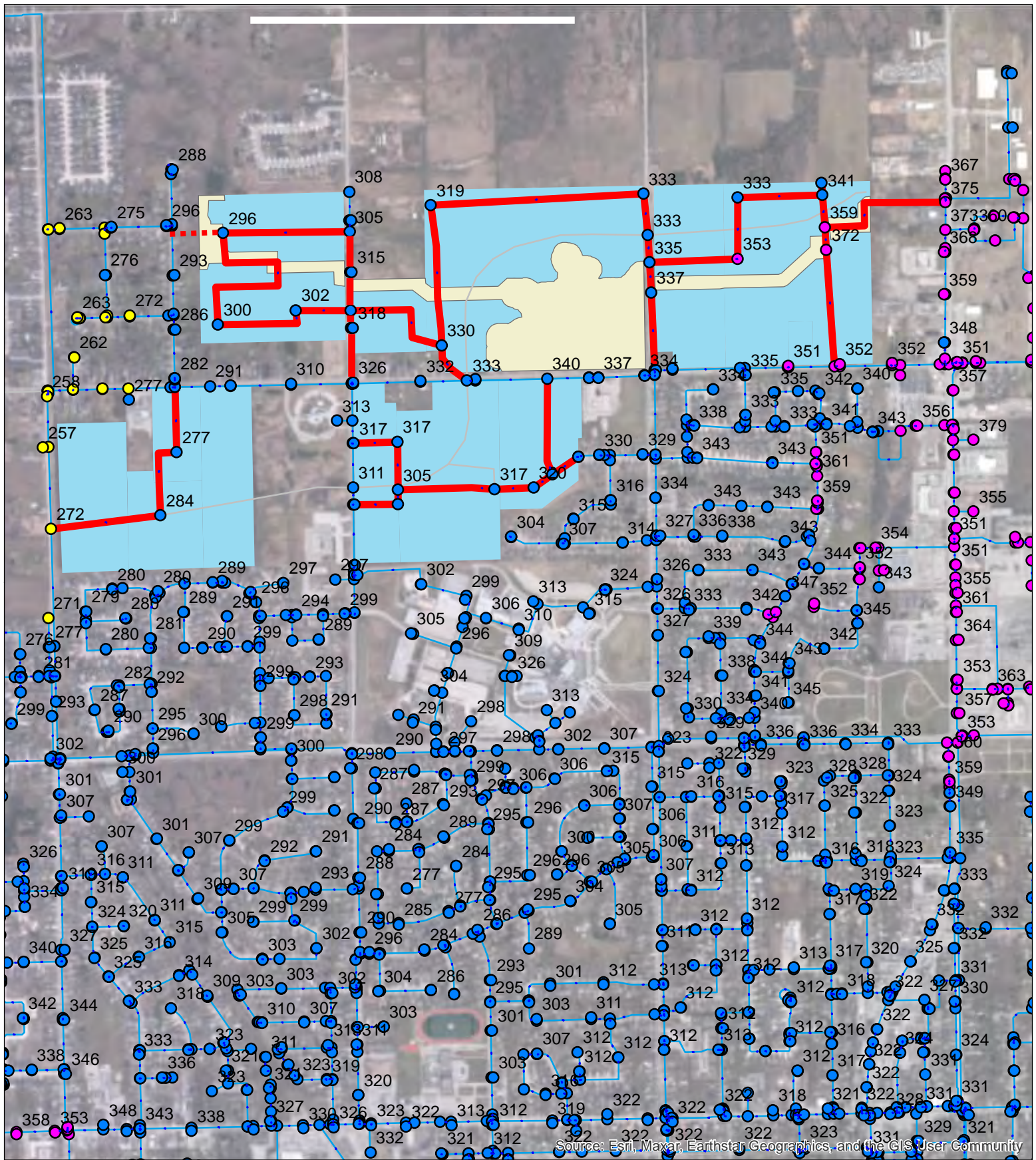




<p>Minimum Pressure (kPa)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> < 140 kPa 140 - 275 kPa 275 - 350 kPa 350 - 550 kPa 550 - 700 kPa > 700 kPa <p>Existing Watermain</p> <p>Proposed Development</p>	<div> <div> </div> <div> </div> <div> </div> </div> <p>Northwest Secondary Palm Municipal Servicing</p> <p>Future MDD without NWSP: Minimum Pressures</p> <p>Project No: 2023-5773 Date: March 2024</p> <p>Figure A-5</p>
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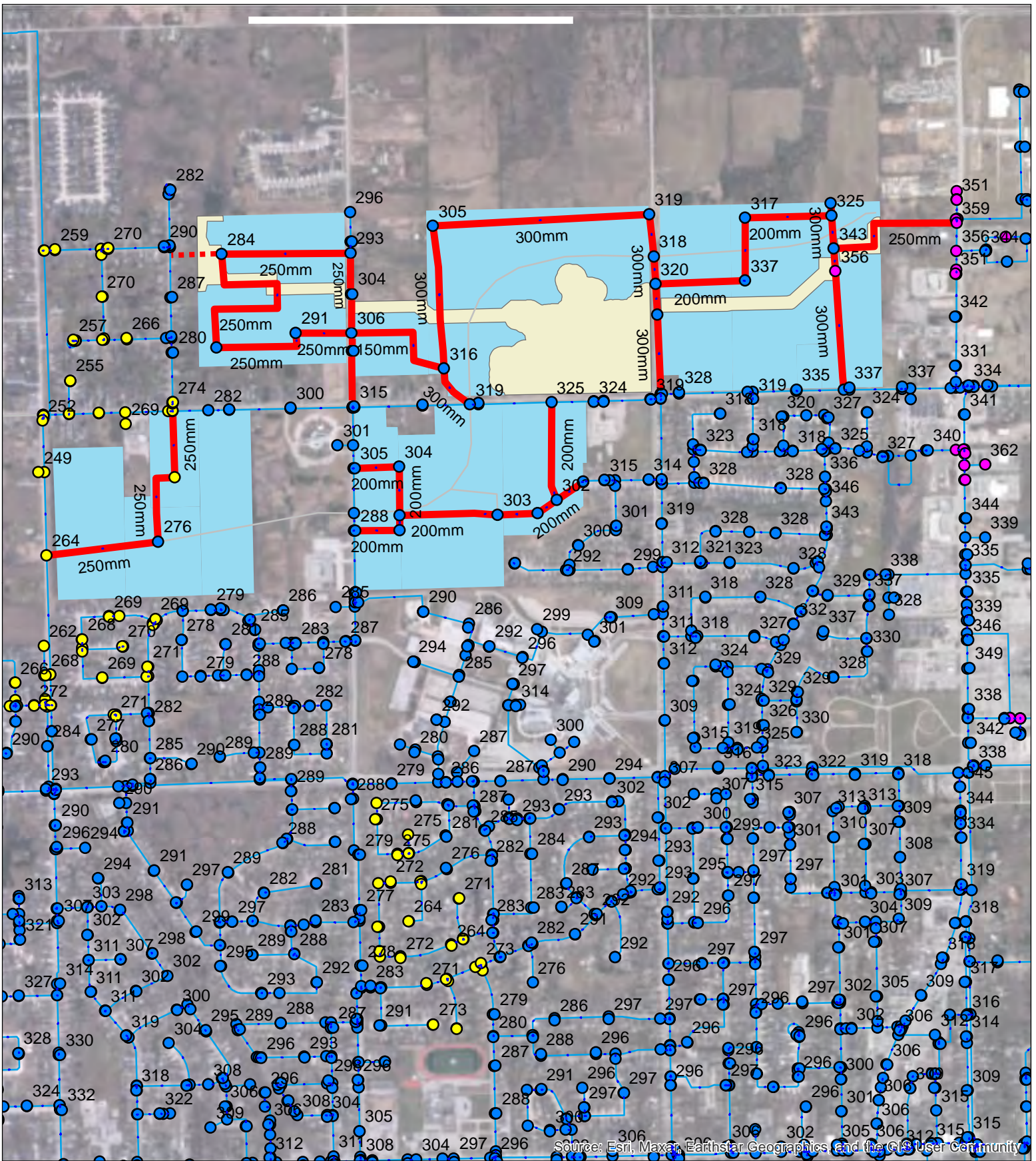


Source: Esri, Maxar, Earthstar, Geographics, and the GIS User Community



<p>Available Fire Flows (L/s)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> < 37 L/s 37 - 67 L/s 67 - 95 L/s 95 - 133 L/s > 133 L/s <p>Existing Watermain</p> <p>Proposed Development</p>	<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>Associated Engineering</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>BEST MANAGED COMPANIES</p> </div> </div> <p style="text-align: center;">Northwest Secondary Pain Municipal Servicing</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Future MDD+FF without NWSP : Available Fire Flows</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Project No: 2023-5773</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Date: March 2024</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Figure A-6</p>
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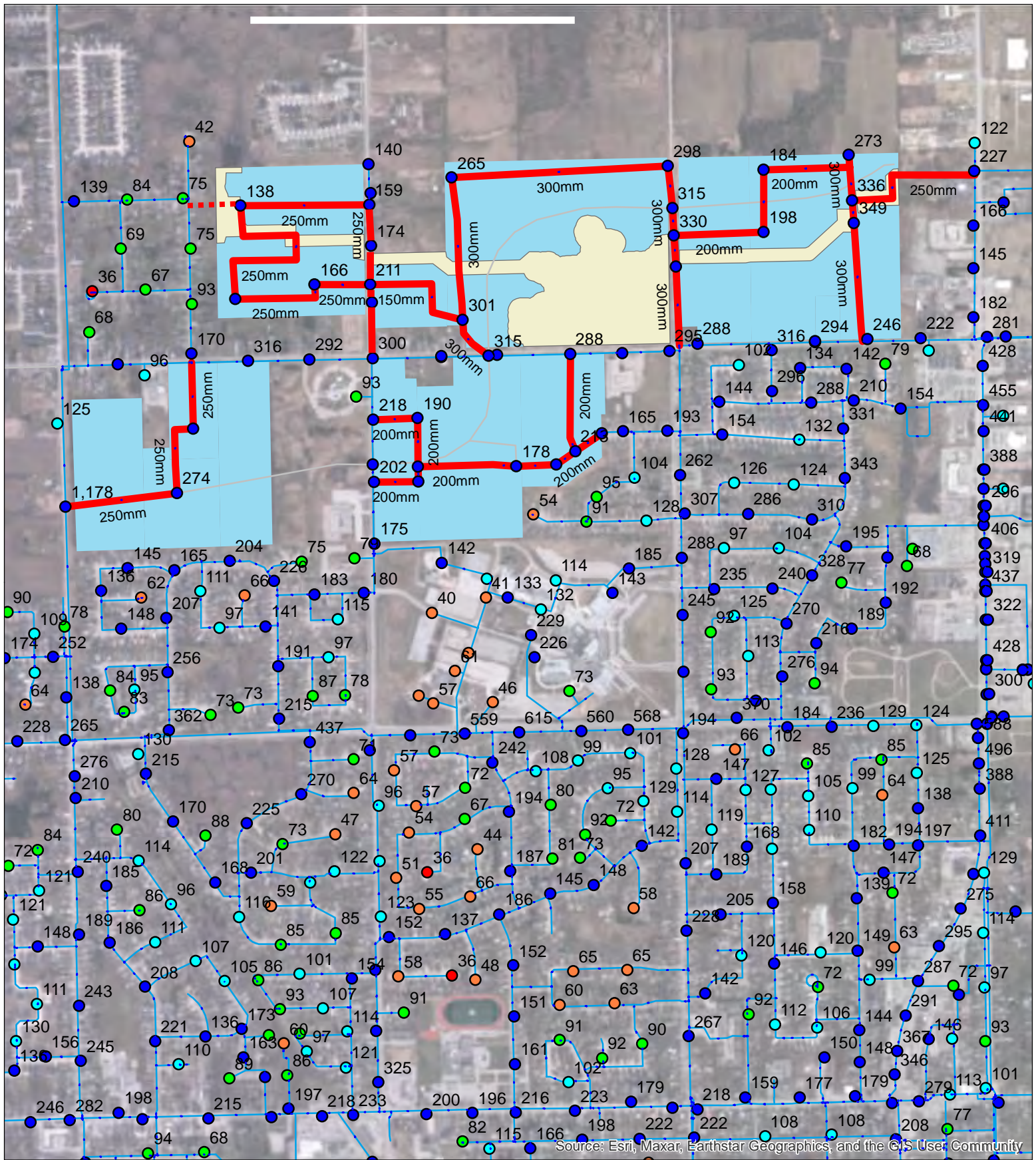


<p>Minimum Pressure (kPa)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> < 140 kPa 140 - 275 kPa 275 - 350 kPa 350 - 550 kPa 550 - 700 kPa >700 kPa <p>Existing Watermain</p> <p>Proposed Development</p> <p>Proposed Pipes for NWSP Development</p> <p>Potential Future Looping</p>	<div>   </div> <p>Northwest Secondary Palm Municipal Servicing</p> <p>Future ADD with NWSP: Minimum Pressures</p> <p>Project No: 2023-5773 Date: March 2024</p> <p>Figure A-7</p>
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Source: Esri, Maxar, Earthstar Geographics, and the GIS User Community

<p>Minimum Pressure (kPa)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> < 140 kPa 140 - 275 kPa 275 - 350 kPa 350 - 550 kPa 550 - 700 kPa >700 kPa 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Existing Watermain Proposed Development Proposed Pipes for NWSP Development Potential Future Looping 	<div>   </div> <p>Northwest Secondary Palm Municipal Servicing</p> <p>Future MDD with NWSP: Minimum Pressures</p> <div> <div> Project No: 2023-5773 Date: March 2024 </div> <div> Figure A-8 </div> </div>	
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Available Fire Flows (L/s)

- < 37 L/s
- 37 - 67 L/s
- 67 - 95 L/s
- 95 - 133 L/s
- > 133 L/s



Existing Watermain



Proposed Development



Proposed Pipes for NWSP Development



Potential Future Looping



Northwest Secondary Palm Municipal Servicing

Future MDD with NWSP: Available Fire Flows (L/s)

Project No: 2023-5773

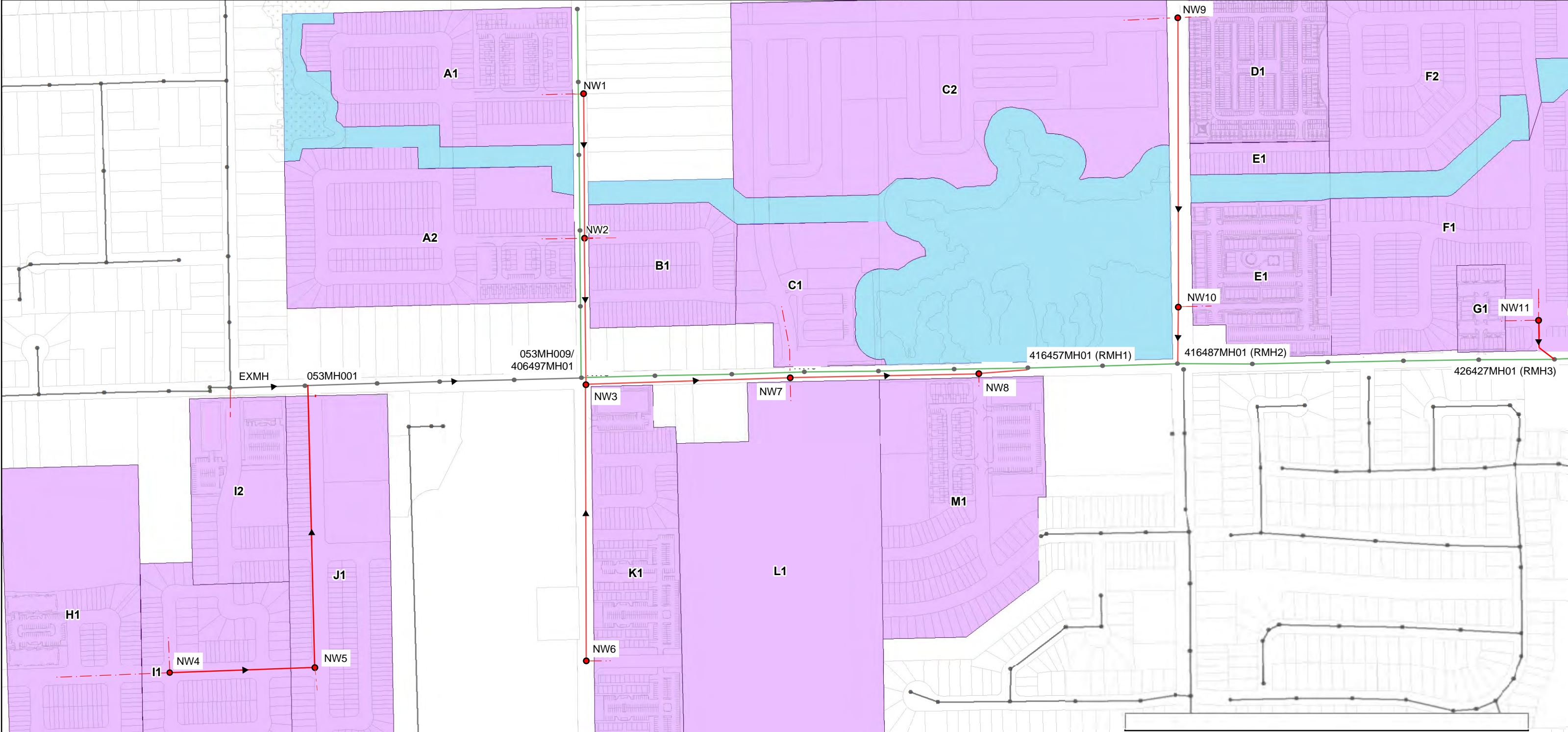
Date: March 2024

Figure A-9

APPENDIX B - SANITARY

Northwest Secondary Plan
Municipal Servicing
2041 Quaker Road to Towpath SPS Trunk Sewer Available Capacity

Pipe Segment ID	Full Flow Capacity (L/s)	2041 without Line Avenue Connection		2041 with Line Avenue Connection	
		Peak Flow 2041 (L/s)	Available Capacity (L/s)	Peak Flow 2041 (L/s)	Available Capacity (L/s)
19001374	608	146	462	276	332
19001375	547	146	401	276	271
19001376	383	147	236	277	106
19001377	495	147	348	277	218
19001378	446	147	299	277	169
19001366	282	125	157	124	158
19001367	327	126	201	125	202
19001365	313	124	189	124	189
19001364	370	124	246	123	247
19001363	353	123	230	122	231
19001379	639	147	492	277	362
19001380	623	147	476	277	346
19001381	540	148	392	278	262
19001382	729	148	581	278	451
19001383	452	148	304	278	174
19001384	720	149	571	279	441
19001385	747	149	598	279	468
19001386	638	149	489	279	359
19001387	588	149	439	279	309
19001388	638	150	488	280	358
19001389	816	150	666	280	536
19001390	671	170	501	300	371
19001391	731	170	561	300	431
19001392	718	170	548	300	418
19001393	731	170	561	300	431
19001394	717	170	547	300	417
19001395	714	170	544	300	414
19001396	733	170	563	300	433
19001397	844	170	674	300	544
19001398	708	170	538	300	408
19001399	740	170	570	300	440
19001400	718	170	548	300	418
19001401	718	170	548	300	418
19001402	918	170	748	300	618
19001403	917	170	747	300	617
19001404	907	170	737	300	607
19001405	401	171	230	301	100
19001406	923	171	752	301	622
19001407	1143	177	966	307	836
19001408	914	177	737	307	607
19001409	914	177	737	307	607
19001410	912	177	735	307	605
19001411	914	177	737	307	607
19001412	1125	220	905	350	775
19001413	889	220	669	350	539
19001519	3470	220	3250	350	3120
19001520	3544	220	3324	350	3194



Legend:

- Existing Manholes
- Proposed Manholes
- Existing Region Sewer
- Existing City Sewer
- Proposed City Sewer

- Catchment Areas
- Natural Area (Towpath Drain)

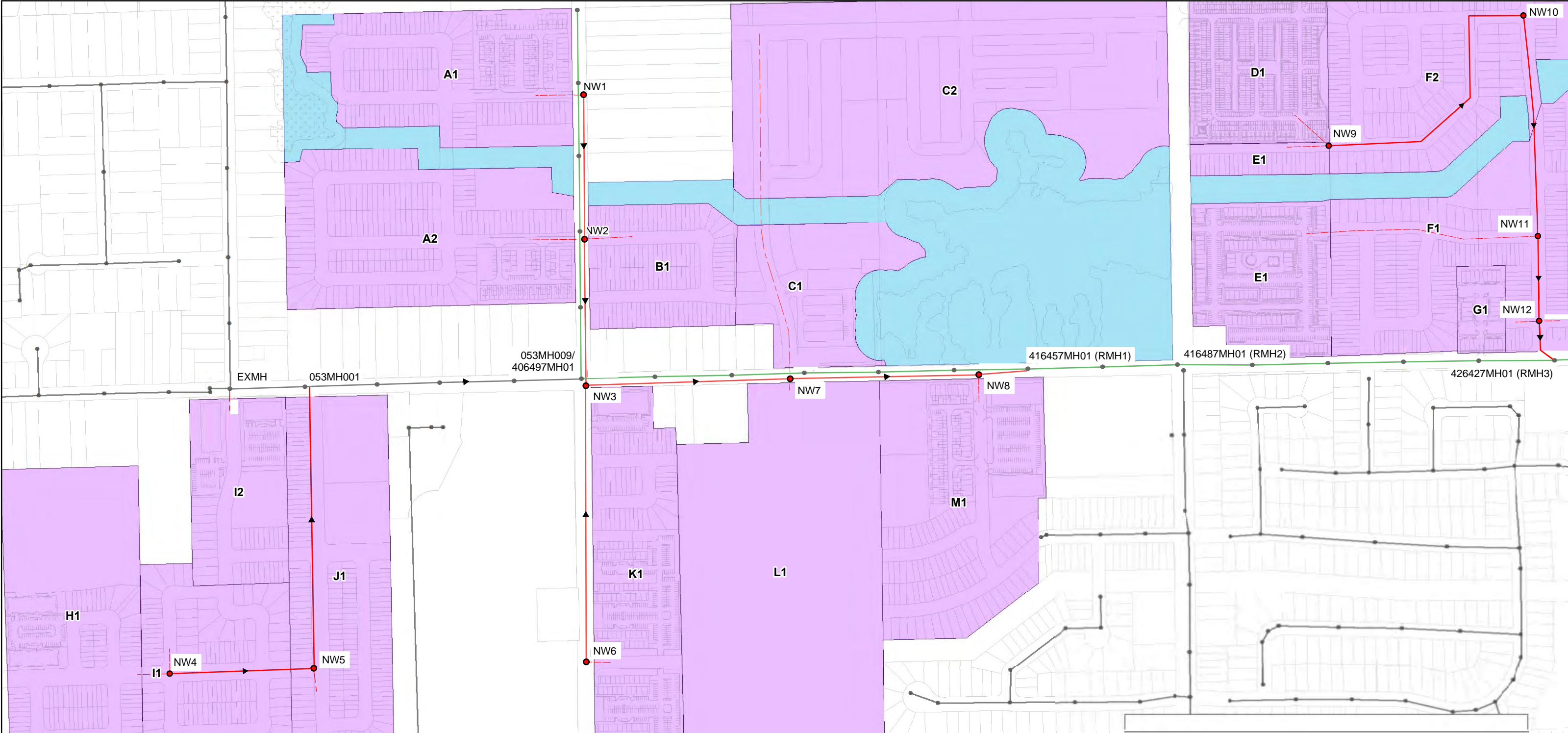


**Northwest Secondary Plan
Municipal Servicing**

Sanitary Sewer Design - Option 1

Project No: 2023-5773
Date: March 2024

Figure B-1



Legend:

- Existing Manholes
- Proposed Manholes
- Existing Region Sewer
- Existing City Sewer
- Proposed City Sewer

- Catchment Areas
- Natural Area (Towpath Drain)



**Northwest Secondary Plan
Municipal Servicing**

Sanitary Sewer Design - Option 2

Project No: 2023-5773
Date: March 2024

Figure B-2

SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET
Design Option - 1

Project: Welland Northwest Secondary Plan
Location:

Roughness Coefficient (n) = 0.013
Residential Per Capita Flow Rate = 0.00318287 L/cap/s (275 L/cap/day)
Infiltration Rate= 0.286 L/s/ha



LOCATION				NWSP POPULATION AND FLOW DATA											EX TRUNK FLOW		TOTAL (NWSP + EX)	SEWER DESIGN												
DESCRIPTION	DRAINAGE AREA	MAN-HOLE		INVERTS		LENGTH	AREA	POP	CUMULATIVE		AVG. DAILY FLOW	PEAKING FACTOR (PF = 1+14((4+P ^{1/2})/2))	PEAK FLOW (NO INFIL.)	INFILT. FLOW	PEAK FLOW (W/ INFIL.)	ADDITIONAL	CUMULATIVE	TOTAL PEAK FLOW	PIPE SIZE	ACTUAL SLOPE	APPROX. CRITICAL SLOPE	DESIGN SLOPE	Act. Dia.	PIPE AREA	HYD. RAD.	FULL FLOW VELOCITY	FULL FLOW CAPACITY	PERCENT FULL	CAPACITY CHECK	ACTUAL VELOCITY
		U/S	D/S	AREA	POP. Served				PEAK FLOW (FROM MODEL)	PEAK FLOW (FROM MODEL)																				
STREET	ID	FROM	TO			m	(ha)	(ppt)	(ha)	(ppt)	(l/s)	(dmm)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(mm)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(mm)	(m ²)	(m)	(m/s)	(L/s)	(%)		(m/s)
Rice Road (N of Quaker)	A1	NW1	NW2	182.30	181.02	200	6.0	532	6.0	532	1.69	3.96	6.71	1.72	8.43	0.0	0.0	8.4	200	0.64	1.54	0.64	203.2	0.032	0.051	0.84	27.4	30.8	OK	0.65
Rice Road (N of Quaker)	A2, B1	NW2	NW3	181.02	180.10	197	10.6	868	16.6	1400	4.46	3.70	16.49	4.76	21.25	0.0	0.0	21.2	250	0.47	1.43	0.47	254.0	0.051	0.064	0.84	42.5	50.0	OK	0.74
Kaywood Crt.				188.89	188.47	65	0.5	15	0.5	15	0.05	4.00	0.19	0.14	0.33	0.0	0.0	0.3	200	0.65	1.54	0.65	203.2	0.032	0.051	0.85	27.6	1.2	OK	0.20
Quaker Road (School/Daycare)							1.6	500	1.6	500	0.36	3.97	1.41	0.47	1.88	0.0	0.0	1.9												
Montgomery (end to Summerlea)				186.53	186.10	179	3.0	25	3.0	25	0.08	4.00	0.32	0.86	1.18	0.0	0.0	1.2	250	0.24	1.43	0.24	254.0	0.051	0.064	0.60	30.4	3.9	OK	0.24
Topham/Crear/Summerlea				188.66	186.12	420	10.9	148	10.9	148	0.47	4.00	1.88	3.12	5.00	0.0	0.0	5.0	250	0.60	1.43	0.60	254.0	0.051	0.064	0.95	48.1	10.4	OK	0.53
Montgomery (Summerlea to Quaker)		EXMH		186.08	185.03	423	5.7	78	19.6	250	0.80	4.00	3.18	5.61	8.79	0.0	0.0	8.8	250	0.25	1.43	0.25	254.0	0.051	0.064	0.61	31.0	28.3	OK	0.46
Quaker Road (Line to Kaywood)				188.89	188.42	53	0.7	13	0.7	13	0.04	4.00	0.16	0.20	0.36	0.0	0.0	0.4	200	0.89	1.54	0.89	203.2	0.032	0.051	1.00	32.3	1.1	OK	0.21
Quaker Road (Kaywood to Montgomery)		EXMH		188.41	184.55	270	3.4	38	4.6	565	2.15	3.95	8.50	1.32	9.82	0.0	0.0	9.8	250	1.43	1.43	1.43	254.0	0.051	0.064	1.46	74.2	13.2	OK	0.88
Quaker Road (W of Rice)	I2	EXMH	053MH001	184.52	183.93	104	3.4	330	27.6	1145	4.00	3.76	15.05	7.90	22.95	0.0	0.0	22.9	300	0.57	1.34	0.57	304.8	0.073	0.076	1.04	76.2	30.1	OK	0.80
NWSP (W of Rice, S of Quaker)	H1, I1	NW4	NW5	186.40	185.40	210	13.8	938	13.8	938	2.99	3.82	11.40	3.94	15.34	0.0	0.0	15.3	200	0.48	1.54	0.48	203.2	0.032	0.051	0.73	23.7	64.7	OK	0.69
NWSP (W of Rice, S of Quaker)	J1	NW5	053MH001	185.40	183.90	389	7.0	454	20.8	1392	4.43	3.70	16.41	5.96	22.36	0.0	0.0	22.4	250	0.39	1.43	0.39	254.0	0.051	0.064	0.76	38.7	57.7	OK	0.70
Quaker Road (W of Rice)	-	053MH001	053MH009 / 406497MH01	183.88	181.64	385	3.5	33	51.9	2570	8.54	3.50	29.87	14.86	44.72	0.0	0.0	44.7	300	0.58	1.34	0.58	304.8	0.073	0.076	1.05	76.8	58.2	OK	0.97
Rice Road (S of Quaker)	K1	NW6	NW3	184.50	180.10	387	5.7	1229	5.7	1229	3.91	3.74	14.63	1.64	16.27	0.0	0.0	16.3	200	1.14	1.54	1.14	203.2	0.032	0.051	1.13	36.5	44.5	OK	0.96
Quaker Road (Rice to W of First)	-	NW3	NW7	180.10	179.24	287	-	-	22.4	2629	8.37	3.49	29.21	6.40	35.60	0.0	0.0	35.6	300	0.30	1.34	0.30	304.8	0.073	0.076	0.76	55.3	64.4	OK	0.71
Quaker Road (Rice to W of First)	C1, L1	NW7	NW8	179.24	178.72	261	16.6	1842	39.0	4471	14.23	3.29	46.81	11.15	57.96	0.0	0.0	58.0	375	0.20	1.25	0.20	381.0	0.114	0.095	0.72	81.8	70.9	OK	0.69
Quaker Road (Rice to W of First)	M1	NW8	416457MH01 (RMH1)	178.72	178.58	69	7.1	661	46.0	5132	16.33	3.23	52.83	13.17	66.00	0.0	0.0	66.0	450	0.20	1.17	0.20	457.2	0.164	0.114	0.81	133.0	49.6	OK	0.71
Flows from Hurricane SPS/Rice Road (North)	-	-	053MH009 / 406497MH01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97.7	97.7	97.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Flows from West of Quaker and Rice (from Line Ave)	-	-	053MH009 / 406497MH01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79.1	79.1	79.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Quaker Road (Region Trunk E of Rice)	-	053MH009 / 406497MH01	416457MH01 (RMH1)	179.94	178.58	618	-	-	51.9	2570	8.54	3.50	29.87	14.86	44.72	0.0	176.8	221.5	750	0.22	0.99	0.22	762.0	0.456	0.191	1.19	544.8	40.7	OK	1.00
Quaker Road (W of First to First)	-	416457MH01 (RMH1)	416487MH01 (RMH2)	178.58	178.25	207	-	-	98.0	7702	24.87	3.07	76.26	28.02	104.29	0.0	176.8	281.1	750	0.16	0.99	0.16	762.0	0.456	0.191	1.02	464.6	60.5	OK	0.95
First Ave (N of Quaker)	C2, D1, F2	NW9	NW10	179.40	178.41	393	26.1	3223	26.1	3223	10.26	3.42	35.04	7.47	42.51	0.0	0.0	42.5	375	0.25	1.25	0.25	381.0	0.114	0.095	0.80	91.5	46.5	OK	0.69
First Ave (N of Quaker)	E1	NW10	416487MH01 (RMH2)	178.41	178.25	80	4.8	1123	30.9	4346	13.83	3.30	45.66	8.83	54.49	0.0	0.0	54.5	375	0.20	1.25	0.20	381.0	0.114	0.095	0.72	81.8	66.6	OK	0.68
Quaker Road (First to W of Niagara)	-	416487MH01 (RMH2)	426427MH01 (RMH3)	178.25	177.07	521	-	-	128.9	12048	38.70	2.87	111.23	36.86	148.09	3.0	179.8	327.9	750	0.23	0.99	0.23	762.0	0.456	0.191	1.22	557.0	58.9	OK	1.13
NWSP (N of Quaker, E of First)	F1, G1	NW11	426427MH01 (RMH3)	177.29	177.07	50	10.9	980	10.9	980	3.12	3.81	11.87	3.13	15.00	0.0	0.0	15.0	200	0.44	1.54	0.44	203.2	0.032	0.051	0.70	22.7	66.1	OK	0.67
Quaker Road (W of Niagara to Towpath)	-	426427MH01 (RMH3)	436437MH03	177.07	171.78	1320	-	-	139.8	13028	41.82	2.84	118.77	39.99	158.76	28.8	208.6	367.4	750	0.40	0.99	0.40	762.0	0.456	0.191	1.61	734.5	50.0	OK	1.42
Towpath (to SPS)	-	436540MH01	446525MH01	171.05	169.40	1002	-	-	139.8	13028	41.82	2.84	118.77	39.99	158.76	98.1	306.7	465.5	900	0.16	0.93	0.16	914.4	0.657	0.229	1.15	755.4	61.6	OK	1.07

- Notes:
1. Residential design flows as per UCC
 2. Slopes approximate; calculated based on length
 3. Infiltration rate is 0.286 as per Region Master Plan Update 2021
 4. Peak Factors for NWSP Flows as per Harmon's Formula
 5. Population for NWSP as per UCC
 6. All other peak flows as per All Pipe Model
 7. Assume population density for existing residential single family home is 2.5p/household
 8. School and daycare flows as per Building Code Table 8.2.1.3.B

SANITARY SEWER DESIGN SHEET
Design Option - 2

Project: Welland Northwest Secondary Plan
Location:

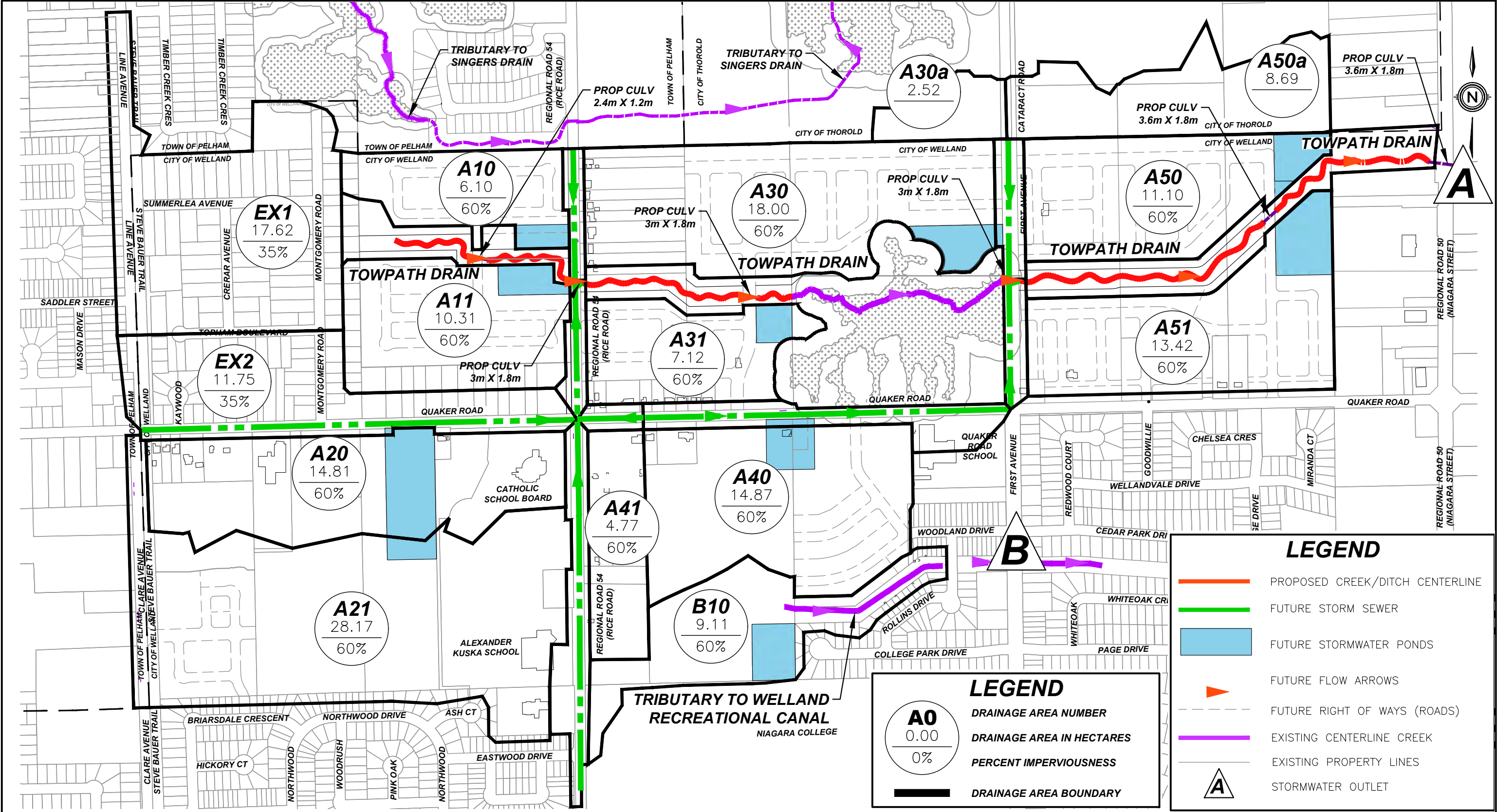
Roughness Coefficient (n) = 0.013
Residential Per Capita Flow Rate = 0.00318287 L/cap/s (275 L/cap/day)
Infiltration Rate= 0.286 L/s/ha



DESCRIPTION	LOCATION			NWSP POPULATION AND FLOW DATA										EX TRUNK FLOW		TOTAL (NWSP + EX)	SEWER DESIGN													
	DRAINAGE AREA	MANHOLE		INVERTS		LENGTH	AREA	POP	CUMULATIVE		AVG. DAILY FLOW	PEAKING FACTOR (PF = 1+14((4+P ^{1/2})/Z))	PEAK FLOW (NO INFIL.)	INFILT. FLOW	PEAK FLOW (W/ INFIL.)	ADDITIONAL	CUMULATIVE	TOTAL PEAK FLOW	PIPE SIZE	ACTUAL SLOPE	APPROX. CRITICAL SLOPE	DESIGN SLOPE	Act Dia.	PIPE AREA	HYD. RAD.	FULL FLOW VELOCITY	FULL FLOW CAPACITY	PERCENT FULL	CAPACITY CHECK	ACTUAL VELOCITY
				U/S	D/S				AREA	POP. Served						PEAK FLOW (FROM MODEL)	PEAK FLOW (FROM MODEL)													
STREET	ID	FROM	TO			m	(ha)	(pop)	(ha)	(pop)	(l/s)	(dmm)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(L/s)	(mm)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(mm)	(m ²)	(m)	(m/s)	(L/s)	(%)		(m/s)
Rice Road (N of Quaker)	A1	NW1	NW2	182.30	181.02	200	6.0	532	6.0	532	1.69	3.96	6.71	1.72	8.43	0.0	0.0	8.4	200	0.64	1.54	0.64	203.2	0.032	0.051	0.84	27.4	30.8	OK	0.65
Rice Road (N of Quaker)	A2, B1	NW2	NW3	181.02	180.10	197	10.6	868	16.6	1400	4.46	3.70	16.49	4.76	21.24	0.0	0.0	21.2	250	0.47	1.43	0.47	254.0	0.051	0.064	0.84	42.5	50.0	OK	0.74
Keywood Crt.				188.89	188.47	65	0.5	15	0.5	15	0.05	4.00	0.19	0.14	0.33	0.0	0.0	0.3	200	0.65	1.54	0.65	203.2	0.032	0.051	0.85	27.6	1.2	OK	0.20
Quaker Road (School/Daycare)							1.6	500	1.6	500	0.36	3.97	1.41	0.47	1.88	0.0	0.0	1.9												
Montgomery (end to Summerlea)				186.53	186.10	179	3.0	25	3.0	25	0.08	4.00	0.32	0.86	1.18	0.0	0.0	1.2	250	0.24	1.43	0.24	254.0	0.051	0.064	0.60	30.4	3.9	OK	0.24
Topham/Crear/Summerlea				188.66	186.12	420	10.9	148	10.9	148	0.47	4.00	1.88	3.12	5.00	0.0	0.0	5.0	250	0.60	1.43	0.60	254.0	0.051	0.064	0.95	48.1	10.4	OK	0.53
Montgomery (Summerlea to Quaker)		EXMH		186.08	185.03	423	5.7	78	19.6	250	0.80	4.00	3.18	5.61	8.79	0.0	0.0	8.8	250	0.25	1.43	0.25	254.0	0.051	0.064	0.61	31.0	28.3	OK	0.46
Quaker Road (Line to Kaywood)				188.89	188.42	53	0.7	13	0.7	13	0.04	4.00	0.16	0.20	0.36	0.0	0.0	0.4	200	0.89	1.54	0.89	203.2	0.032	0.051	1.00	32.3	1.1	OK	0.21
Quaker Road (Kaywood to Montgomery)		EXMH		188.41	184.55	270	3.4	38	4.6	565	2.15	3.95	8.50	1.32	9.82	0.0	0.0	9.8	250	1.43	1.43	1.43	254.0	0.051	0.064	1.46	74.2	13.2	OK	0.88
Quaker Road (W of Rice)	I2	EXMH	053MH001	184.52	183.93	104	3.4	330	27.6	1145	4.00	3.76	15.05	7.90	22.95	0.0	0.0	22.9	300	0.57	1.34	0.57	304.8	0.073	0.076	1.04	76.2	30.1	OK	0.80
NWSP (W of Rice, S of Quaker)	H1, I1	NW4	NW5	186.40	185.40	210	13.8	938	13.8	938	2.99	3.82	11.40	3.95	15.35	0.0	0.0	15.3	200	0.48	1.54	0.48	203.2	0.032	0.051	0.73	23.7	64.7	OK	0.69
NWSP (W of Rice, S of Quaker)	J1	NW5	053MH001	185.40	183.90	389	7.0	454	20.8	1392	4.43	3.70	16.41	5.96	22.37	0.0	0.0	22.4	250	0.39	1.43	0.39	254.0	0.051	0.064	0.76	38.7	57.7	OK	0.70
Quaker Road (W of Rice)	-	053MH001	053MH009 / 406497MH01	183.88	181.64	385	3.5	33	52.0	2571	8.54	3.50	29.87	14.86	44.73	0.0	0.0	44.7	300	0.58	1.34	0.58	304.8	0.073	0.076	1.05	76.8	58.2	OK	0.97
Rice Road (S of Quaker)	K1	NW6	NW3	184.50	180.10	387	5.7	1229	5.7	1229	3.91	3.74	14.63	1.64	16.27	0.0	0.0	16.3	200	1.14	1.54	1.14	203.2	0.032	0.051	1.13	36.5	44.5	OK	0.96
Quaker Road (Rice to W of First)	-	NW3	NW7	180.10	179.24	287	-	-	22.4	2629	8.37	3.49	29.21	6.39	35.60	0.0	0.0	35.6	300	0.30	1.34	0.30	304.8	0.073	0.076	0.76	55.3	64.4	OK	0.71
Quaker Road (Rice to W of First)	C1, C2, L1	NW7	NW8	179.24	178.72	261	31.2	3640	53.5	6269	19.95	3.15	62.90	15.31	78.21	0.0	0.0	78.2	450	0.20	1.17	0.20	457.2	0.164	0.114	0.81	133.0	58.8	OK	0.75
Quaker Road (Rice to W of First)	M1	NW8	416457MH01 (RMH1)	178.72	178.58	69	7.1	661	60.6	6930	22.06	3.11	68.61	17.32	85.94	0.0	0.0	85.9	450	0.20	1.17	0.20	457.2	0.164	0.114	0.81	133.0	64.6	OK	0.77
Flows from Hurricane SPS/Rice Road (North)	-	-	053MH009 / 406497MH01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	97.7	97.7	97.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Flows from West of Quaker and Rice (from Line Ave)	-	-	053MH009 / 406497MH01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79.1	79.1	79.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Quaker Road (Region Trunk E of Rice)	-	053MH009 / 406497MH01	416457MH01 (RMH1)	179.94	178.58	618	-	-	52.0	2571	8.54	3.50	29.87	14.86	44.73	0.0	176.8	221.5	750	0.22	0.99	0.22	762.0	0.456	0.191	1.19	544.8	40.7	OK	1.00
Quaker Road (W of First to W of Niagara)	-	416457MH01 (RMH1)	426427MH01 (RMH3)	178.58	177.07	728	-	-	112.5	9500	30.59	2.98	91.07	32.18	123.26	3.0	179.8	303.1	750	0.21	0.99	0.21	762.0	0.456	0.191	1.17	532.2	56.9	OK	1.07
NWSP (N of Quaker, E of First)	D1, E1	NW9	NW10	179.99	178.32	408	4.9	1089	4.9	1089	3.47	3.78	13.09	1.40	14.49	0.0	0.0	14.5	200	0.41	1.54	0.41	203.2	0.032	0.051	0.68	21.9	66.1	OK	0.64
NWSP (N of Quaker, E of First)	F2	NW10	NW11	178.32	177.40	306	7.4	417	12.3	1506	4.79	3.68	17.64	3.53	21.17	0.0	0.0	21.2	250	0.30	1.43	0.30	254.0	0.051	0.064	0.67	34.0	62.3	OK	0.63
NWSP (N of Quaker, E of First)	E2, F1	NW11	NW12	177.40	177.17	117	14.2	1753	26.5	3259	10.37	3.41	35.39	7.58	42.97	0.0	0.0	43.0	375	0.20	1.25	0.20	381.0	0.114	0.095	0.72	81.8	52.5	OK	0.64
NWSP (N of Quaker, E of First)	G1	NW12	426427MH01 (RMH3)	177.17	177.07	50	0.8	269	27.3	3528	11.23	3.38	37.97	7.81	45.78	0.0	0.0	45.8	375	0.20	1.25	0.20	381.0	0.114	0.095	0.72	81.8	56.0	OK	0.65
Quaker Road (W of Niagara to Towpath)	-	426427MH01 (RMH3)	436437MH03	177.07	171.78	1320	-	-	139.8	13029	41.82	2.84	118.77	39.99	158.77	28.8	208.6	367.4	750	0.40	0.99	0.40	762.0	0.456	0.191	1.61	734.5	50.0	OK	1.42
Towpath (to SPS)	-	436540MH01	446525MH01	171.05	169.40	1002	-	-	139.8	13029	41.82	2.84	118.77	39.99	158.77	98.1	306.7	465.5	900	0.16	0.93	0.16	914.4	0.657	0.229	1.15	755.4	61.6	OK	1.07

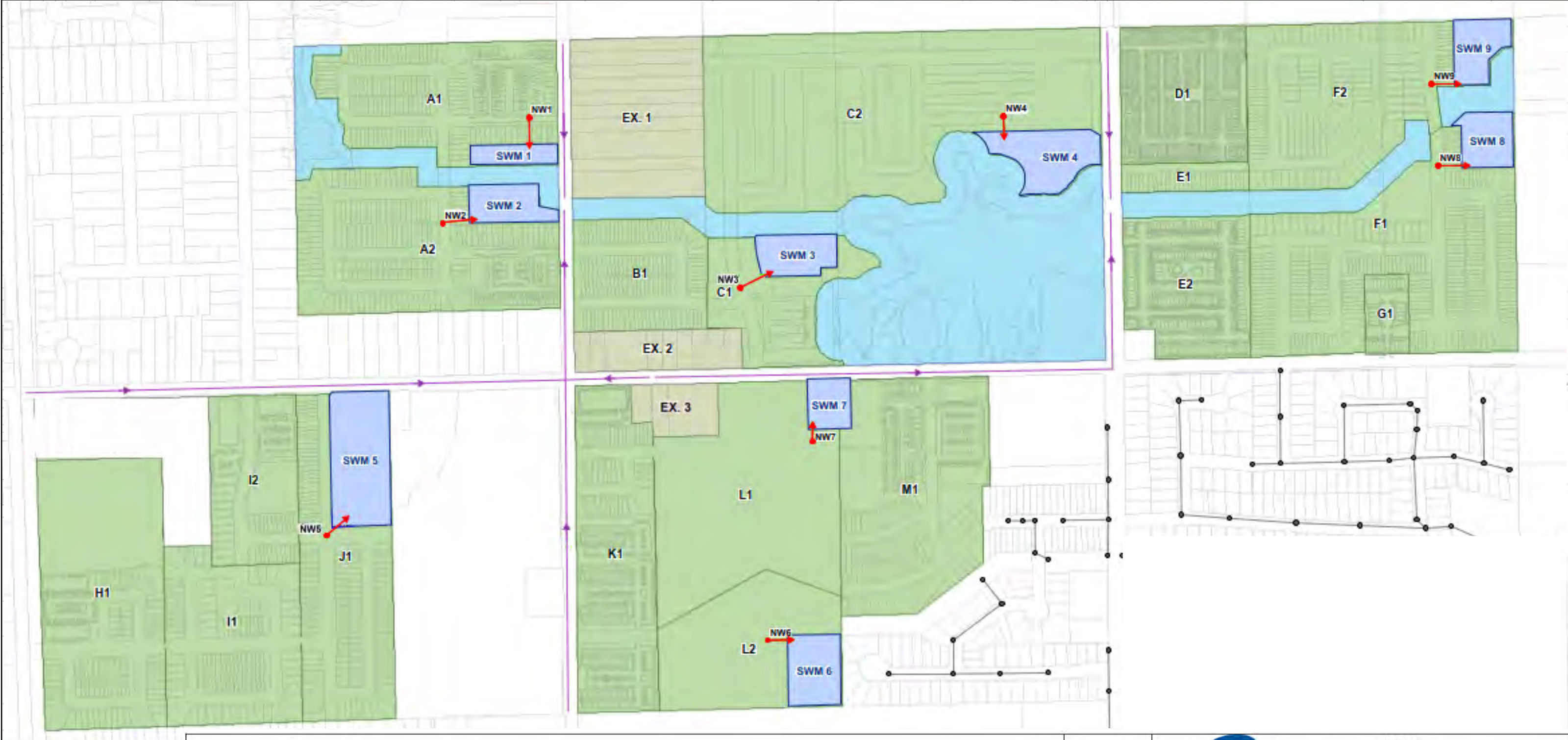
- Notes:
1. Residential design flows as per UCC
 2. Slopes approximate; calculated based on length
 3. Infiltration rate is 0.286 as per Region Master Plan Update 2021
 4. Peak Factors for NWSP Flows as per Harmon's Formula
 5. Population for NWSP as per UCC
 6. All other peak flows as per All Pipe Model
 7. Assume population density for existing residential single family home is 2.5p/household
 8. School and daycare flows as per Building Code Table 8.2.1.3.B

APPENDIX C - STORM



**NORTHWEST WELLAND STORMWATER MANAGEMENT
IMPLEMENTATION PLAN**
CITY OF WELLAND
ULTIMATE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

DATE	2022-10-12
SCALE	1:7000
REF No.	21243
DWG No.	FIGURE 10



Legend:

- Proposed Manholes
- Proposed Storm Outlet
- Future Trunk Storm
- Existing Manholes
- Existing Storm Sewer

- Proposed SWM Ponds
- Proposed SWM Catchment
- Existing SWM Catchment



**Northwest Secondary Plan
Municipal Servicing**

Storm Sewer Design

Project No: 2023-5773
Date: November 2023

Figure C-2

STORM SEWER DESIGN SHEET



Q=2.78AiR A = Area (ha) R = Runoff Coefficient T _c = Time of Concentration i = Avg Rainfall Intensity (mm/hr) = a / (T _c +c) ^b				Storm Event = 5.00 Years a b c 830 0.777 7.3 n = 0.013										Northwest Secondary Plan Municipal Servicing										JOB No.: 2023-5773				
DEVELOPMENT DATA				DESIGN DATA						PIPE DATA																		
AREA NO	FROM	TO	AREA (ha)	RUNOFF COEFF. R	A * R	ACCUM A * R	TIME OF CONC. (min)	INTENSITY i (mm/hr)	PEAK FLOW (l/s)	PIPE DIA (mm)	SLOPE (%)	CRITICAL SLOPE (%)	DESIGN SLOPE (%)	LENGTH (m)	FLOW FULL (l/s)	VEL FULL (m/s)	TRAVEL TIME (min)	% FULL										
Pond 1																												
A1	NW1	SWM 1	5.70	0.53	3.006	3.006	12.00	83.21	695.399	900	0.20	0.93	0.20	40	809.60	1.27	0.52	85.89										
Pond 2																												
A2	NW2	SWM2	7.33	0.52	3.775	3.775	12.00	83.21	873.297	900	0.30	0.93	0.30	40	991.55	1.56	0.43	88.07										
Pond 3																												
B1, Ex.2, C1	NW3	SWM3	8.50	0.49	4.193	4.193	12.00	83.21	969.880	1050	0.30	0.89	0.30	40	1495.68	1.73	0.39	64.85										
Pond 4																												
Ex. 1, C2	NW4	SWM4	18.00	0.50	9.034	9.034	15.00	74.38	1867.971	1200	0.30	0.85	0.30	40	2135.42	1.89	0.35	87.48										
Pond 5																												
H1, I1, I2, J1	NW5	SWM5	21.77	0.51	11.131	11.131	15.00	74.38	2301.570	1350	0.30	0.81	0.30	40	2923.42	2.04	0.33	78.73										
Pond 6																												
L2	NW6	SWM6	3.88	0.50	1.940	1.940	12.00	83.21	448.794	750	0.30	0.99	0.30	40	609.77	1.38	0.48	73.60										
Pond 7																												
K1, Ex.3, L1, M1	NW7	SWM7	22.90	0.53	12.041	12.041	15.00	74.38	2489.732	1350	0.30	0.81	0.30	40	2923.42	2.04	0.33	85.17										
Pond 8																												
E2, F1, G1	NW8	SWM8	14.31	0.53	7.634	7.634	15.00	74.38	1578.491	1200	0.30	0.85	0.30	116	2135.42	1.89	1.02	73.92										
Pond 9																												
D1, E1, F2	NW9	SWM9	13.14	0.53	6.975	6.975	15.00	74.38	1442.229	1200	0.30	0.85	0.30	116	2135.42	1.89	1.02	67.54										

APPENDIX D - COST ESTIMATE DETAIL

Northwest Welland Secondary Plan
Municipal Servicing

Preliminary Cost Estimate

Watermain				
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
150mm PVC DR18 Watermain	8420	m	\$455	\$3,831,100
150mm Gate Valve & Box	92	each	\$3,250	\$299,000
200 mm PVC DR18 Watermain	1645	m	\$520	\$855,400
200mm Gate Valve & Box	20	each	\$4,225	\$84,500
250 mm PVC DR18 Watermain	2480	m	\$620	\$1,537,600
250mm Gate Valve & Box	24	each	\$5,200	\$124,800
300mm PVC DR18 Watermain	1985	m	\$845	\$1,677,325
300mm Gate Valve & Box	22	each	\$7,150	\$157,300
Water Services	4350	each	\$2,600	\$11,310,000
Hydrants	97	each	\$9,750	\$945,750
Connect to Existing	13	each	\$6,500	\$84,500
Granular A	87500	t	\$35	\$3,062,500
Other General Construction	1	LS	\$2,397,000	\$2,397,000
Subtotal				\$26,366,775
Contingency (15% of subtotal)				\$3,955,100
Engineering (10% of subtotal)				\$2,636,700
Total				\$32,958,575
Rounded Total				\$33,000,000

Sanitary Sewer				
Item	Quantity	Unit	Unit Price	Cost
200mm PVC DR35	13,620	m	\$490	\$6,673,800
250mm PVC DR35	586	m	\$585	\$342,810
375mm PVC DR35	734	m	\$975	\$715,650
450mm PVC DR35	69	m	\$1,175	\$81,075
Maintenance Hole Structure	134	each	\$13,000	\$1,742,000
Sanitary Laterals	4,350	each	\$3,900	\$16,965,000
Connect to Existing Trunk	3	each	\$6,500	\$19,500
Granular A	176,700	t	\$35	\$6,184,500
Flush & CCTV (end of construction)	15,009	m	\$20	\$300,180
Flush & CCTV (end of maintenance)	15,009	m	\$20	\$300,180
Other General Construction	1	LS	\$3,332,500	\$3,332,500
Subtotal				\$36,657,195
Contingency (15% of subtotal)				\$5,498,600
Engineering (10% of subtotal)				\$3,665,800
Total				\$45,821,595
Rounded Total				\$45,900,000

Northwest Welland Secondary Plan
Municipal Servicing

Preliminary Cost Estimate

Storm Sewer				
450mm PVC DR35 Ultra Rib	2204	m	\$455	\$1,002,820
525mm PVC DR35 Ultra Rib	2515	m	\$520	\$1,307,800
600mm CONC	2661	m	\$585	\$1,556,685
675mm CONC	81	m	\$815	\$66,015
750mm CONC	902	m	\$1,025	\$924,550
825mm CONC	554	m	\$1,175	\$650,950
900mm CONC	1015	m	\$1,380	\$1,400,700
1050mm CONC	941	m	\$1,775	\$1,670,275
1200mm CONC	332	m	\$2,190	\$727,080
1350mm CONC	80	m	\$2,795	\$223,600
1200mm Diameter MH	68	each	\$13,000	\$884,000
1500mm Diameter CBMH	13	each	\$18,200	\$236,600
1800mm Diameter CBMH	18	each	\$20,800	\$374,400
2400mm Diameter CBMH	2	each	\$24,700	\$49,400
Catchbasin	380	each	\$4,175	\$1,586,500
Catchbasin leads	1900	m	\$490	\$931,000
Granular A	95800	t	\$35	\$3,353,000
Flush & CCTV (end of construction)	11285	m	\$20	\$225,700
Flush & CCTV (end of maintenance)	11285	m	\$20	\$225,700
Other General Construction	1	LS	\$1,739,700	\$1,739,700
Subtotal				\$19,136,475
Contingency (15% of subtotal)				\$2,870,500
Engineering (10% of subtotal)				\$1,913,700
Total				\$23,920,675
Rounded Total				\$24,000,000